## IN THE SECURITIES AND FUTURES APPEALS TRIBUNAL

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IN THE MATTER OF a Decision made by the Securities and Futures Commission under sections 194 and 196 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Cap. 571

AND IN THE MATTER OF section 217 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Cap. 571

**BETWEEN** 

CHOI CHI KIN, CALVIN

**Applicant** 

and

SECURITIES AND FUTURES COMMISSION

Respondent

\_\_\_\_\_

Tribunal: Mr. Michael Lunn, GBS, Chairman

Date of Hearing: 12 to 16 December 2022

Date of Reasons for Determination: 29 September 2023

**REASONS FOR DETERMINATION** 

## Index

	<u>Description</u>	Paragraphs
Part 1	Introduction	1-30
	The Notice of Application for Review	1-5
	The Decision Notice and NPDA	6-10
	- Dramatis personae	11-30
	Mr. Calvin Choi	11-13
	Mr. Gao Yu and Mr. Kingsley Chan	14
	Mr. Howard Cong Lin	15
	• Mr. Devon Fu	16-30
Part 2	The Law	31-41
	The nature of the review	31
	The burden of proof	32
	The standard of proof	33
	Inferences	34-37
	- the failure to call a witness	
	Misconduct - s.193(3) - Codes of Conduct	38-39
	Fit and proper person - ss.194(3) and 196(3)	40-41
Part 3	The ambit of the Review: Mr. Choi's personal and familial connections with the LR Capital Group	42-114
	Background: statements made by the SFC in the NPDA and Decision Notice; Mr. Choi's written Representations	43-44
	SFC's case in the Tribunal	45-49
	Issues arising	50-51
	Expungement application by Mr. Choi to excise passages in the witness statement of Andy Lee of his familial connections with LR Capital	52-56
	Mr. Choi's submissions	53-54
	The Commission's submissions	55-56
	Mr. Choi's closing submissions	57-60

	<u>Description</u>	<u>Paragraphs</u>
	A consideration of the submissions	61-114
	The decisions under review	61-63
	The basis of the decisions	64-71
	The evidence now relied on by the SFC	72-79
	Is the evidence now relied on by the SFC relevant and related to the allegations in the NPDA and the findings in the Decision Notice?	80-82
	Is it permissible for the SFC to rely on evidence on which it did not rely in the Decision Notice?	83-84
	Conclusion	84
	Mr. Choi's submissions: (i) fairness and (ii) prejudice	85-89
	Factual Background: disclosure of the SFC case	90-95
	A consideration of the submissions	96-114
	Mr. Choi's knowledge of the relevance of his familial connections with LR Capital	98-109
	Mr. Choi's opportunity to address the allegations	110-113
	Conclusion	114
Part 4	Project Oasis: an overview	115-181
	UBS involvement with TBEA: pre-IPO investment and IPO	117-128
	- UBS approval process: 7 August and 21/22 September 2014	
	Mr. Choi's conduct	
	- contact with potential investors in the pre-IPO investment	129-131
	- contact with LR Capital - 27-30 October 2014	132-136
	- information provided by Mr. Choi to LR Capital	
	• 30 October 2014	135-136
	• 6 November 2014 - key terms to pre-IPO investment	137-140
	• 20 November 2014 - access to data room	141
	<ul> <li>9 January 2015 - meeting of potential investors/TBEA/Sponsors in Xinjiang</li> </ul>	142
	• 16 January 2015 - conference call with K&W Mallesons	143
	• 17 and 18 February 2015 - draft CMI term sheet	144-156

	<u>Description</u>	<u>Paragraphs</u>
	UBS's role in the pre-IPO investment: internal emails 25/26 February 2015	157-160
	- further information provided by Mr. Choi to LR Capital:	
	• 3 March 2015 - signed CMI/Xinte term sheet	161-167
	• 16 March 2015 - draft share subscription agreement Xinte/CMI	168-172
	Other events	
	• 19 March 2015 - Engagement Letter UBS/Xinte/GF Hong Kong	173-177
	<ul> <li>13 April 2015 - share subscription agreement Xinte/LR Capital &amp; GF Energy</li> </ul>	178
	• 14 December 2015 - SEHK enquiry of AMTD: the relationship between LRC. Belt & Road and LR Capital China Growth I	179-180
	<ul> <li>17 December 2015 - Xinte Prospectus issued</li> <li>30 December 2015 - Xinte listed on SEHK</li> </ul>	181
Part 5	Project Frontier: an overview	182-318
	The relationship between UBS and LR Capital Group	
	- 10 September 2015 - Engagement Letter UBS/AMTD	183
	<ul> <li>12 March 2015 - invitation to Mr. Choi to provide an EL and a list of buyers of AMTD shares</li> </ul>	184-189
	- 29 May 2015 - LR Capital's Binding Offer	190-191
	Mr. Choi's conduct in his role as the sell-side advisor of UBS	192-260
	(I). 29 May 2015-19 June 2015	
	<ul> <li>29 May 2015 - drafting the email to which LR Capital's Binding Offer was attached; seeking comments on the Binding Offer</li> </ul>	192-198
	• 2 June 2015 - instructions to Mr. Choi to negotiate the terms of the Offer with LR Capital	199-204
	• 3 June 2015 - forwarding to Mr. Calvin Choi the terms of the engagement of Freshfields by LR Capital	205-209
	• 4 June 2015 - received LR Capital's Updated Binding Offer	210-211
	- providing Mr. Devon Fu with a list of the interest of other potential buyers	212

<u>Description</u>	<u>Paragraphs</u>
• 5 June 2015 - drafting an email for LR Capital of supplemental items of the Binding Offer	214
• 6 June 2015 - drafting an email to be sent by LR Capital to Freshfields;	215-221
- drafting an email to be sent to Freshfields with instructions to negotiate the term sheet	
<ul> <li>7 June 2015 - forwarding to Mr. Devon Fu an email from Mr. Kingsley Chan with instructions to Mr. Choi to negotiate the term sheet, which Mr. Devon Fu forwarded to Freshfields</li> </ul>	222-242
- drafting emails to be sent to Freshfields with comments, instructions and advice on the term sheet and the management contract	
<ul> <li>12 June 2015 - drafting an email to be sent to Freshfields with instructions on negotiating the SPA and seeking advice</li> </ul>	243
<ul> <li>13 June 2015 - drafting an email to be sent to Freshfields with instructions on negotiating the SPA and seeking advice</li> </ul>	244-247
<ul> <li>14 June 2015 - drafting an email to be sent to Freshfields with instructions on negotiating the SHA and seeking advice</li> </ul>	248-251
- drafting an email to be sent to Freshfields with instructions on negotiating the SPA	
• 15 June 2015 - drafting an email sent to Mr. Devon Fu with comments on the draft revised SHA	252
• 16 June 2015 - drafting an email to be sent to Freshfields with comments on the SHA	253-257
- drafting an email to be sent to AMTD with comments on the draft SPA and SHA	
• 17 June 2015 - drafting an email to be sent to AMTD of discussions and agreements between the parties	258-259
The Sale and Purchase agreement - 19 June 2015	260
(II). Pre-29 May 2015	261-278
Information provided by Mr. Choi to LR Capital	
• 20 April 2015 - UBS/AMTD's NDA	261
• 13 May 2015 - briefing material	262-263

	Description	<u>Paragraphs</u>
	• 19 May 2015 - AMTD's audit reports 2012-2014 and corporate structure chart	264-266
	• 20 May 2015 - teaser sent to Mr. Devon Fu	267
	• 21 May 2015 - teaser sent to Mr. Howard Cong Lin	268-269
	The evidence of Gao Yu and Kingsley Chan: instructions to Mr. Choi to engage proactively with LR Capital	270-278
	(III). The negotiation of the Engagement Letter AMTD/UBS	279-304
	• 31 March 2015	279
	• 17 April 2015	285
	• 18 April 2015	288
	• 23 April 2015	291
	• 24-27 April 2015	292
	• 4 May 2015	295
	• 7 May 2015	297
	• 8 May 2015	298
	• 11 May 2015	302
	• 13 May 2015	303
	Mr. Choi's description of the negotiations of the EL - 22 June 2015 email	305-306
	Mr. Kingsley Chan's evidence of the negotiations of the EL	308-312
	The Engagement Letter - 10 September 2015	313-318
Part 6	Conflict of interest	319-407
	Mr. Choi's submissions	320-347
	The General law - conflicts of interest - a conflict of fiduciary duties	320-323
	SFC's Codes of Conduct	324-325
	UBS's Policies and Guidelines	326-330
	Fiduciary duties	331
	Implied authority/consent	332-333
	Mr. Choi's role as an intermediary only	334
	Authorisation by informed consent	335-338

	Description	<u>Paragraphs</u>			
	Mr. Choi's familial and personal connections with LR Capital	339-347			
	The Commissions submissions	348-400			
Conflicts of interest not dependant on fiduciary relationship SFC's Codes of Conduct and UBS's Policies Deemed Authorisation Informed consent Mr. Choi as an intermediary only The services provided by UBS as financial advisor Mr. Choi's familial and personal connections with LR Capital - Inferences from the absence of evidence from Mr. Choi  Mr. Devon Fu  Ms. Amy Wong  Ms. Christine Kwok  Madam Chan Mei Ching					
	SFC's Codes of Conduct and UBS's Policies	355-372			
	Deemed Authorisation	373-374			
	Informed consent	375-377			
	Mr. Choi as an intermediary only	378-381			
	The services provided by UBS as financial advisor	382-385			
	Mr. Choi's familial and personal connections with LR Capital				
	- Inferences from the absence of evidence from Mr. Choi	386-388			
	• Mr. Devon Fu	389			
	• Ms. Amy Wong	390-392			
	Ms. Christine Kwok	393			
	Madam Chan Mei Ching	394-395			
	• Mr. Danny Choi	396-397			
	Mr. Kingsley Chan's evidence of the importance of information of Mr. Choi's familial and personal connections with LR Capital	398-400			
	A consideration of the submissions	401-407			
Part 7	Did UBS's and Mr. Choi's role and conduct with respect to the pre-IPO sale of shares by Xinte Energy constitute regulated activity?	408-470			
	Misconduct - s.193(1)(d)	408-411			
	Fit and proper - ss.194(3) and 196(3)	412-413			
	- s.129				
	Mr. Choi's submissions	414-423			
	Misconduct-illegal/unlawful exercise of disciplinary power				
	- "relating to"	420			
	<ul> <li>prejudicial to the interest of the investing public or to the public interest</li> </ul>	421			

	<u>Description</u>	<u>Paragraphs</u>
	The Commission's submissions	424-431
	- "relating to" - connection between Xinte's pre-IPO investment and its' IPO	424-428
	<ul> <li>prejudicial to the interest of the investing public or to the public interest</li> </ul>	429-431
	A consideration of the submissions	432-470
	- "relating to" - s.193(1)(d)	432-436
	- the factual context	437-459
	Conclusion	460
	Applicability of the Codes	461-465
	Irrationality - the imposition of a prohibition on Mr. Choi	466-470
Part 8	A consideration of Mr. Choi's conduct in Xinte's pre-IPO investment	471-510
	The provision of assistance and information to LR Capital	472-474
	• 14 December 2015 - SEHK's enquiries into the relationship between LRC. Belt and Road and LR Capital Growth I	473
	• 6 November 2014 - key terms	475
	• 3 March 2015 - signed CMI term sheet	476
	• 16 March 2015 - draft CMI share subscription agreement	476
	CMI's informed consent to disclosure - the evidence of Howard Cong Lin	478-490
	Disclosure in the interests of LR Capital?	491-493
	Ambit of the EL - 19 March 2015: did it encompass Xinte's pre-IPO investment?	494-496
	Confidentiality	497-501
	Conflicts of interest: disclosure to LR Capital	502-510
Part 9	A consideration of Mr. Choi's conduct in the sale of AMTD shares in Project Frontier	511-653
	The provision of confidential information to LR Capital	512
	Inferences – Mr. Choi did not give evidence	513-514
	• 4 June 2015 - the list of potential buyers in their interest	515-520

<u>Description</u>	<u>Paragraphs</u>
• 7 June 2015 - the sell side's negotiation position on the term sheet	521-533
- the sell side's negotiation position on the provision of a guarantee and the binding effect of the term sheet	
• 12 June 2015 - MSPE's proposed amendment to the draft SPA	534-539
Mr. Choi's relationship with Mr. Devon Fu	540-546
Mr. Choi's conduct in drafting emails to be sent by LR Capital	547-561
• 29 May 2015 - text of an email to which the Binding Offer was attached	
• 5 June 2015 - text of supplemental items of the Binding Offer	
<ul> <li>16 June 2015 - text of an email of discussions between the parties, including clauses to which the LR capital strongly resisted with supporting arguments</li> </ul>	
Mr. Choi's conduct in drafting text for LR Capital to be sent in emails to Freshfields	562-611
• 6 June 2015 - instructions on LR Capital's negotiating position on the term sheet to be sent to the sell- side	563-568
• 7 June 2015 - comments, instructions to be given and advice sought on the term sheet;	569-589
- comments, instructions were given and advice sought on the management contract	
• 13 June 2015 - comments and instructions on the SPA	590-598
• 14 June 2015 - comments, instructions to be given and advice sought on the SHA	599-604
• 16 June 2015 - comments on the SHA	605-606
Mr. Choi's conduct in drafting text for LR Capital to send in emails to others	607-613
Mr. Choi's conduct pre-29 May 2015 in providing material to LR Capital	614-634
The evidence of Mr. Gao Yu and Mr. Kingsley Chan of instructions to Mr. Choi to proactively engage with LR Capital as a buyer of the shares	615-623
• 20 April 2015 - AMTD's NDA with UBS	624-626
• 13 May 2015 - briefing material	627
• 19 May 2015 - AMTD's financial reports 2012-2014/ corporate structure chart	628-635

	<u>Description</u>	<u>Paragraphs</u>
	• 20 May 2015 – teaser	629
	Mr. Choi's role in Project Frontier: intermediary only?	636-652
	Mr. Choi's implied authority or consent	653
Part 10	Mr. Choi's familial and personal connections with LR Capital	654-706
	16 August 2016 - UBS meeting note	654
	Mr. Danny Choi-Mr. Choi's beneficial interest in the shares held in the name of his father	655-661
	Mr. Bernard Choi's holding of LR Capital shares	662-663
	Ms. Amy Wong's holding of LR Capital shares	664-671
	Did Mr. Choi's relationship with Ms. Amy Wong give rise to a conflict of interest?	
	Project Frontier	680-684
	<ul> <li>Project Oasis</li> </ul>	685-689
	Ms. Christine Kwok	690-692
	Madam Mei Ching Chan	693-706
Part 11	Disciplinary action	707-736
	Mr. Choi's submissions	710-713
	<ul> <li>mitigating factors</li> </ul>	
	The Commission's submissions	715-722
	A consideration of the submissions	723-735
	Conclusion	736
Part 12	Orders	737-742
	• Sanctions	740
	• Costs	741
	• Notice to register the orders in the Court of First Instance	742

Part 1 - In	troduction
Notice of Ap	plication for Review
1.	By a Notice of Application for Review 1, filed with the Tribunal or
•	2022, pursuant to section 217 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the c), the applicant, Mr. Choi Chi Kin, Calvin, said that he was a person aggrieved by
_	decision of the Securities and Futures Commission (the "Commission"), namely Notice, dated 14 January 2022. Mr. Choi said that it was alleged <i>inter alia</i> that he:
1.	was guilty of misconduct and not fit and proper to be a licensed person;
2.	was involved in the business of LR Capital Management Company (Cayman
	Ltd ("LR Cayman") and/or its group companies (collectively "LR Capita Group") between around November 2014 and December 2015 during his
	employment at UBS AG; such involvement exceeded the scope of a typical coverage banker, potentially placing him in a position of conflict with UBS AG
	and/or its clients;
3.	failed to disclose to UBS AG the actual or potential conflicts of interest;
4.	breached
	General Principle 6 (Conflicts of interest), paragraph 10.1 (Disclosure and fait treatment) of the Code of Conduct for Persons Licensed by or Registered with the Securities and Futures Commission (the "Code of Conduct"),
	paragraph 4 (Conflicts of interest) and paragraph 4.1 (Conflicts of interest) of the Corporate Finance Adviser Code of Conduct (the "CFA Code of Conduct")
_	
2.	Pursuant to section 31 of Schedule 8 of the Ordinance, by notices in writing
	rch 2022 and 10 March 2022, the Applicant and the Commission respectively. Tribunal that they agreed that the review be determined by the Chairman alone as
	nber of the Tribunal.

- 1 -

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3.	The Decision Notice <sup>2</sup> stated that, pursuant to sections 194 and 196 of the	ъ
Ordinan	ce, the Commission had decided to prohibit him from doing various acts for two years. <sup>3</sup>	В
4.	As relief, Mr. Choi sought declarations that various acts of the Commission were	C
ultra vir	es its statutory powers, namely: <sup>4</sup>	D
		ע
	• the Investigation commenced by the Commission, pursuant to section 194(1)(b) of the Ordinance; <sup>5</sup>	E
	• the Notice, dated 17 October 2017, issued pursuant to section 183(1) of the Ordinance, requiring Mr. Choi to attend an interview; <sup>6</sup>	F
	• the Notice of Proposed Disciplinary Action (the "NPDA"), issued pursuant to	G
	sections 194 and 196 of the Ordinance, dated 16 December 2020 <sup>7</sup> ; and	Н
	• the Decision Notice, issued pursuant to sections 194 and 196 of the Ordinance, dated 14 January 2022.8	I
		<b>T</b>
5.	In addition, Mr. Choi sought that the Notice, dated 17 October 2017, the NPDA	J
and the	Decision Notice be set aside. <sup>9</sup>	K
The Dec	ision Notice	L
6.	The Decision Notice stated:	
	"14. We have set out in paragraphs 20 to 39 of the NPDA the email exchanges	M
	between you and Devon Fu ( <b>Emails</b> ) which formed the basis of our preliminary view that you were involved in the business of the LR Capital Group between around November 2014 and December 2015 during your employment at UBS	N
	AG and such involvement exceeded the scope of a typical coverage banker, potentially placing you in a position of conflict of interest with UBS AG and/or	0
	its clients."	P
		Q
	Bundle, pages 78-91, at paragraph 49.	Ų
respon registe	ng to be licensed or registered; applying to be approved under section 126(1) of the Ordinance, as a sible officer of a licensed corporation; applying to be given consent to act as an executive officer of a red institution under section 71C of the Banking Ordinance; and seeking through a registered institution to his name entered in the register maintained by the Monetary Authority under section 20 of the Banking	R
Ordina 4 Core I	Sundle, pages 93-94, paragraphs 1-4. Bundle, pages 1-14.	S
<sup>6</sup> Core I	Bundle, pages 15-27. Bundle, pages 28-39.	T
	Bundle, pages 78-91. Bundle, page 94, paragraph 5.	**
	· 1 · C · / 1 · C · 1	H

- 2 -

A			A
	7.	Of the written Representations <sup>10</sup> , dated 16 April 2021, made on behalf of	
В	Mr. Choi by	y his then solicitors the Decision Notice asserted: <sup>11</sup>	В
C		"We consider that you have not been able to rebut the allegations contained in the NPDA. In particular, you fail to provide any reasonable explanation for the	C
D		Emails:	D
E		(a) You fail to explain why in Project Frontier, you provided information and documents in relation to the investment opportunity to Devon Fu ahead of the official communication to LR Capital, and why you provided input and official communication to the transaction documents from the perspective of	E
F		offered comments on the transaction documents from the perspective of LR Capital, the buyer, when you were advising the sellers.	F
G		(b) You fail to explain why you provided assistance and information in relation to another pre-IPO investor's investment to LR Capital, a counterparty to your client, in Project Oasis.	G
Н			Н
I		15. The Emails show that you acted improperly, in a manner beyond and inconsistent with the scope of your responsibilities both as a deal team member advising UBS' clients in Project Frontier and Project Oasis as well as a coverage	I
J		banker for the LR Capital Group. You fail to explain why no question of likely or actual conflict arose out of your conduct. We do not see any reason to refrain from taking the disciplinary action proposed in the NPDA."	J
K	8.	The Commission's NPDA <sup>12</sup> , dated 16 December 2020, described Mr. Choi's	K
L	employmen	nt at UBS: <sup>13</sup>	L
M		"You were employed by UBS AG in the China International team within the Corporate Client Solutions (CCS) Department during the period from 25 October 2010 to 29 January 2016. You held the corporate title of Managing	M
N		Director at UBS AG."	N
O	Project Fro	ontier and Project Oasis	0
P	9.	Of Project Frontier, the NPDA asserted:	P
		"14. In Project Frontier, UBS AG acted as Financial Advisor to a group of	
Q		sellers led by Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia (MSPE) in the sale of its shares in AMTD Group Company Limited (AMTD Group) to LR Capital	Q
R		Financial Holdings Ltd (LR Capital Financial), a wholly-owned subsidiary of LR Capital. According to UBS AG and UBSSHK:	R
S		(a) you were the Project Sponsor on Project Frontier;	S
T	10 Core Bund	No. magas 60 77	T
	11 Core Bund	dle, pages 69-77. dle, page 85, at paragraphs 14 and 15.	
U		dle, pages 28-39. dle, page 29 at paragraph 8.	U

- 3 -

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A			
A		(b) under UBS AG's policies and procedures, the Project Sponsor is	A
В		ultimately responsible for the work performed by the Project Director and the deal team on a transaction;	В
C		(c) the Project Sponsor must ensure that the project is executed to the appropriate standard and is responsible for ensuring that any issues	C
D		identified and referred to him by the Project Director, which may give rise to reputational risk and/or legal or regulatory liability, are appropriately resolved;	D
E		(d) MSPE, the lead investor in the private equity consortium owning and	E
F		selling AMTD Group, reached out to UBS AG regarding the sale of shares in AMTD Group on or around 12 March 2015; and	F
G		(e) the project kicked off on 9 May 2015.	G
Н		15. Your formal participation in Project Frontier was in the capacity of adviser to the seller (i.e. MSPE) as opposed to the buyer (i.e. LR Capital Financial). LR Capital Financial submitted its bid on 29 May 2015. The sale and purchase	Н
I		agreement (SPA) was executed on 19 June 2015."	I
J	10.	Of Project Oasis, the NPDA asserted: 14	J
K		"16. In Project Oasis, UBSSHK acted as Joint Sponsor in the initial public offering ( <b>IPO</b> ) of Xinte Energy Co., Ltd. (stock code: 1799) ( <b>Xinte</b> ) <sup>15</sup> . UBS AG acted as Joint Global Coordinator, Joint Bookrunner and Joint Lead	K
L		Manager. The following entities were also involved in the project:	L
M		(a) LR Capital China Growth I Company Limited (LR Capital Growth), a subsidiary of LR Capital, was a pre-IPO investor of Xinte.	M
N		(b) CM International was another pre-IPO investor of Xinte.	N
o		(c) LRC. Belt and Road Investments Limited (LRC. Belt and Road) was a cornerstone investor in the Xinte IPO.	o
P		17. You were a member of the deal team in Project Oasis and Xinte was your client. According to UBSSHK, Project Oasis kicked off on 15 September 2014. Xinte was listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong	P
Q		Limited (SEHK) on 30 December 2015."	Q
R			R
S			S
T			T
U		e, pages 30-31. int Sponsor was GF Capital (Hong Kong) Limited.	U

- 4 -

V

A		A
D	Dramatis personae	ъ
В	Mr. Calvin Choi	В
C	11. From 25 October 2010 to 29 January 2016, Mr. Calvin Choi was licensed as a	C
D	representative to carry on Type 6 regulated activity under the Ordinance. Between 30 October	ъ
D	2010 and 29 January 2016, he was a relevant individual for Type 1 (dealing in securities), Type	D
E	4 (advising on securities) regulated activities accredited to UBS AG, Hong Kong Branch. Between 7 June 2012 and 30 January 2016, Mr. Choi was accredited to UBS Securities Hong	E
F	Kong Limited under the Ordinance. Between 19 July 2016 and 9 December 2016, he was	F
~	accredited to AMTD Global Markets Limited as a responsible officer for Type 1 and Type 4	
G	regulated activities. <sup>16</sup>	G
Н	Mr. Choi's role as a 'coverage banker' of LR Capital	Н
I	12. In his witness statement, Mr. Andy Lee, the head of APAC Investment Bank	I
J	Compliance and Operational Risk at UBS AG said that Mr. Choi was recorded as being the 'coverage banker' for: 17	т
J	Coverage baliker for.	J
K	<ul> <li>LR Capital Financial Holdings Limited; and</li> </ul>	K
L	• LR Capital China Growth I Company Limited.	L
L	He said that the available records described that status from "around July 2015".	L
M		M
N	13. At the request of the Chairman, in a letter to the Tribunal, dated 13 December 2022, Mr. Lee provided the Tribunal with copies of the primary records of the bank about which	N
0	he had testified. Those records state that Mr. Choi became the coverage banker for those companies 'Effective From' 28 July 2015.	0
P		P
	Mr. Gao Yu and Mr. Kingsley Chan	
Q	14. At all material times Mr. Gao Yu was the managing director of Morgan Stanley	Q
R	and co-head of Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia (MSPE)'s China Investment operations	R
	and Mr. Kingsley Chan was also a managing director of Morgan Stanley and a member of the	
S	MSPE team. In October 2014, through a wholly-owned company, MSPE acquired the majority	S
T		T
U	Core Bundle, page 28, NPDA at paragraphs 1 and 2.	U
	<sup>17</sup> Bundle 33, page 11158-Bundle 34, page 11823, at paragraph 18.	

- 5 -

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В	of the shares of AMTD, after which Mr. Gao Yu and Mr. Kingsley Chan became directors of AMTD.	В	
C	Mr. Howard Cong Lin	C	
D	15. Mr. Howard Cong Lin was the Managing Partner and a founder of LR Capital Group, which was incorporated in December 2014.	D	
E	Mr. Devon Fu	E	
F	16. In his witness statement, Mr. Howard Cong Lin said that Mr. Devon Fu had first	F	
G	become employed by LR Capital in or around early-2015. He said that he had known Mr. Fu for many years and that, "I recruited Mr. Fu to join LRC after its initial establishment in	G	
Н	December 2014." He added, "prior to joining LRC, Mr. Fu worked in various leading investment banks and private equity funds, having spent the most time with Standard Chartered	Н	
I	Private Equity in Beijing." <sup>18</sup>	I	
J	17. Emails, dated 27 and 28 October 2014, exchanged between Mr. Devon Fu and	J	
K	UBS, including Mr. Choi, evidence the fact that even then Mr. Devon Fu was acting on behalf of Mr. Howard Cong Lin, as Managing Partner of LR Asia Capital Management (HK) Ltd, in the potential pre-IPO investment in Xinte. <sup>19</sup>		
L		L	
M	Mr. Devon Fu's prior employment by UBS	M	
N	18. In cross-examination, having been referred to biographical detail of Mr. Devon Fu contained in an email, dated 20 November 2015, sent by Mr. Devon Fu to Mr. Choi for the	N	
0	preparation of biographical information for use in promotional material by LR Capital <sup>20</sup> , Mr. Howard Cong Lin accepted that Mr. Devon Fu had worked for UBS AG in Hong Kong and	o	
P	Beijing in the period 2012 to 2014, prior to working for Standard Chartered. Of course, that	P	
•	was at a time when Mr. Choi was also an employee of UBS AG in Hong Kong.		
Q		Q	
D	19. The biographical promotional material said of Mr. Devon Fu, that he had,	D	
R	"significant knowledge and expertise in matters relating to corporate advisory and capital	R	
S	markets transactions in Hong Kong and Mainland China. He has previously been registered with the commission for Type 6 regulated activities." In particular, it was noted that:	S	
T		T	
U	<ul> <li>Bundle 35, page 11842 at paragraph 5.</li> <li>Bundle 2, pages 650-664.</li> <li>Bundle 30, page 10428.</li> </ul>	U	

- 6 -

A		A
В	"While working at UBS in Hong Kong and Beijing between 2012 and 2014, Mr. Fu worked on a number of significant deals, including".	В
C	The material described no less than five Hong Kong IPOs in the overall period of December 2012 to December 2013.	C
D		D
E	20. Mr. Cong Lin said that there was no reason why his witness statement made no reference to Mr. Devon Fu's prior employment with UBS. He did know that the case in the	E
F	Tribunal involved UBS: <sup>21</sup>	F
G	"(it) was not my intention to avoid this matter. It's just I am not sure why I didn't mention it here but I did mention it in other places."	G
Н	He did not remember if they knew each other before working on Project Frontier.	Н
I	Emails evidencing the relationship between Mr. Devon Fu and Mr. Choi	I
J	21. In cross-examination of Mr. Cong Lin, Mr. Li, SC drew his attention to a series of emails over many months, beginning on 9 March 2015, between Mr. Devon Fu and Mr. Choi	J
K	as evidencing the relationship between Mr. Devon Fu and Mr. Choi. 22	K
L	March 2015	L
M	22. In an email, dated 9 March 2015, Mr. Choi forwarded to Mr. Devon Fu a Direct Banking report sent to him by Deloitte, asking him to send the attachment to Mr. Choi's mobile	M
N	telephone number. <sup>23</sup>	N
0	23. Later in March 2015, Mr. Devon Fu became involved in the logistics of the	O
P	supply of Rugby Sevens Tickets to Mr. Choi. An exchange of emails on 25 March 2015 between Mr. Choi, Mr. Devon Fu and Ms. Jeannie Chu addressed the issue of the payment of \$27,000	P
Q	for 15 sets of 3-day Rugby Sevens tickets. On the face of the exchange, Mr. Devon Fu's role was to provide a copy of the deposit slip evidencing payment to Ms. Jeannie Chu for Mr. Choi. <sup>24</sup>	Q
R		R
S		S
Т	Transcript, page 313 M-T. Transcript, pages 316 K-332 P. Bundle 12, page 4272.	T
U	Bundle 14, page 5010.	U

- 7 -

A	24	A
В	24. In an email, dated 30 March 2015, Mr. Devon Fu received an email ticket in the name of Mr. Calvin Choi for a flight to Hong Kong from Zhengzhou on 30 March 2015. <sup>25</sup>	В
C	June 2015	C
D	In an email from Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu, dated 9 June 2015, the Subject	D
D	heading stated: <sup>26</sup>	D
E	"your attitude has some problem, as always."	E
F	There was no text in the email.	F
G	26. The Subject heading of an email sent by Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu on 10 June	G
Н	2015 was: "work list 1." In the text, Mr. Choi said: 27	Н
11	"Things to do today and you must maintain a checklist for each item I assign to	11
I	you.	I
J	<ol> <li>Quingtao bank nda and closely follow-up on next steps and obtain more info including investment story deck etc</li> </ol>	J
K	2. Lrc website update: (a) advisory board is wrong; (b) news archive not yet update to reflect all the latest news in both Chinese AND English;	K
L	(c) takeaway Raymond qu  3. Geo Swift next steps re jonathan dd? You never follow-up and nail this	L
M	down"  The 'work list' contained a total of nine items.	M
N	The work list contained a total of filme items.	N
	July 2015	11
O	27. In an exchange of emails on 14 July 2015 under the Subject heading: Shuttle car	0
P	arrangement, Mr. Devon Fu liaised on behalf of Mr. Choi in making arrangements for a "Meet	P
	& Greet Service" at the airport for a party that included Ms. Christine Kwok, to whom Mr. Choi	
Q	was/had been married. Mr. Choi initiated the exchange in an email to Worldwide Flight	Q
R	Services, copied to Mr. Devon Fu: <sup>28</sup>	R
	"We want to order two shuttle cars to pick up 5 adults and 3 kids to arrive today	
S	by CX 507 today	S
T	<ul> <li>Bundle 1, page 476.</li> <li>Bundle 22, page 7608.</li> <li>Bundle 29, page 9963.</li> </ul>	T
U	Bundle 29, page 9963.  Bundle 26, pages 9217-9218.	U

- 8 -

A		A
В	Pls send the form - devon will complete and fill in details and revert before noon."	В
_	Subsequent emails evidence the fact that Mr. Devon Fu did as requested. <sup>29</sup>	
C	November 2015	C
D	28. In an email, dated 30 November 2015, sent by Mr. Choi to Devon Fu, the text	D
E	stated: <sup>30</sup>	E
F	"I asked u to coordinate with ming-lin to send weekly report to gao and others and include certain capital market updates. Did you????	F
G	Pls start doing it now"	G
	December 2015	
Н	29. Finally, in an email, dated 9 December 2015, without any message, Mr. Choi	Н
I	simply forwarded his Aberdeen Marina Club Monthly statement for November 2015 to	I
J	Mr. Fu. <sup>31</sup>	J
	30. At the conclusion of that cross-examination of Mr. Howard Cong Lin, having	
K	summarised the nub of the emails sent between them, the following exchange ensued: <sup>32</sup>	K
L	"Q. Mr. Cong, by the various emails I have shown you Would you agree with me that Mr. Choi and Mr. Fu obviously had a close relationship?	L
M N	A. I recall that Kevin (sic) was already a partner and Devon was just an associate, so it is very it is normal that Kevin assigned duties to Devon in investment bank, such a hierarchic business.	M N
14	A. It's understandable.	IN
0	Q. It is understandable, you say, but did you know that Devon was doing these things for Mr. Choi; did you know at the time?	0
P	A. I don't know."	P
Q		Q
R		R
S		S
T	<sup>29</sup> Bundle 26, page 9216. <sup>30</sup> Bundle 31, page 10493.	T
U	<ul> <li>Bundle 31, page 10679.</li> <li>Transcript, pages 331 R-332 P.</li> </ul>	U

- 9 -

Part 2 - Th	e I aw
The nature of	the review
31.	There is no dispute that the review of the Commission's decisions, conducted
pursuant to se	ection 218 of the Ordinance, is a hearing de novo and is to be conducted as a full
merits review	y, including the determination in respect of sanctions, if any, to be imposed or
Mr. Choi. <sup>33</sup>	
The burden o	fproof
32.	Given that the review is a hearing <i>de novo</i> , the burden of proof remains on the
Commission	to prove that Mr. Choi is not a fit and proper person for the purposes of the
Ordinance.	
The standard	of proof
33. to determine	As provided by section 218(7) of the Ordinance the standard of proof required any question or issue before the Tribunal is the standard of proof applicable to
	ngs in a court of law. That is, matters must be proved on a balance of probability
ervii proceedi	ings in a court of faw. That is, matters must be proved on a balance of probability
Inferences	
34.	In drawing of inferences, given the nature of these proceedings, the Tribuna
does not have	to be satisfied that it is the only inference to be drawn from proved facts. That is
required in cr	iminal proceedings. Rather, in these circumstances the Tribunal has to be satisfied
that that it has	s been established as a compelling inference. <sup>34</sup>
Failure to ca	ll a witness
35.	Where a party without explanation fails to call as a witness a person who migh
reasonably be	e expected to give direct evidence on the matters in question it is permissible for
the court to d	raw adverse inferences.
36.	There must be a reasonable basis for some hypothesis in the evidence or the
	abilities, before a court can draw useful inferences from a party's failure to rebu
inherent prob	
inherent prob	
	heong David v Securities and Futures Commission [2011] 3 HKLRD 533.

A	25		A
В		to be approached in the manner described by Lord Lowry in his judgment in	n
Б	the House of Lor	ds in R v IRC, ex p. TC Coombs & $Co^{36}$ :	В
C	ev	the silence of one party in face of the other party's evidence may convert that idence into proof in relation to matters which are, or are likely to be, within	C
D	to	e knowledge of the silent party and about which that party could be expected give evidence. Thus, depending on the circumstances, a prima facie case may come a strong or even an overwhelming case. But, if the silent party's failure	D
E	to ev	give evidence (or to give the necessary evidence) can be credibly explained, ren if not entirely justified, the effect of his silence in favour of the other party ay be either reduced or nullified."	E
F	1116	ay be effici feduced of flufffied.	F
G	37. Tl	ne applicable relevant principles are: <sup>37</sup>	G
Н	"(	1) In certain circumstances a court may be entitled to draw adverse inferences from the absence or silence of a witness who might be expected to have material evidence to give on an issue in an action.	Н
I	(2)	If a court is willing to draw such inferences, they may go to strengthen the evidence adduced on that issue by the other party or to weaken the	I
J		evidence, if any, adduced by the party who might reasonably have been expected to call the witness.	J
K	(3)	by the former on the matter in question before the court is entitled to draw	K
L		the desired inference: in other words, there must be a case to answer on that issue.	L
M	(4)	If the reason for the witness's absence or silence satisfies the court, then no such adverse inference may be drawn. If, on the other hand, there is some credible explanation given, even if it is not wholly satisfactory, the	M
N		potentially detrimental effect of his/her absence or silence may be reduced or nullified."	N
0	Codes of Conduc	et	0
P	38. Se	ection 193(3) of the Ordinance provides in having regard to the issue of	P
Q	misconduct and in forming an opinion whether an act or omission is or is likely to be prejudicial to the interest of the investing public or to the public interest, the Commission shall have regard		
R			R
S			S
T	<sup>36</sup> R v IRC, ex p. To Kwan JA, as Kv	Resources Ltd [2013] AC 415; Lord Sumption at paragraph 44.  C Coombs & Co [1991] 2 AC 283, at page 300 F-H, cited with approval in the judgment of wan VP then, in Pacific Electric Wire & Cable Co Ltd v Texan Management Ltd (CACV	Т
U	<sup>37</sup> Wiszniewski v C	tember 2013, at paragraph.107. Sentral Manchester Health Authority [1998] PIQR 324, Brooke LJ at page 340, cited with an JA, at paragraph 106.	U

- 11 -

A			A
В	-	shed under section 169 and to guidelines published under section at the time of the occurrence and applicable to the act or omission.	В
C	39. The Code of C	Conduct for Persons Licensed by or Registered with the Securities	C
D		ablished by the Commission in March 2014, is relevant as is the Code of Conduct, published by the Commission in October 2013.	D
E	Fit and proper person		E
F		(3) and 196(3) of the Ordinance provides that in determining	F
		s a fit and proper person, within the meaning of those respective	
G	sections, the Commission:	s a fit and proper person, within the meaning of those respective	G
Н	•	ong other matters (including those specified in section 129), take	Н
I		uch present or past conduct of the regulated person as it considers the circumstances of the case"	I
J	41. Section 129 p	rovides that in making that determination, in addition to any other	J
	matter the Commission ma	y consider relevant, the Commission shall have regard to the	
K	following in respect of the po	erson:	K
L	"(a) the finan	ncial status or solvency;	L
M	× /	cational or other qualifications or experience having regard to the f the functions which, if the application is allowed, the person will;	M
N	(c) the abilifairly; a	ity to carry on the regulated activity competently, honestly and	N
0	•	tation, character, reliability and financial integrity."	0
P			P
Q	Part 3 - The ambit of the with the LR Capital Gro	Review - Mr. Choi's personal and familial connections oup	Q
R	42. At the outset,	it is necessary to determine the ambit of the review in this Tribunal	R
K	of the Commission's specified decisions. Of particular significance, is the relevance of		
S	evidence of Mr. Choi's allege	ed personal and familial connections with the LR Capital Group at	S
T	times at which the LR Capital Group was involved in transactions as an investor with UBS's		
T	clients and his alleged failure	e to declare those connections.	T
U			U

 $\mathbf{V}$ 

Background	d: statements made by the SFC to Mr. Choi and his written Representations
43.	Relevant to that issue were statements made by the SFC to Mr. Choi in the
NPDA and	the Decision Notice. In the NPDA, the Commission had informed Mr. Choi that it
did not cons	sider the disciplinary action was warranted in relation to his alleged failure to declare
those conne	ections. 38 Nevertheless, in written Representations, dated 16 April 2021, made to the
Commissio	n by solicitors acting for Mr. Choi, the issue of a conflict of interest in Mr. Choi
arising fron	n the interests of his father, mother, brother and brother's fiancée, was addressed at
some length	1. 39
4.4	
44.	In the Decision Notice, the Commission adverted to its statement in the NPDA
and said: <sup>40</sup>	
	"we do not consider that disciplinary action against you is warranted in
	relation to your failure to declare connections of your family members in the transactions in which the LR Capital Group was involved as investor (actual or
	potential) of UBS AG's clients. Contrary to your understanding of the
	allegations against you, we did not allege in the NPDA that the interests of you father, mother, brother and brother's fiancée give rise to a material interest fo
	you in the transactions. Instead, our disciplinary action is based on your own
	involvement in the business of the LR Capital Group which exceeded the scop of a typical coverage banker, potentially placing you (rather than your father
	mother, brother or brother's fiancée) in a position of conflict of interest with
	UBS AG and/or its clients." [Italics added.]
The SFC's	case in the Tribunal
(i) Ope	ning Submissions for the Commission
45.	In his written Opening Submissions for the Commission, Mr. Li SC made i
clear that	he invited the Tribunal to have regard to Mr. Choi's "personal and familia
connections	s" with the LRC Group, not only as part of the broader picture of his close
relationship	with the Group but also as evidence that: 41
	dle, pages 29-30, paragraphs 9 and 13:
9(a) ab transac	SFC does not consider that disciplinary action is warranted in relation to the allegation in paragraph ove" namely, the Mr. Choi had failed, "to declare connections of your family members in certain thins in which the LR Capital Group was involved as investor (actual or potential) of UBS AG
	dle, pages 73-76, at paragraphs 26 and 31.
	lle, page 89, at paragraph 43. S Opening Submissions, paragraph 141.
	71 0 1

A			A
В		"there was at least a real risk of conflict between Choi's personal and familial connections and MSPE and Xinte's interest in Project Oasis and Project Frontier."	В
C	Specifically	y, it was contended that: <sup>42</sup>	C
D		"By reason of his personal connections with LR Capital (including his father's acquisition of shares in LR Capital which were held on behalf of Choi) Choi had a personal interest or a relationship which gave rise to actual or potential conflict	D
E		a personal interest or a relationship which gave rise to actual or potential conflict of interest in Project Oasis."	E
F	46.	That interest was not disclosed to Xinte or reported to UBS. The latter failure	F
~	was a bread	ch of the UBS policies and guidelines. 43 The Tribunal was invited to conclude that	_
G	his conduct	t was not only in breach of: <sup>44</sup>	G
Н		"General Principle 6 and paragraphs 4 and 4.1(a) of the SFC Code of Conduct, (but) it also amounted to breaches of paragraph 10.1 of the SFC Code of Conduct	Н
I		and paragraph 4.1(b) of the CFA Code of Conduct."	I
J	47.	It was asserted that, in consequence: <sup>45</sup>	J
K		"Choi's conduct was likely to be prejudicial to the interest of the investing public or to the public interest within the meaning of s 193(1) SFO, triggering the disciplinary powers under ss194(1)(a) and 196(1)(a)."	K
L	,		L
M	(ii) Clo	osing Submissions for the Commission	7. //
171	48.	The Commission's submissions of the relevance of Mr. Choi's personal and	M
N	family com	nections to LRC were re-affirmed in its' written Closing Submissions: <sup>46</sup>	N
o		"Choi's personal and family connections are relevant (2) as an independent source of conflict of interest."	0
P	49.	In support of that submission, the Commission relied on its' submissions in the	P
Q	earlier app	lication by Mr. Choi to expunge various passages of the witness statement of	Q
-	Mr. Andy I	Lee. 47	· ·
R			R
S		graph 154.1. graph 146.	S
T	44 <i>Ibid</i> , parag	graph 154.3.	T
U		s Closing Submissions, paragraph 113.1.	U

- 14 -

 $\mathbf{V}$ 

A			Α	
	Issues aris	sing		
В	50.	Having regard to those statements of the Commission, in the course of Mr. Li's	В	
C	oral closin	oral closing submissions, the Tribunal raised the issue: <sup>48</sup>		
D		"as to the proprietariness of this Tribunal inquiring into matters, in the language Mr. Shieh would use, that have been disavowed by the SFC at an earlier stage."	D	
E			E	
	51.	In response, Mr. Li submitted that the Commission had not disavowed or		
F	abandoneo	d this point. But, even if it had done so, given that this was a "de novo review", subject	F	
G		rations of fairness and prejudice, the Tribunal was required to consider the evidence. med in terms that the Commission invited the Tribunal to determine that it had	G	
**		n to do so and to find that, because of his relevant personal and familial connections,		
Н	J	was in a conflict of interest and in breach of his obligations thereby and for his failure	Н	
I		e the same. 49	I	
J		nent application; impugned passages in the witness statement of Mr. Andy Lee of s familial connections	J	
K	52.	On 6 December 2022, immediately prior to the substantive hearing, the Tribunal	K	
_	received w	written and oral submissions in respect of an application made on behalf of Mr. Choi		
L	to expunge	e various passages of the witness statement of Mr. Andy Lee, filed by the Commission	L	
M	with the T	ribunal on 19 October 2022. The Tribunal delivered its Ruling on 9 December 2022.	M	
	In that ap	plication, issue was taken on behalf of Mr. Choi as to the scope of these review		
N	proceeding	gs. The impugned passages in the witness statement of Mr. Andy Lee related to	N	
	evidence	of Mr. Choi's familial connections, allegedly relevant to the transactions under		
0	considerat	ion by the Commission.	O	
P	Submissio	ns on behalf of Mr. Choi	P	
Q	53.	In the context of the statements made by the Commission in the NPDA and the	Q	
	Decision	Notice, quoted earlier, the arguments advanced by Mr. Shieh SC 50 on behalf of		
R	Mr. Choi v	were described in the Ruling as being that: <sup>51</sup>	R	
S		"it is plain that the Commission did not invoke its disciplinary power against the Applicant on the basis that he failed to disclose his family connections to	S	
T	48 T :	4.16 D. 1. 2022 470 M O.	T	
	49 Transcrij	pt, 16 December 2022, page 470 M-O. pt, 16 December 2022, pages 471 M-473K.		
U		Dicant's Reply Submissions on the Expungement application, at paragraph 10.  December 2022, at paragraph 13.	U	

A		A
В	UBS; nor did the SFC make any allegation (let alone any finding) in this respect, whether in the NPDA or the DN. Indeed, the SFC expressly disavowed this as a ground warranting disciplinary action against the Applicant."	В
C	54. The Ruling noted that, in consequence of that primary submission, it was	C
D	contended that: 52	D
E	"allegations concerning his alleged failure to disclose family connections are outside the scope of these reviews proceedings and therefore irrelevant, in that:  (i) the present review is solely concerned with the merits of the SFC's findings	E
F	in support of its disciplinary actions against the Applicant; and (ii) the SFC made no finding in respect of the aforesaid failure, let alone based its disciplinary actions upon it."	F
$\mathbf{G}$	detions apon it.	$\mathbf{G}$
Н	The submissions of the Commission	Н
	In the Ruling, the nub of the submissions advanced by Mr. Li as to the matters	
I	relevant to a review hearing de novo were summarised as being:	I
J	"37. As relevant to the understanding of the ambit of a hearing <i>de novo</i> in a full merits review, Mr. Li invited the Tribunal to note the description of the nature of a hearing <i>de novo</i> given in the judgment of Dawson J in in the High	J
K	Court of Australia in <i>Harris v Caladine</i> <sup>53</sup> :	K
L	"That means that the court reviewing the order begins afresh and exercises for itself any discretion exercised below by the Registrar. The parties commence the application again, subject to any restrictions in the	L
M	rules upon the calling of evidence or provisions relating to the use before the court of evidence called before the Registrar. A hearing de novo involves the exercise of the original jurisdiction and 'the informant or	M
N	complainant starts again and has to make out his case and call his witnesses'."	N
O		O
P	39. Mr. Li submitted that there was no jurisdictional limit on the scope of the review before the Tribunal "to only the basis on which the SFC came to its original decision". He contended that the arguments advanced by Mr. Shieh incorrectly involved treating the application as an appeal <i>strictu sensu</i> or by way	P
Q	of rehearing. On the contrary, the essence of a full merits review was the power of the reviewing body to substitute a decision. That implies addressing all issues,	Q
R	so that it is in no way bound by what has gone before. In support of those submissions Mr. Li invited the Tribunal to note the observations of the Editors of 'The Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571) Commentary and	R
S	Annotations (2019)', at paragraph 217.08"	S
T		T
U	Ruling, 9 December 2022, at paragraph 14.  Harris v Caladine (1991) 172 CLR 84, at page 124.	U

<sup>- 16 -</sup>

V

A		A
	56. In ruling against the application to expunge the various passages from Mr. Lee's	
В	statement, the issue of whether Mr. Choi's "failure to disclose family connections are outside	В
C	the scope of these review proceedings and therefore irrelevant" was left unresolved. At the outset of the substantive hearing on 12 December 2022, in response to Mr. Shieh's enquiry, the	C
D	Chairman confirmed that to be the case, "I have left the matter open and I will receive arguments in the course of this hearing." <sup>54</sup>	D
E		E
	The Applicant's Closing Submissions	
F	57. In his Written Closing Submissions, relying on the submissions made in the	F
C	application for expungement, Mr. Shieh renewed his challenge to the relevance of evidence of	•
G	Mr. Choi's family connections and his alleged failure to disclose them: 55	G
Н	"Typicalistic malley from the manager applicated in May Chaile Evenyment	Н
	"Jurisdictionally, for the reasons explained in Mr. Choi's Expungement Submissions, the Tribunal must only focus on whether Mr. Choi did involve	
I	himself in the business of LR Capital and whether, if so, that gave rise to a material interest for him in Project Frontier and Project Oasis. It is outwith the	I
J	Tribunal's jurisdiction to discipline Mr. Choi on the basis of a separate allegation, tantamount to a new 'charge', of the alleged family connections (or alleged non-disclosure thereof) as a self-standing basis."	J
K	g	K
	In the Ruling, Mr. Shieh's submissions in respect of the approach to be taken by	
L	the Tribunal to the application of its powers was summarised.	L
M	"Relevant statutory provisions	M
N	22. Of the relevant statutory provisions, Mr. Shieh invited the Tribunal to note, that section 216(1) provided that the Tribunal had jurisdiction to review "specified decisions" and submitted that the powers of the Tribunal under	N
0	section 218(2) and (3) were incidental to a review of a specified decision. The broad powers of the Tribunal under section 219 may only be exercised "for the	0
P	purposes of a review".	P
	23. Section 215 provided that a "specified decision" included decisions of the Commission, as set out in Part 2 of Schedule 8 of the Ordinance. For current	
Q	purposes, the relevant specified decisions were the decisions of the Commission, pursuant to section 194 and section 196 of the Ordinance, namely its	Q
R	determination that Mr. Choi was not a "fit and proper person" and the order that Mr. Choi be prohibited from applying to be licensed or approved of in various capacities or to have his name entered in a Monetary Authority register.	R
S	24. Section 198 (1) provided that the Commission shall not exercise its powers,	S
T	inter-alia, under section 194 and section 196 without first giving the person, in respect of whom the power is to be exercised, the reasonable opportunity of	T
		-
U	Ruling, paragraph 14. Transcript, 12 December 2022, pages 215 P-216 E. The Applicant's Closing Submissions, paragraph 3.2.	U

- 17 -

A		A	
В	being heard. In compliance with that provision, the Commission had provided the NPDA to Mr. Choi.	В	
C D	inter-alia, "a statement of the reasons for which the decision is made". In compliance with that provision, the Commission had provided the Decision	C D	
E	a requirement that the Commission state the factual basis for the decision. He	E	
F	"ought not to venture into an enquiry beyond the factual basis upon	F	
G	disavowed) by the SFC in its decision. Otherwise, the SFC <sup>56</sup> would be	G	
Н	27. In support of that submission, he cited the statements made by the Tribunal	Н	
I	in its Reasons for Determination in <i>Moody's Investors Service Hong Kong Limited v Securities and Futures Commission</i> <sup>57</sup> , of which Mr. Michael Hartmann NPJ was Chairman. There, having acknowledged that the Tribunal	I	
J	was required to make a full merits review, conducting it as if it is the original	J	
K	uncharted territory. The full merits review is limited to matters relevant	K	
L	to the SFC's findings".	L	
M	28. Subsequently, the Tribunal acknowledged of its powers, "it does not follow that it has the power to broaden the matters into which it is obliged to enquire." <sup>59</sup>	M	
N		N	
	59. In his oral closing submissions Mr. Shieh invited the Tribunal to note that: <sup>60</sup>		
0	"there is nothing in the NPDA, nothing in the Decision Notice, which says	O	
P	they are pursuing, as a separate charge, the familial connection or non-disclosure of familial connection allegation."	P	
Q	60. Of the position of the applicant, in considering whether to apply to review the	Q	
R	specified decisions, Mr. Shieh said: <sup>61</sup>	R	
S	Submissions on the Expungement Application, at paragraph 25.8).	S	
T	<ul> <li>Moody's Investors Service Hong Kong Limited v Securities and Futures Commission (SFAT No. 4 of 2014; unreported, 31 March 2016.)</li> <li>Ibid, at paragraph 121.</li> </ul>		
U	<ul> <li>Ibid, at paragraph 154.</li> <li>Transcript, 16 December 2022, page 477 I-J.</li> <li>Transcript, 16 December 2022, page 478 O-R.</li> </ul>	U	

A			A
В		"(he) cannot be expected to think, 'Well, there could be tonnes of other things which the SFC have consider which potentially, could have formed separate 10 counts, which could piggyback against me' which never even found their way into the original NPDA.	В
C		And then, this really speaks to the inherent unfairness of the process of allowing the SFC to tag along entirely new allegations or allegations which were	C
D		expressly disavowed during a review process."	D
E	A consideration	on of the submissions	E
F	(i) Wh	at are the specified decisions being reviewed?	F
	61.	The first issue that arises is what are the specified decisions that are being	
G	reviewed? Cl	early, they are the two decisions made by the Commission, pursuant to section	G
Н	194 and section	on 196, namely:	Н
	(i)	to determine that Mr. Choi was not fit and proper to be a licensed person; and	11
I	(ii)	to make the orders of prohibition, pursuant to section 194(1)(iv) A-D and section	I
J		196(1)(iii) A-D, in consequence of that determination.	J
K	62.	Under the rubric 'The SFC's final decision', the Decision Notice stated: 62	K
L		"it remains the SFC's view that you are not fit and proper to be a licensed person."	L
M	As noted earls	ier, the Decision Notice went on to state that the "SFC has decided to prohibit	M
N	you for 2 years under sections 194 and 196 of the SFO from doing all or any of the following in relation to any regulated activities". Thereafter, in sub-paragraphs (a)-(d), it set out the		
o	specific prohi		0
P	63.	Items 51 and 56 of Schedule 8 - Part 2 of the Ordinance specifically stipulate	P
Q		(iv) and section 196(1)(iii) as specified decisions made by the Commission which, ection 215 together with section 216(1), may be the subject of a review to this	Q
R	Tribunal.	to the subject of the section of the subject of the	R
s			S
T			Т
U	62 Core Bundle	, page 90, at paragraph 49.	U

- 19 -

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A			A
	(ii)	What was the basis of those decisions?	
В	64.	In the Decision Notice, the Commission adverted to the allegation that it had	В
C	made in th that Mr. Cl	e NPDA as to Mr. Choi's conduct, in particular that it was of the preliminary view noi was: <sup>63</sup>	C
D		"guilty of misconduct and not fit and proper to be a licensed person, in that you:	D
E		(a) were involved in the business of LR Capital Management Company	E
F G		(Cayman) Ltd (LR Capital) and/or its group of companies (together, LR Capital Group) between around November 2014 and December 2015 during your employment at UBS AG; such involvement exceeded the scope of a typical coverage banker, potentially placing you in a position of conflict of	F
G		interest with UBS AG and/or its clients; and (b) failed to disclose to UBS AG the actual or potential conflicts of interest."	G
Н			Н
I	65.	The Commission said that the exchange of emails between Mr. Choi and Devon,	I
1	Fu which l	Fu which had been set out in paragraphs 20 to 39 of the NPDA ("E-mails"), "formed the	
J	basis of ou	r preliminary view". <sup>64</sup> In the NPDA, the Commission had asserted that: <sup>65</sup>	J
K		"In both project Frontier and Project Oasis, a subsidiary of LR Capital was the counterparty to UBS AG's clientsthe available evidence suggests that the assistance you provided to LR Capital in connection with each of the projects	K
L		exceeded that of a typical coverage banker, posing a potential conflict of interest with UBS AG and/or its clients"	L
M	66.	In respect of Project Frontier, the NPDA asserted that a number of the emails	M
N	show that:	66	N
0		"you directed the decision making of LR Capital Financial in connection with Project Frontier, principally through private email conversations not involving any other UBS AG project Frontier deal team members."	0
P			P
	67.	Of Project Oasis, the NPDA asserted that a number of the emails show that	
Q	Mr. Choi v	vas: <sup>67</sup>	Q
R			R
S			S
T	<ul><li>Decision</li><li>Core Bun</li></ul>	ndle, page 79, at paragraph 2. Notice, paragraph 14. ndle, page 31, at paragraph 19. ndle, page 31, at paragraph 20.	T
U		idle, page 35, at paragraph 34.	U

	" providing assistance to LR Capital in connection with Project Oasis, through private email conversations with Devon Fu not involving any other UBS AG Project Oasis deal team members."	
68.	Having addressed the Representations made on behalf of Mr. Choi, the	
	ion asserted in the Decision Notice that he had failed to explain why: <sup>68</sup>	
	"in Project Frontier, you provided information and documents in relation to the investment opportunity to Devon Yu [Fu] ahead of the official communication to LR Capital, and why you provided input and offered	
	comments on the transaction documents from the perspective of LR Capital, the buyer, when you were advising the sellers	
	you provided assistance and information in relation to another pre-IPO investor's investment to LR Capital, a counterparty to your client, in Project Oasis."	
	Ousis.	
69.	The Commission went on to conclude: <sup>69</sup>	
	WTh. Facility days 40.4 4.4 incomparison in the incomparison for the incomparison in the incomparison	
	"The Emails show that you acted improperly, in a manner beyond and inconsistent with the scope of your responsibilities both as a deal team member advising UBS' clients in Project Frontier and Project Oasis as well as a coverage	
	banker for the LR Capital Group. You fail to explain why no question of likely or actual conflict arose out of your conduct."	
70.	The Commission went on to identify what had been stipulated in the NPDA as	
the sugge	ested consequences of those failures, namely that Mr. Choi had breached various	
provision	s of the Code of Conduct for Persons Licensed by or Registered with the Securities	
and Futur	es Commission (the "Code of Conduct") and the Corporate Finance Adviser Code of	
Conduct (	(the "CFA Code of Conduct").	
71.	It follows that the nub of the allegation made against Mr. Choi was that:	
	• he was guilty of misconduct, which arose from his involvement in the business	
	of LR Capital at a time when he was employed by UBS AG;	
	• that involvement allegedly placed him in a position of conflict of interest with	
	(i) UBS AG and/or (ii) its clients; further,	
	• he had failed to disclose the actual or potential conflict of interest to his	
	employers, UBS AG.	

<sup>- 21 -</sup>

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V

Core Bundle, page 85, at paragraph 14 (a) and (b).
 Core Bundle, page 85, at paragraph 15.

U

A	
В	In consequence, he was in breach of his various obligations under the two Codes of Conduct and, in the view of the Commission, not fit and proper to be a licensed person.
C	The evidence on which the Commission seeks to rely before the Tribunal
D	Before the Tribunal, the Commission seeks to rely on evidence of Mr. Choi's
	involvement in the business of LR Capital Group on which it did not rely, in addition to the
E	evidence relied on in the Decision Notice. That evidence is of Mr. Choi's familial and personal
F	connections with the LR Capital Group. It is not suggested that the evidence is fresh and newly
Г	available. On the contrary, there is no dispute that the evidence was available to the parties in
G	the lengthy proceedings that led to the making of the Decision Notice. What is new, is that the
	Commission now wishes to rely on that evidence in support of the two determinations identified
Н	earlier.
I	Mr. Choi's familial and personal connections with the LR Capital Group
J	73. The Commission said that evidence of emails established a link between
,	Mr. Choi and LR Capital and its related entities. <sup>70</sup>
K	Mr. Chai was an avasadinaly aloss towns with Davan Ev
	Mr. Choi was on exceedingly close terms with Devon Fu.
L	• Initially, there was a link through Amy Wong and Bernard Choi. The latter was
	Mr. Choi's brother and the former his fiancée.
M	• Later, the link was through Christine Kwok, Danny Choi and Madam Chan Mei
N	Ching. 71 Christine Kwok was Mr. Choi's wife, although a divorce petition had
•	been filed in 2012. Danny Choi was Mr. Choi's father and Madam Chan Mei
0	Ching his mother.
P	LR Capital: familial and personal involvement
	74. On its incorporation on 5 December 2014, Amy Wong was one of four directors
Q	of LR Capital and, through a wholly-owned company, its sole shareholder. 72 Bernard Choi was
_	an authorised signature of the wealth management accounts with UBS of various LR Capital
R	Group entities opened in December 2014. <sup>73</sup> At the time that LR Capital engaged with Morgan
S	
T	The SFC's Opening Written Submission, paragraphs 41 and 136 to 140 and Appendices I-VI. The SFC's Closing Written Submissions, paragraph 107.
II	<ul> <li>The SFC's Opening Written Submissions, paragraph 50.</li> <li>The SFC's Opening Written Submissions, paragraph 51.</li> </ul>

- 22 -

G. 1 B	1 . T
•	rivate Equity, Amy Wong held 35% of the shares of LR Capital. <sup>74</sup> At the time of the oscription Amy Wong held 9% of LR Capital shares. <sup>75</sup>
75.	Danny Choi (28.86%) and Bernard Choi (6%) subscribed for LR Capital shares
•	ne completion of the IPO. <sup>76</sup> On 12 August 2016, Mr. Choi confirmed to Austin Mok
owned 47	% of Strategic Global Investment Corporation, a cornerstone investor in Xinte in the
•	ading up to its IPO. <sup>78</sup> In November 2015, Christine Kwok was appointed Chief of Chief of AMTD, which by then was controlled by LR Capital. <sup>79</sup>
76.	Although the Commission acknowledged that there was no evidence of any
•	rsonal gain on Mr. Choi's part, nevertheless it was submitted that the surrounding nees, including his father, Danny Choi's, subsequent acquisition of a 28.86%
	ing in LR Capital, which he held on Mr. Choi's behalf, and Mr. Choi's subsequent nairman of AMTD, "gave rise to grave suspicions" as to why Mr. Choi had acted as
he did. <sup>80</sup>	
77.	The Commission sought to rely on that evidence as having established that
•	ersonal and family connections generated actual or potential conflicts in breach of plicies and guidelines, of which he was aware and in respect of which he failed to
notify UB	3S.81 The Commission contended that:82
	"By reason of his personal connections with LR Capital (including his father's acquisition of shares and LR Capital which were held on behalf of Choi) Choi had a personal interest or a relationship which gave rise to an actual or potential
	conflict of interest in Project Oasis."
78.	Mr. Choi did not disclose that to Xinte or report the conflict to UBS. In nce, it was asserted of Mr. Choi's conduct: <sup>83</sup>
conseque	ice, it was asserted of im. Cher's conduct.
74 The SFO	C's Closing Written Submissions, paragraph 128.3.
<ul> <li>The SFC</li> <li>The SFC</li> <li>The SFC</li> </ul>	C's Opening Written Submissions, paragraph 57.4. C's Closing Written Submissions, paragraph 109 C's Opening Written Submissions, paragraph 57.2.
79 The SFC 80 The SFC	C's Opening Written Submissions, paragraph 56. C's Opening Written Submissions, paragraph 55. C's Closing Written Submissions, paragraph 170.5.
82 The SFC	C's Closing Written Submissions, paragraph 162. C's Opening Written Submissions, paragraph 154. C's Opening Written Submissions, paragraph 154.3.
	- 23 -

A			A			
В		"in addition to being yet another breach of General Principle 6 and paragraphs 4 and 4.1(a) of the SFC Code of Conduct, it also amounted to breaches of paragraph 10.1 of the SFC Code of Conduct and paragraph 4.1 (b) of the CFA Code of Conduct."	В			
C		Code of Conduct.	C			
D	79. "continued	In the result, the Commission submitted in respect of Mr. Choi that having to act in both projects notwithstanding the existence of actual or potential	D			
E	conflicts bety	ween his own personal relationships and MSPE and Xinte's interest", which	E			
2	conflicts he h	conflicts he had failed to disclose to UBS in breach of its internal rules, Mr. Choi was "not				
F	a fit and prop	er person to be licensed". <sup>84</sup>	F			
G		ce on which the Commission now seeks to rely relevant and related to the ade against Mr. Choi in the NPDA and the findings in the Decision Notice?	G			
Н	80.	The specified decision in respect of which Mr. Choi seeks a review in this	Н			
I		at he was not fit and proper to be a licensed person. Relevant to that consideration is ability to carry on the regulated activity competently, honestly and fairly, and	I			
J	the reputation, character, reliability and financial integrity of the person. 85 Clearly, the evidence described above is relevant and related to the issue of Mr. Choi's involvement in the business					
K	of LR Capital and/or UBS A	and the allegation that it gave rise to a potential conflict of interest with UBS AG AG's clients.	K			
L			L			
M	81. circumstances	On the Commission's case, not only does it give context to the impugned in which Mr. Choi provided information and/or gave assistance to LR Capital	M			
N	whilst employ obligations.	yed by UBS AG but also it constituted separate and discrete breaches of Mr. Choi's	N			
0			0			
	82.	The Commission has given no explanation at all as to why it had stated in the				
P	NPDA <sup>86</sup> that	it did not consider that disciplinary action was warranted in relation to the	P			
Q		t Mr. Choi had failed "to declare connections of your family members in certain n which the LR Capital Group was involved as investor (actual or potential) of	Q			
R	UBS AG's cli	ients", which position it re-asserted in the Decision Notice. <sup>87</sup>	R			
S			S			
T	84 The SFC's C 85 s.129 of the 0	Opening Written Submissions, paragraph 157.	Т			
U	86 NPDA, parag	graphs 13 and 9(a).  , page 89, at paragraph 43.	U			

- 24 -

Is it permissible for the Commission to rely on evidence before the Tribunal upon which it did not rely in making the specified decision under review?	
The review before the Tribunal is an hearing <i>de novo</i> , at which it is permissible	
to adduce evidence not relied upon by the original decision-maker. However, that, is subject to	
the evidence being relevant and related to the allegation the subject to the review. With respect, that is the context in which this Tribunal, of which Mr. Michael Hartmann NPJ was chairman,	
made its observations, cited earlier in <i>Moody's Investors Service Hong Kong Limited</i> , that the Tribunal did not have: <sup>88</sup>	
"jurisdiction to commence a new general enquiry if it so wishes, striking out into uncharted territory. The full merits review is limited to matters <i>relevant</i> to the SFC's findings." [Italics added.]	
Conclusion	
I am satisfied that the evidence upon which the Commission now invites the	
Tribunal to rely, which was not relied on by the decision-maker, is relevant and intimately	
related to the allegation under review, in particular, because of conflicts of interest arising from	
Mr. Choi's involvement with the business of LR Capital, arguably, he is not fit and proper to be a licensed person.	
Is it fair to do so?	
Notwithstanding, my findings that it is permissible for the Commission to rely on the evidence it now invites the Tribunal to take into account, in my judgement there remains the question: would it be fair to Mr. Choi to do so?	
Mr. Choi's submissions	
(i) Fairness	
86. On behalf of Mr. Choi, in his written Reply Submissions in support of the 'expungement' application, Mr. Shieh contended that it would not be fair to permit the	
Commission to rely on the evidence of Mr. Choi's personal and familial connections to LR	
Capital. The Commission had made it clear, in both the NPDA and the Decision Notice, that it did not intend to rely on allegations regarding non-disclosure of family connections in	
exercising its power to discipline Mr. Choi. Although, the material filed with the Tribunal by	
<ul> <li>Moody's Investors Service Hong Kong Limited v Securities and Futures Commission (SFAT No, 4 of 2014; unreported, 31 March 2016, at paragraph 121).</li> </ul>	

- 25 -

A		A
В	the Commission on 25 May 2022 included the material now relied on, given that the Commission had specifically disavowed reliance on Mr. Choi's familial connections on those	В
C	earlier occasions, there was no reason for Mr. Choi to assume that reliance would now be placed on the material. <sup>89</sup>	C
D	87. Mr. Shieh suggested that the first occasion which gave rise to any suggestion to	D
E	the contrary was the witness statement of Andy Lee filed on 19 October 2022. It followed that the evidence filed on behalf of Mr. Choi on 29 June 2022, namely the witness statements of	E
F	Mr. Kingsley Chan, Mr. Gao Yu and Mr. Cong Lin were filed before it became known that the Commission now relied on that evidence.	F
G	Commission now reflect on that evidence.	G
Н	88. Mr. Shieh contended that it was only in correspondence dated 3 November 2022, which correspondence had been initiated earlier by Mr. Choi's solicitors, that the Commission	Н
I	"first hinted at its fundamental change of stance." That had led to the application by Mr. Choi's solicitors, Messrs Jingtian & Gongcheng, to the Tribunal in correspondence, dated	I
J	8 November 2022, that passages in Andy Lee's witness statement and the exhibits to which he	J
K	referred be expunged to exclude matters related to Mr. Choi's alleged "failure to disclose his family connections or relationships" with LR Capital to his former employers UBS AG. 91. In	K
L	that letter it was asserted that Mr. Choi had been: <sup>92</sup>	L
M	"unfairly deprived of the opportunity to properly address those allegations in the evidence filed."	M
N	(ii) Prejudice	N
o	89. Mr. Shieh contended that there "would be obvious prejudice in terms of preparation for the substantive hearing." It would be necessary "to devote significant	0
P	resources to preparing for a significantly expanded scope of the Substantive Hearing." 93 Confronting Mr. Choi with the choice of applying to adjourn the substantive hearing, which	P
Q	had been fixed many months earlier, or proceeding in haste and under pressure was itself prejudicial.	Q
R	b111.	R
S		S
T	Applicant's Written Reply Submissions on the Expungement Application, paragraphs 45-47. <i>Ibid</i> , paragraph 50.  Letter of Jingtian & Gongcheng, dated 8 November 2022, at paragraphs 3 and 4.	T
U	Letter of Jingtian & Gongcheng, dated 8 November 2022, at paragraphs 3 and 4.  Letter of Jingtian & Gongcheng, dated 8 November 2022, at paragraph 11.  Applicant's Written Reply Submissions on the Expungement Application, paragraph 53.	U

- 26 -

A	From Albandon A	A
В	Factual background  (i) Disclosure	В
C	90. Of relevance to the consideration of fairness, it is to be noted that all the	C
	documentary evidence now sought to be relied on by the Tribunal of Mr. Choi's personal and	
D	familial connections to LR Capital was disclosed to Mr. Choi in the 'List of Documents'	D
E	attached to the NPDA on 16 December 2020. That material included the Report commissioned by UBS of Davis Polk Wardell ("Davis Polk"), dated 3 August 2018, entitled 'Independent	E
F	Report regarding Calvin Choi's Conflict of Interest Matters'.	F
G	91. The holdings in and activities in respect of LR Capital Group of various persons, including Ms. Amy Wong, Mr. Bernard Choi, Ms. Christine Kwok, Madam Chan Mei Ching	G
Н	and Mr. Danny Choi, with whom Mr. Choi enjoyed a family or personal relationship, together	Н
I	with numerous emails between Mr. Choi and Devon Fu, identified and relied upon by Mr. Li in this Tribunal, were made the subject of detailed analysis in the Davis Polk Report.	I
J	92. The 'Executive Summary' of the Davis Polk Report asserted: <sup>94</sup>	J
K	"Choi had undisclosed relationships with the LR Capital Group prior to his resignation from UBS in January 2016".	K
L	It went on to describe succinctly various factual findings in respect of the conduct and activities	L
M	of Amy Wong, Christine Kwok, Chan Mei Ching, Danny Choi and Bernard Choi in respect of	M
N	the LR Capital Group, noting that Mr. Choi did not disclose those relationships to UBS.	N
o	(ii) The Commission's case - 25 May 2022	O
P	93. Next, it is to be noted that this same material was filed by the Commission with the Tribunal on 25 May 2022, pursuant to the directions of the Tribunal, dated 10 March 2022,	P
Q	as material relied upon in the Commission's case.	Q
R	(iii) Andy Lee's witness statement - 19 October 2022	R
S	94. Mr. Andy Lee's witness statement, filed with the Tribunal by the Commission on 19 October 2022, made it abundantly clear that the Commission now sought to rely on	S
T	evidence of alleged breaches by Mr. Choi of UBS's internal Guidelines and Codes by his failure	T
U	94 Bundle 8, pages 2695-2764, at paragraph 11.	U

- 27 -

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	conflicts of interests arising from his familial and personal relationship with LR Capital d his failure to disclose the same. <sup>95</sup>	E
(iv)	The Commission's Written Opening Submissions	(
95. 14 Nover	The Commission's Written Opening Submissions, filed with the Tribunal on mber 2022, stipulated in terms that reliance was placed on Mr. Choi's failure to avoid	]
conflicts	of interest arising from his familial and personal relationship with LR Capital and his disclose the same.	-
A conside	eration of the submissions	
96.	There is force in Mr. Shieh's submission that it was not until the Commission	
	Andy Lee's witness statement on 19 October 2022, it became apparent that the	
	sion now relied on Mr. Choi's conduct in respect of his familial and personal nip with LR Capital in support of its decision that he was not fit and proper to be a	
licensed p	person.	,
97. Commiss	In filing with the Tribunal, on 25 May 2022, the evidence on which it relied, the sion filed more than 28,000 pages of documents. Not one of the pages was a witness	
	t. Nothing drew attention in any way to the reliance now placed by the Commission hoi's conduct arising from his familial and personal relationship with LR Capital.	
Mr. Choi Capital	's knowledge of the relevance of his personal and family relationship with LR	
<i>(i)</i>	Mr. Choi's interview by the Commission: 7 December 2017	
98.	The fact that the Commission considered Mr. Choi's personal and family	
relationsl	nip with LR Capital relevant to the specific question of whether he had any conflict of	
•	which he was required to declare, had been made clear to Mr. Choi when he had been	
	red by the Commission on 7 December 2017, pursuant to a Notice under section 183(1)	
of the Ore	dinance. <sup>96</sup>	
99.	By a letter, dated 24 November 2017, Mr. Choi had been informed by the	1
Commiss	sion that he was a "person under investigation", that he was required to attend the	
	33, pages 11158-11175.	
<sup>96</sup> Bundle	1, pages 101-190 (Transcript and translation of the interview).	1

- 28 -

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i	interview and answer questions posed of him relating to the matter under investigation. 97 At
t	the interview, he was informed that the subject of the enquiry was whether UBS AG Hong Kong
]	Limited and/or any persons connected with it was guilty of misconduct and/or is not fit and
1	proper person for the purpose of considering whether to exercise any power under section 194
á	and section 196 of the Ordinance.
	100. At an early stage in the interview, Mr. Choi was informed that the Commission
1	had information that he had taken part in Project Frontier, described as "advisory work" for
1	AMTD, and Project Oasis, described as the "IPO project of Xinte". Mr. Choi declined to answer
7	what his duties and role had been in the two projects, $\frac{98}{9}$ notwithstanding that, pursuant to section
	183(1)(c) of the Ordinance, he was required to answer the questions. He simply asserted that
1	he did so on legal advice.
i	Project Oasis
	Having been reminded that, in respect of Project Oasis, he had not made a
(	declaration of a conflict of interest to UBS, he was asked if, whilst working on the project, he
	thought that he had conflicts of interest that was required to be declared. Again, he declined to
	answer. Similarly, having been told that the company was a "pre-IPO investor" in Project Oasis,
	he declined to answer whether he was aware of a company called L.R. Capital China Growth I
	Company Limited. Having been told that LRC. Belt and Road Investment Limited was a
	"cornerstone investor" in Project Oasis, he declined to answer whether he was aware of that
	company. 99 Having been told that Xinte's Prospectus identified Chan Mei Ching as a
	shareholder of that company, he declined to answer whether she was his mother. 100
i	Project Frontier
	Having been told that the Commission had information that Christine Kwok was
t	the Chief Operating Officer of AMTD in 2015, he declined to answer if she was his wife.
	Similarly, he declined to answer if he thought, whilst working on Project Frontier, that he had
ä	a conflict of interest. 101 Mr. Choi declined to provide a range of information in respect of his
•	elder brother; his name; to confirm that the English name was Bernard Choi; to answer whether
_	
	97 Bundle 1, pages 191-203. Bundle 1, page 175, counter #s 114-115.
	Bundle 1, pages 176-177, counter #s 118-123.  Bundle 1, pages 180-181, counter #s 136-144.
	Bundle 1, pages 178-179; counter #s128-133.

- 29 -

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	brother was married; and to provide the name of his wife. He declined to answer
whether h	the knew a woman called Wong Yuen Ping. 102
Devon Fu	
103. Mr. Devo	Mr. Choi declined to answer when it was that he was first acquainted with n Fu or what, if any, role Mr. Devon Fu played in Project Oasis. Having been told that
	mission had information of "lots of emails" exchanged between Mr. Choi and
	n Fu, and that in some of them Mr. Devon Fu raised questions with him about the ffairs of LR Capital, Mr. Choi declined to answer what his relationship was with LR
	hilst he worked at UBS. 103
104.	In an apparent change of heart, although it was still asserted that the
Commiss	ion's investigation was ultra vires, in a letter to the Commission, dated 8 December
2017 but	not received by the Commission until 12 December 2017, Mr. Choi's then solicitors,
SSW & A	essociates, said that Mr. Choi: 104
	" evaluate vila accessidate the following information county by the Commission
	"voluntarily provides the following information sought by the Commission during the Interview".
The letter	included a bare acknowledgement that Mr. Choi's father, mother and brother were
respective	ely Mr. Choi Kwok Kei, Ms. Chan Mei Ching and Mr. Choi Chi Sing. It was asserted
that Mr, C	Choi had not been "directly informed" as to whether his brother was married, but it
was accep	oted that Mr. Choi "understands and assumes" that his brother was in a relationship
and living	g with Ms. Wong Yuen Ping.
105	Although it was calmovaled and that Mr. Chai was "indeed convainted with
105.	Although it was acknowledged that Mr. Choi was "indeed acquainted with
	n Fu", the question asked by the Commission of when they had first become
-	d was not addressed. It was asserted that to the best of Mr. Choi's knowledge, n Fu was an assistant to Mr. Howard Cong, the person in charge and managing Partner.
of LR Ca	
of Livea	Armi.
106.	Although it was acknowledged that Mr. Choi was aware that, in Project Oasis,
	al participated as a pre-IPO investor and LRC. Belt & Road was a cornerstone investor,
	<u> </u>
	1, pages 181-183, counter #s 145-154. 1, pages 178-180; counter #s124-127 and 134-135.
	1, pages 1/8-180; counter #\$124-127 and 134-133. 7, pages 2671-2673.
Buildie	71.8

- 30 -

A B	the question asked by the Commission of Mr. Choi's relationship with LR Capital was not addressed. <sup>105</sup>	A B
C	107. Of the question of whether Ms. Christine Kwok was his wife, it was merely	C
D	contended that, "they have been separated since 2012 and a petition for divorce was filed in the same year." It was asserted that she had become Chief Operating Officer of the AMTD	D
E	Group "in late-2015 after the completion of Project Frontier".	E
F	108. Finally, it was acknowledged that Mr. Choi was "aware of and participated in" Project Frontier and Project Oasis, but asserted that, to the best of Mr. Choi's knowledge, he	F
G	did not have any conflict of interest in relation to those projects. 106	G
Н	(ii) Mr. Choi's Representations to the Commission:16 April 2021	Н
I	Notwithstanding the Commission's statement in the NPDA that it did not	I
J	consider that disciplinary action was warranted in relation to the alleged failure by Mr. Choi " to declare connections of his family in certain transactions in which the LR Capital Group	J
K	was involved as investor (actual or potential) of UBS AG's clients", Mr. Choi's then solicitors  Tang Lai & Leung, addressed the issue of his familial connections at some length in their	K
L	written Representations, dated 16 April 2021. <sup>107</sup> In doing so, submissions were made in respect of Mr. Choi's mother, father, brother and Ms. Amy Wong, of whom it was noted that she was	L
M	"said to be his brother's fiancée". Again, that was apparently a recognition of the relevance of	M
N	Mr. Choi's familial relationships and that the circumstances called for some explanation. As Mr. Li submitted in the SFC's Submissions on Choi's Expungement Application, the family	N
0	relationship and their interests were not denied, rather it was contended that those circumstances did not give rise to any conflict of interest. 108	O
P	Mr. Choi's opportunity to address the allegations	P
Q	110. Although Mr. Choi's solicitors had asserted in their letter, dated 8 November	Q
R	2022, that the consequence of the belated reliance of the Commission on Mr. Choi's conduct in respect of his familial and personal relationships with LR Capital was that he had been	R
S	Bundle 7, page 2694. In subsequent correspondence between Mr. Choi's solicitors and the SFC, by a letter dated 25 May 2018, an answer to the question was provided:	S
T	"L.R. Capital was a client of UBS AG and one of the many clients which Mr. Choi came across in his capacity as one of the client coverage and relationship bankers of UBS AG."  106 Bundle 7, page 2672 at paragraphs 5-9 of 8 December 2017 letter.	T
U	Hundle 7, page 2672 at paragraphs 5-9 of 8 December 2017 letter.  107 Core Bundle, pages 69-77, at paragraphs 25-26 and 31.  108 SFC's Submissions on Choi's Expungement Application; 14 November 2022, paragraph 28.4.	U

- 31 -

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"...unfairly deprived of the opportunity to properly address those allegations in the evidence filed", no application was made to file any such additional evidence nor did Mr. Shieh identify even the broad scope of such intended evidence, let alone identify such potential witnesses or the nub of their possible evidence. In that context, it is to be noted that by a letter, dated 28 November 2022, Mr. Choi's solicitors did apply to the Tribunal to file supplemental witness statements of Mr. Kingsley Chan and Mr. Gao Yu and, without objection from the Commission, having been granted leave to do so, filed supplemental statements of those witnesses.

111. With respect, I do not accept that there has been unfairness nor that that Mr. Choi has suffered prejudice. Certainly, no such specific prejudice has been identified.

112. On the other hand, it is to be acknowledged that a consequence of the filing of Mr. Choi's Notice of review of the specified decisions has been that the Commission has been afforded "two bites at the cherry". The Commission now contends that evidence, which earlier it had disavowed as warranting disciplinary action, is relevant to a determination of whether Mr. Choi's fit and proper to be a licensed person. However, that is only permissible to the extent that the evidence is relevant and related to the specific allegation made in the NPDA and the findings in the Decision Notice, namely that his involvement in the business of LR Capital Group whilst employed by UBS AG, gave rise to conflicts of interest which led to Mr. Choi being in breach of his obligations.

113. Of course, the general procedural safeguards that led up to the Decision Notice, in which Mr. Choi was given notice of the allegations made against him, set out in the NPDA, and afforded the opportunity to make representations are, in effect, replicated in proceedings before the Tribunal. Mr. Choi has had notice of the evidence on which the Commission now relies. That much was made readily apparent by the service of Mr. Andy Lee's witness statement by the Commission on 19 October 2022. In context, it is to be remembered that the hearing was fixed to commence on 12 December 2022. As was noted of the witness statement in the letter of Jingtian & Gongcheng to the Commission, dated 1 November 2022, "Mr. Lee alleged repeatedly that our client, Mr. Calvin Choi, had failed to disclose his family relationships to UBS (e.g. paragraphs 20-22, 44-48, 58-60, 64-67, 89-90)." The Commission's reply to that letter, dated 3 November 2022, made it conclusively clear that the Commission intended to rely on that evidence at this hearing. So, Mr. Choi had the opportunity to seek to adduce evidence, if he wished to do so. He did not do so. He did not even seek to identify even general areas in which he wished to adduce evidence nor did he particularise any difficulties

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that lay in so.	the way of doing so. He has had the opportunity to make submissions and has done
Conclusio	on
114.	In the result, having regard to all the circumstances, I am satisfied that it is
permissib	le and fair for the Commission to invite the Tribunal to have regard to the evidence
of Mr. Ch	oi's conduct in the context of his familial and personal relationship with LR Capital
Group in i	ts review of the specified decisions that he is not fit and proper to be a licensed person
and the pr	rohibitions imposed on him in consequence.
<b>Part 4</b> -	Project Oasis - an overview
115	LIDO - 4-4 Libt On 1 4 1 2 1 11 00 1 (GDOW CAT)
115.	UBS acted as a Joint Sponsor in the initial public offering ("IPO") of Xinte in
Hong Kor	ng. Xinte was a subsidiary of Tebian Electric Apparatus Stock Company Limited.
116.	Xinte was listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong ("SEHK") on
30 Decem	uber 2015. LR Capital China Growth I Company Limited ("LR Capital Growth"), CM
Internation	nal ("CMI") and LRC. Belt and Road Investment Limited ("LRC. Belt and Road")
	IPO investors in Xinte. LRC. Belt and Road was a cornerstone investor.
1	
UBS's inv	volvement with Tebian Electric Apparatus Company
(i)	Initial steps:
117.	On 7 August 2014, approval was sought of UBS's Business Review Group by
Mr. James	s Pu for a project, of which Mr. Choi was described as the Project Sponsor, concerning
	ectric Apparatus Company. The description provided of the project stated: 109
_	
	"UBS is pitching Tebian Electric Apparatus to spin off its solar business and list in HK. The expected timetable is listing by 1H 2015.
	UBS is also pitching for the pre-IPO opportunity for the company."
118.	As noted above, Xinte was the company that was listed in due course. Project
Oasis was	the title given to the enterprise, although there is a dispute between the parties as to
109 Bundle 3	33, pages 11215-11217.
	· 1 · C

- 33 -

compassed in the work undertaken by UBS, namely the IPO or the IPO, together IPO investment.
An email, dated 13 September 2014, sent by the GF Group to UBS, including
<mark>ntained an attachment "TBEA_Kickoff book v5"</mark> <sup>110</sup> . It addressed the spin-off and ng Kong of a subsidiary of TBEA.
l approval: 21 and 22 September 2014
An email sent by Jay Li, of UBS, at 10:32 pm on 21 September 2014, to
nnett and circulated internally within UBS, of which Mr. Choi was a recipient, e Subject heading: <sup>111</sup>
"Ad Hoc BRG Approval Request-Project TB (TEBI-00100)"
s a very lengthy document, entitled: "Project Proposal for TBEA Photovoltaic
n-Off and Listing in Hong Kong". 112 [Italics added.]
action background, it was stated:
"TBEA Renewable Energy (TEBA Energy/the "Company") is a subsidiary of A-share Listco-TBEA Group (600089)TEBA Group is a world leading manufacturer and service provider of electric transmission products".
ted that both acronyms, TBEA and TEBA, were used as Subject headings and in quent email communications between various parties.
Of the background of the project, the email stated that TBEA Group planned to
ubsidiary, TBEA Renewable Energy, which focused on solar products, and, through
t in Hong Kong, with a target date of May/June 2015. 113
IPO Investors
Also, the email noted that it was proposed to introduce pre-IPO investors in the
B 1 billion to RMB 1.5 billion. 114 It was asserted that the client had approved the
ages 1776 – 1836. ages 1837-1839, page 1922. ages 1840 - 2061. age 1837.
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- 34 -

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A	male of LIDS	in the IDO mandate for which it had been nitables. It was noted that China	A
В	role of UBS in the IPO mandate for which it had been pitching. It was noted that China Minsheng Investment was "exploring pre-IPO investment by CMI before its HK IPO." 115		
C	123.	Under the heading, Expected Fees it was claimed: 116 [Italics added.]	C
D		"Pre-ipo introduction of strategic investors (M&A): 1.5% of deal size expected to be approximately RMB 1 billion to 1.5 billion to split equally between us and	D
E		GF securities, our expected fee from the potential M & A is USD 1.2-1.8 million <i>IPO: sponsor fee</i> of HKD 3 million each for each sponsor (not offsetting) plus 2.5% fee to split between us and GF Assuming a deal size of usd400m to 500m,	E
F		our expected fee from the IPO is USD 5.4-6.6 million."	F
G	22 September	· 2014	G
Н	<ul><li>124.</li><li>22 September</li></ul>	In an exchange of multiple internal emails within UBS, dated 2014, the application was addressed. 117 In an email in reply, sent to Jay Li at	Н
I		22 September 2014 and copied to Mr. Choi and others, Matthew Bennett queried, an ad-hoc BRG? based on email traffic, this has been discussed for greater than a	I
J		owing further exchanges by email, in an email sent to Jay Li 2:30 pm, Matthew	J
K		d, "What is the opp code for the Pre-IPO? Is the team seeking BRG approval on so?" By an email to Bennett, copied to the others, sent at 2:32 pm Mr. Choi	K
L	responded, "Y Bennett replie	Yes. Pre-IPO piece included." In an email, sent to Mr. Choi at 2:34 pm, Matthew ed:	L
M	-	"For pre-IPO, we need a new opportunity code set up/approval started."	M
N	125.	In an email sent by Liu Xinyu to Matthew Bennett and Mr. Choi, at 2:40 pm Liu	N
0	Xinyu wrote:		O
P		"We've verbally agreed with the client and made a joint proposal with GF securities on IPO +pre-IPO as joint advisors in the same EL given so (,) can we combine the two opportunities together (,) given it would be formally mandated	P
Q		together with IPO to the same banks."	Q
R	In an email in	n reply to Liu Xinyu, sent at 2:42 pm Matthew Barrett wrote:118	R
S		"No, each product requires its own approvals process. We need a new form submitted for the pre-IPO and pre- BRG approvals on this part."	S
T	115 Bundle 6, pa		T
U	<sup>116</sup> Bundle 6, pa	ge 1839. pages 11218-11220.	U

- 35 -

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A			A
	In an email of	f acknowledgement, sent by Liu Xinyu to Matthew Bennett at 2:46 pm, the former	
В	wrote:		В
C		"Noted on separate BRG for pre-IPO. But can we get through the BRG process for the IPO first ASAP?"	C
D	126.	In an email sent at 3:17 pm by Elizabeth Siu to various members of UBS's CCS	D
E	team, includin	ng Matthew Bennett, under the Subject heading: A BRG request has been received	E
_	for-Tebian El	ectric Apparatus Stock Co Ltd, PR China, Elizabeth Siu wrote: 119	2
F		"This is a pre-IPO sell-side opportunity associated with the company's contemplated Hong Kong H-share spin-off IPO (TEBI-00100)."	F
G		contemplated frong	$\mathbf{G}$
	127.	In an email sent by Elizabeth Siu at 4:46 pm and circulated internally within	
Н	UBS under th	ne Subject heading: BRG Status Change-Tebian Electric Apparatus stock Co Ltd,	Н
I	PR China-Ap	proved it was stated: <sup>120</sup>	I
		"Comments: Approved by an ad-hoc Asia BRG committee on 22 September	
J		2014."	J
K	The text went	t on to state:	K
L		"TEBA Group is planning to spin-off the Company and float it through a H-share IPO with a target listing date of May/June next year (2015) Before the IPO, the company will introduce pre-IPO investors in an approximate amount	L
M		of rmb 1 billion to rmb 1.5 billion. <i>Deal team to BRG the pre-IPO opportunity separately.</i> " [Italics added.]	M
N	128.	Finally, in an email sent at 6:56 pm to Liu Xinyu and Mr. Choi amongst others,	N
O	copied to Eliz	zabeth Siu, under the Subject heading: "Ad Hoc BRG Approval Request-Project	o
	TB (TEBI-00	1100)", Matthew Bennett wrote: 121	
P		"We can do the IPO first now, but the pre-IPO will not be approved and we	P
Q		should not have agreed fee here. Per BRG procedures, you cannot agree a fee or start working on the project without first getting BRG approval"	Q
R	-	of UBS internal approval is addressed subsequently in the context of emails internal ton 25 and 26 February 2015.]	R
$\mathbf{S}$			S
T			T
U	Bundle 6, pa Bundle 6, pa Bundle 6, pa Bundle 33, p	age 2062.	U

- 36 -

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		A
(ii,	i) Mr. Choi's conduct	
Pre-IP	PO investment: contact with potential investors	В
(a)	30 September - 20 October 2014: preparation and circulation of a 'teaser'	C
129. Xinyu	By an internal email within UBS, dated 30 September 2014, Mr. Choi asked Lin that preparations be made to produce a 'teaser' and a Non-Disclosure Agreement. <sup>122</sup> By	D
an ema	ail, dated 3 October 2014, Mr. Choi instructed Lin Xinyu: 123	E
	"Pls hit out the nda and teaser to each investor I copied you and follow up."	F
130. to Mr. (	In emails, dated 6 October 2014 and 10 October 2014, sent to GF Capital, copied Choi, with the Subject heading: TEBA-Pre-IPO Investor Count List, UBS informed the	G
•	ents of the "investors that we have reached out to so far and their respective	Н
	rss". 124 The latter issue related to whether the recipients had executed an NDA or turned	т
	the invitation. The list of investors included China Minsheng Investment Group, but not	I
	apital. On 10 October 2014, a total of eleven investors were identified as having been ted, five of whom were described as having executed the NDAs.	J
131.	In response to an email from Mr. Choi, dated 20 October 2014, by an email of	K
the san	me date GF Capital provided Mr. Choi with a list of the three investors to whom they had	L
"…read	sched out" and described their respective responses. Again, LR Capital was not on the	
<mark>list. Bu</mark>	ut, contact was initiated with Mr. Devon Fu and Mr. Howard Cong Lin soon afterwards.	M
<i>(b)</i>	) Contact by Mr. Choi with LR Capital	N
27 Oct	tober meeting	o
132. 27 Oo	A meeting was held between Mr. Choi, Mr. Devon Fu and Mr. James Wong on ctober 2014, after which, by an email of that date, from Mr. Devon Fu	P
	investcapital.com to Mr. Wong, copied to Mr. Choi, the recipients were informed: 126	Q
		R
		S
123 Bund 124 Bund	dle 2, page 638 dle 2, page 639. dle 2, pages 640-645.	Т
	dle 2, page 646. dle 2, page 650.	II

- 37 -

A			A
В		"We are quite interested in the potential opportunities you mentioned today but we do need more details so we can further evaluate the opportunitiesplease kindle send across the NDA first. I will get our partner's signature asap"	В
C	133.	In an email, dated 28 October 2014, from Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu and James	C
D		CCS, Mr. Choi wrote: 127	D
D	8		ט
E		"Devon: thanks for your interest in these opportunities. On teba, pls out-reach to james (pu) and kindly execute a nda so that we can provide all info today."	E
F	NDA		F
G	134.	By an email, dated 28 October 2014, Mr. Devon Fu provided Mr. Wong with a	G
	signed NI	DA "for Leasing and TEBA". Mr. Howard Cong Lin was the signatory for LR Asia	
Н	Capital M	anagement (HK) Limited. 128 The Confidentiality Agreement was between the latter,	Н
I		Capital and UBS and related to making available to LR Asia Capital, "Relevant on" in connection with the "Transaction", which was defined as meaning "potential	I
		nvestment". 129	
J	pre-n O n	ivestilient.	J
K	1 <sup>st</sup> batch o	of information provided by Mr. Choi to Mr. Howard Cong Lin - 30 October 2014	K
	135.	Mr. Choi replied to Mr. Cong Lin in an email, dated 30 October 2014, under the	
L	Subject h	eading: TEBA, to which was attached various files, including an 'Information	L
M	Memorano	dum_v4. <i>pdf</i> ': <sup>130</sup>	M
N		"Thanks for your interest in this pre-iPO opportunity and prompt execution of nda. Please kindly find attached a 1st batch of information for your evaluation of the opportunity".	N
0			o
	136.	The voluminous information concerned Xinte Energy Co. Ltd and was dated	
P	September	r 2014. 131 It stated that TBEA sought pre-IPO investment in the range of RMB 1-1.5	P
	billion and	d that it was planned that an IPO take place in 2015 on the SEHK. 132 The company	
Q	was descri	ibed as, "China's only vertically integrated photovoltaic industry chain." <sup>133</sup>	Q
R			R
C			
S	127 Bundle 2		S
Т	<sup>128</sup> Bundle 2 <sup>129</sup> Bundle 2	2, pages 652 and 659-664. 2. page 659.	Т
•	130 Bundle 2	2, page 665.	1
U	132 Bundle 2		U
	133 Bundle 2	2. page 729.	_

- 38 -

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A		A
В	Mr. Choi forwarded to LR Capital information received from the GF Group of key terms for TBEA pre-IPO investment - 6 November 2014	В
C	137. In an exchange of emails between Mr. Devon Fu and Mr. Choi on 6 November 2014, without any comment, at 10:18 am Mr. Devon Fu provided Mr. Choi with the forward of	C
	an email that he had received from Vincent Lee at GF Investments at 10:12 AM, under the	
D	Subject heading: FW: discussion draft of key terms for TBEA pre-IPO investment. The latter	D
E	email stated: 134	E
IL	Cinali Stated.	L
F	"This is Vincent. I am with Jarret's team. Please find the attached the key terms for TBEA pre-IPO investment for negotiation with the target company. Please feel free to let us know and discuss with us if you have any questions."	F
$\mathbf{G}$		G
Н	In his email in reply, sent at 10:38 AM, Mr. Choi posed the question: <sup>135</sup>	Н
	"Any special things to warrant our attention"	
I	In his response, at 10:58 AM, Mr. Devon Fu said: 136	I
J	"I just take a quick look at the terms and have a few comments on the key commercial terms below. Will think about it but obviously they didn't	J
K	understand the valuation and structure clearly."	K
L	(i) Of Clause 3, Mr. Devon Fu commented:	L
	"We cannot have any employee stock ownership plan in the written terms."	
M N	(ii) Of Clause 5, which provided for a calculation of Xinte's valuation after the investment, Mr. Devon Fu commented:	M N
	"It means 7.0x P/E post-money rather than pre-money. Need to clarify the valuation."	
O		0
P	(iii) Of Clause 7, namely 'Redemption at IRR 10%', Mr. Devon Fu commented:  "Would be great if company can agree and it is also market practice. But	P
Q	not sure if 10% acceptable by Company."	Q
	In the NPDA, the Commission drew attention to this exchange of emails, and	
R	others, in particular that Mr. Choi had replied to Mr. Devon Fu saying "our attention" as	R
S	evidencing: <sup>137</sup>	S
T	134 Bundle 11, page 4000.	T
U	135 Bundle 11, page 4000. 136 Bundle 11, pages 4001 and 4003.	<b>T</b> T
U	137 Core Bundle, page 35, at paragraphs 34 and 35.	U

- 39 -

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A			A
В		"assistance to LR Capital in connection with Project Oasis, through private email conversations with Devon Fu not involving any other UBS AG Project Oasis deal team members."	В
C	140.	In its Decision Notice, having regard to the Written Representations made on	C
D		Ir. Choi, the Commission said that Mr. Choi had failed: 138	D
E		"to explain why you provided assistance and information in relation to another pre-IPO investor's investment to LR Capital, a counterparty to your client, in Project Oasis."	E
F	20 Novemb	er 2014: access to TEBA Dataroom	F
G	141.	In an exchange of emails, under the Subject heading: TEBA Dataroom, between	G
Н	LR Capital	and UBS on 20 November 2014, Mr. Choi directed his UBS colleague, Mr. James ide LR Capital access to the TEBA Dataroom, as requested by LR Capital on the	Н
I		R Capital were, "evaluating the opportunity for Project TEBA." 139	I
J	9 January 2	2015: meeting - TEBA, Joint Sponsors and pre-IPO investors.	J
K	142.	On 9 January 2015, a meeting took place of the company, the two Joint Sponsors all pre-IPO investors. <sup>140</sup> An email, dated 7 January 2015 sent by Enoch Kang,	K
L	circulated v	within UBS, including to Mr. Choi, and sent to GF Capital identified Mr. Choi,	L
M	Č	th representatives of CMI and LR Capital, including Mr. Devon Fu, as attending the of "investment banks and investor representatives" in Xinjiang. 141	M
N	16 January	2015: conference call with King & Wood	N
o	143.	In an email, dated 16 January 2015, sent by Enoch Kang of UBS to various	0
P	•	including Mr. Devon Fu and Mr. Choi, under the Subject heading: Xinjiang Project- unsel, an invitation was made to join a conference call that day with a "our	P
Q	recommend	led counsel King & Wood to discuss workscope". 142	Q
R			R
S		dle, page 85, at paragraph 14(b).	S
T	140 Bundle 2, section 18		Т
II	Bundle 3, 142 Bundle 3,	pages 969-972. page 973.	II

- 40 -

V

A				
В	17 February 2015 - Mr. Choi for from King & Wood, Mallesons-C	warded to Devon Fu and LR Capital information received MI's Term Sheet		
	144. By an email, sent	at 12:19 am on 17 February 2015, Mr. Choi forwarded to		
C	Mr. Devon Fu two term sheets, including one for CMI, that had been sent to him in an email,			
D	sent at 10:55 am on 16 F CONFIDENTIAL. 143	ebruary 2015 by King & Wood Mallesons marked:		
E				
	Earlier emails cir	rculated within UBS and between UBS, King & Wood		
F	Mallesons and others, including N	Mr. Devon Fu at LR Capital, made it readily apparent why the		
~	email had been marked 'Confide	ential'. In emails sent by Enoch Kang of UBS on 11 and 13		
G	February 2015, and by King & W	ood Mallesons on 13 February 2015, to a group of recipients,		
Н	including Mr. Devon Fu and M	Ir. Calvin Choi, the Subject heading was simply: "Xinte		
	investment terms".			
I				
	13 February 2015			
J	146. However, in an en	nail from Enoch Kang to King & Wood Mallesons, copied to		
V	Mr. Choi, at 4:18 pm on 13 Febru	ary 2015 King & Wood Mallesons were asked to prepare two		
K	separate term sheets, one for CMI	and one for the rest of the potential investors, and instructed:		
L	"DO NOT CIRC group." <sup>144</sup>	CULATE this separate document with CMI to this wide		
M				
N	147. In an email, dated	1 6:28 pm on 13 February 2015, <sup>145</sup> sent by King & Wood		
N	Mallesons to Mr. Choi, Enoch Ka	ng and others under the Subject heading, "Termsheet update"		
0	the recipients were informed that " the revised term sheet with CMI referenced but not as a party" was attached. 146			
P				
	148. In response, in an	email, dated 6:31 pm on 13 February 2015, sent to King &		
Q	Wood Mallesons, Mr. Choi wrote, "We will need also the cmi termsheet".			
R	149. King & Wood M	fallesons responded to Mr. Choi, copied to Enoch Kang,		
	immediately: 147			
S				
т	143 Bundle 12, page 4145.			
T	<sup>144</sup> Bundle 12, page 4147.			
U	<ul> <li>Bundle 12, page 4145.</li> <li>Bundle 12, page 4147.</li> <li>Bundle 12, page 4146.</li> </ul>			

- 41 -

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A			A
В		"Thanks Calvin. Sure will do. Would you like to send us the additional strategic cooperation terms for the incorporation into the CMI term sheet or you'd like us to send you the CMI term sheet as is and you'll take it forward?"	В
C	150.	In an email to King & Wood Mallesons copied to Mr. Choi, sent at 6:50 PM.,	C
D	Enoch Kan	ng wrote:	D
E		"No need. Please include below change for CMI only, as agreed with Company. CMI wishes to adjust the triggering condition for "adjustments of the subscription price" from the profit after tax in 2015 of less than RMB 600 million to RMB 640 million."	E
F		minion to Rivid 040 minion.	F
G	16 Februai	ry 2015	G
Н	151. to Enoch K	An email, sent at 10:55 am on 16 February 2015, from King & Wood Mallesons Kang and others, of whom Mr. Choi was one of the recipients, was described as being	Н
I	"Confident	tial Communication". It stated: 148	I
J		" please find the attached revised term sheet for all investors other than CMI and a separate term sheet for CMI, blacklined against Fridays version." [Italics added.]	J
K	TT 1 0 .		K
L		erm sheet contained the same confidentiality clause included in the signed term sheet, erch 2015. 149	L
M	152.	Four key changes to the previous version were identified. Then, it was stated:	M
N		"In the CMI term sheet, in addition to the above changes, the trigger for purchase price adjustment has been revised back to RMB 600 mn from RMB 640 mn."	N
O	153.	As noted earlier, by an email to Mr. Devon Fu, sent at 12:19 am on 17 February	0
P		Choi forwarded the two Term Sheets which had been sent to him, including the CMI	P
•	term sheet.	. In doing so, the name of the earlier sender of the email and the names of all the	1
Q	recipients v	were removed. 150	Q
R	154.	In his evidence, Mr. Howard Cong Lin said: 151	R
S			S
T		2, page 4145.	T
U		ent's Evidence (May 2022)-Electronic Files; Appendix, item 56. 2, page 4145. pt, page 441.	U

- 42 -

A			A
В		"I don't know if this sharing of information was agreed by CMIbut I do remember that this project regarding Xinte Energy was introduced to LRC by CMI."	В
C	•	2015 - Mr. Choi forwarded to Devon Fu and LR Capital information received	C
D	from King & 155.	In an email, sent at 03:26 pm on 18 February 2015, by King & Wood Mallesons	D
E		parties at CMI and Mr. Choi, under the Subject heading: Xinte Termsheet, it was	E
F	stated.	"Hi, kindly please find attached clean and blackline versions of the termsheet in	F
G		connection with the proposed investment in Xinte Kindly please have the term sheet signed and coordinate with UBS on delivery".	G
Н	The draft terr	m sheet contained the same confidentiality clause included in the signed term sheet, ch 2015. 153	Н
I			I
J	156. Sheet to Mr.	By an email, sent at 7:03 pm on 18 February 2015, Mr. Choi forwarded the Term Devon Fu, adding a message, "Pls call me". <sup>154</sup> The names of the sender and all the	J
K	names of the	recipients were removed.	K
L	The issue of 2015	UBS's role in the pre-IPO investment: UBS internal emails - 25 and 26 February	L
M	157.	The issue of UBS's role in the pre-IPO in investment in Xinte was raised again	M
N		ge of internal emails within UBS, involving Mr. Choi, on 25 February 2015 under leading: Ad-Hoc Brg: Project Oasis. <u>In</u> an email sent to Mr. David Chin at 3:12 pm	N
0	on 25 Februa	ary 2015, copied to Mr. Choi, Enoch Kang informed him that: 155	0
P		"an update on TEBA H-share IPO (Xinte Energy) for your kind notice and approval:  Pre-IPO investors round: China Minsheng Investment and GF Direct	P
Q		Investment are the lead investors, on top, TBEA Group and two investors brought in by the company themselves will also invest, for a total of RMB 1.25	Q
R		bn. CMI and TBEA also entered into strategic partnerships as part of the investment in solar space and they interacted with each other directly among the solar technical teams. Likewise, recall this IPO mandate is a GF Securities	R
S		referral, thereby GF direct investment is also handled directly by themselves. In this regard, it is not feasible and not much ground for UBS to charge any fee in	S
T	152 Bundle 12,	page 4167. 's Evidence (May 2022)-Electronic Files; Appendix, item 60.	T
U	<sup>154</sup> Bundle 12,		U

A			A
В		terms of <i>certain coordination and involvement of our team</i> although our efforts and goodwill are clearly registered with TBEA management as well as CMI and GF sides". [Italics added.]	В
C	1.50		C
	158.	In an email to Enoch Kang and Mr. Choi sent at at 4:46 pm on 25 February	
D	2015, Mr.	David Chin enquired, "Pre-IPO fee-was there any BRG submission in the past?" <sup>156</sup>	D
E	159.	In responding to Mr. Chin's enquiry, in an email sent at 5:05 pm, copied to	E
	Enoch Kar	ng, Mr. Choi said: <sup>157</sup>	
F			F
G		"Pre-IPO tranche: no brg conducted as there is no role for ubs given that GF (they referred us this teba ipo mandate and they served TEBA A-share company for many years) and CMI (strategic partner of TEBA) directly handled the investment process, and the remaining investors represent the company's parent	G
Н		group itself and its friendly parties. We have not issued any written work or have any formal role. However, given the help by us and GF IBD team in terms of overall coordination and support, the company agreed to upraise our ipo fee by	Н
I		giving us and GF an additional 0.5% incentive fee to be paid upon deal completion". [Italics added.]	I
J			J
	160.	Finally, in an email circulated within UBS sent by Cathleen Mack to Matthew	
K	Bennett a	and Mr. Choi on 26 February 2015, under the Subject heading: Opportunity	K
L	Abandone	d-CC-Tebian Electric Apparatus Stock Co Ltd, PR China, it was stated: 158	L
M		"Opportunity-TEBI-00101 has been marked Abandoned by Matthew Bennett" Most Recent Status Comment: Abandoned per Calvin Choi"	M
N	The contin	nued forwarding of documents by Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu	N
0	(i) 3 N	March 2015-Xinte/CMI signed pre-IPO term sheet	0
O	161.	Attached to an email, sent at 2:40 pm on 3 March 2015, 159 by Mr. Choi to	U
P		n Fu was a signed pre-IPO term sheet, between Xinte and CMI and others. <sup>160</sup> The	P
		had been attached to an email sent to Mr. Choi at 10:05 am on 3 March 2015 by	
Q		Jian, who forwarded the document which had been sent earlier by Mr. Wu Nam of	Q
	C	·	
R		Fu, the name of the earlier sender was removed. The text simply stated, "Fyi".	R
S			S
T	157 Bundle 6	5, page 2067. 6, page 2067. 6, page 2065.	T
U	159 Bundle 1	12, page 4203. 12, pages 4204. 12, pages 4204-4232.	U

- 44 -

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		A
162.	The agreement stated:	
	"Xinte Energy Co., Ltd. [hereafter referred to as "Xinte Energy"] intends to bolster its capital by offering ordinary shares ["new shares"] in a total amount	В
	of no more than US dollar equivalent to RMB 1.25 billion	C
	Tebian Electric Apparatus Co. Ltd. ["["TEBA"], China Minsheng Huaheng Investment Co., Ltd., GF Energy Investment (Hong Kong) Limited and/or its designated investor or related company ["GF"], L. R. Capital China Growth I	D
	Company Limited ["L.R. Capital"], (Jinglong Technology Holdings Co., Ltd, ["Jinglong Technology"] intends to subscribe for the aforesaid new shares to be issued by Xinte Energy [hereafter referred to as "this transaction"].	E
		F
163.	Amongst other things the agreement stipulated that CMI would subscribe for	C
Xinte new sl	hares in a total amount of RMB 300 m at a subscription price, the formula for	G
calculating w	which was stipulated. 161 It was agreed that: 162	Н
	"all parties shall use all reasonable endeavours to procure the listing of Xinte Energy on the HKEx with a market value of not less than HKD 12.5 billion and the listing proceeds will be no less than HKD 2.5 billion."	I
		J
164.	The agreement stipulated 8 March 2015 as the date by which the share	
subscription	agreement between the parties was to be completed and signed.	K
Confidential	ity	L
165.	Under the Subject heading: 'Confidentiality', the term sheet provided that: 163	M
	"All parties shall keep strictly confidential the terms and conditions of this Agreement, this transaction and the confidential information pertaining to the operations and affairs of the other parties obtained based on this transaction	N
	["confidential information"], and unless otherwise stated hereinafter, no party shall use such confidential information or disclose the same to any third party."	0
166.	The term sheet made provision for exceptions for disclosure based on the	P
"necessity to	know", together with a requirement that the disclosing party take reasonable	Q
measures to	ensure that the person to whom the confidential information was disclosed knows	
it to be such	and agrees to comply with the confidentiality obligations.	R
		S
		Т
		U
	163.  Xinte new sicalculating visual subscription  Confidential 165.  166.  "necessity to measures to it to be such	"Xinte Energy Co., Ltd. [hereafter referred to as "Xinte Energy"] intends to bolster its capital by offering ordinary shares ["new shares"] in a total amount of no more than US dollar equivalent to RMB 1.25 billion  Tebian Electric Apparatus Co. Ltd. ["["TEBA"], China Minsheng Huaheng Investment Co., Ltd., GF Energy Investment (Hong Kong) Limited and/or its designated investor or related company ["GF"], L. R. Capital China Growth I Company Limited ["L.R. Capital"], (Jinglong Technology Holdings Co., Ltd. ["Jinglong Technology"] intends to subscribe for the aforesaid new shares to be issued by Xinte Energy [hereafter referred to as "this transaction"].  163. Amongst other things the agreement stipulated that CMI would subscribe for Xinte new shares in a total amount of RMB 300 m at a subscription price, the formula for calculating which was stipulated. It was agreed that: 162  "all parties shall use all reasonable endeavours to procure the listing of Xinte Energy on the HKEx with a market value of not less than HKD 12.5 billion and the listing proceeds will be no less than HKD 2.5 billion."  164. The agreement stipulated 8 March 2015 as the date by which the share subscription agreement between the parties was to be completed and signed.  **Confidentiality**  165. Under the Subject heading: 'Confidentiality', the term sheet provided that: 163  "All parties shall keep strictly confidential the terms and conditions of this Agreement, this transaction and the confidential information pertaining to the operations and affairs of the other parties obtained based on this transaction ["confidential information"], and unless otherwise stated hereinafter, no party shall use such confidential information or disclose the same to any third party."

- 45 -

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A			A
	167.	In his evidence, Mr. Howard Cong Lin said that the term sheet attached to the	
В	email sen	t by Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu on 3 March 2015: <sup>164</sup>	В
C		"was sent to LRC (via Mr. Fu) with the knowledge and consent of CM International. I also had a telephone conversation with Mr. Dong Wenbiao, the	C
D		then-Chairman of CMIG with regard to this co-investment, and we agreed during this telephone call that the information concerning the investment would be shared amongst CMIG and LRC."	D
E			E
<b>T</b>	(ii)	16 March 2015 - Xinte and CMI Share Subscription Agreement	_
F	168.	In an email, sent at 3:58 pm on 16 March 2015, by Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu	F
G		Subject heading: Strategic Investor Agreement, one of the two attachments was a re Subscription Agreement for CMI's pre-IPO investment. 165 The other document was	G
Н		are Subscription agreement between Xinte and LR Capital Growth I Co Ltd and GF	Н
	Energy In	vestment Limited. 166 Again, Mr. Choi added, "Pls call My office". 167	
I			I
J	169. pm by En	Earlier that day, the two documents were attachments to an email sent at 2:19 och Kang to Ms. Guo Junxiang of Xinte, copied to Mr. Choi. 168	J
K	Confident	tiality	K
L	170.	Article 9, of each of the draft Share Subscription Agreements, addressed the Confidentiality': 169	L
M	18800 01	Confidentiality.	M
N		"Each party shall keep confidential the proposed transaction and terms of this Agreement as well as the information related to other parties' business and affairs ["confidential information"] obtained based on this share subscription,	N
o		and shall not use such information except for the purpose of this Agreement, nor disclose such information to any entity other than the parties to this Agreement."	O
P	Article 9.	1 made provision for exceptions for disclosure based on the "necessity to know".	P
Q	171.	The fact that, in emails dated 3 March 2015 and 16 March 2015, Mr. Choi had	Q
R	forwarded	l to Mr. Devon Fu respectively:	R
S		35, page 11850, paragraph 26.	S
T	<ul><li>Bundle</li><li>Bundle</li></ul>	13, pages 4382 and 4469; 4562-4652. 13, pages 4384-4469; 4475-4561. 13, pages 4382-4652.	T
U		13, pages 4382 and 4469. 13, pages 4519-4521 and pages 4611-4613.	U

- 46 -

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(ii) the draft Share Subscription Agreements between Xinte, TEBA and CMI and LR Capital Growth, and asked Mr. Devon Fu to call him.  were both cited by the Commission in the NPDA, as evidencing: 170  "assistance to LR Capital in connection with Project Oasis, through private email conversations with Devon Fu not involving any other UBS AG Project Oasis deal team members."  172. Similarly, in the Decision Notice, the Commission asserted that Mr. Choi had failed to provide any explanation as to why he had " provided assistance and information in relation to another pre-IPO investor's investment to LR Capital, a counterparty to your client, in Project Oasis." 171  Other events  19 March 2015: Engagement letter with Xinte for the IPO and listing of its shares on the SEHK  173. On 19 March 2015, Mr. Choi signed an Engagement letter on behalf of UBS AG with Xinte, together with GF Hong Kong, as Joint Advisors to act as joint global coordinators; joint book runners; joint lead managers; and joint sponsors in the Global Offering in the listing of shares of Xinte on the SEHK. 172  (i) Effective Date - 24 August 2014  174. The agreement provided for an 'Effective Date' of 24 August 2014 <sup>173</sup> and was stated to be subject to the parties Standard Terms and Conditions, which were annexed to the agreement. 174 The role of the Joint Advisors was stated to be that: 175  "the Joint Advisors shall provide the following financial advice and assistance  (b) advising on the appropriate corporate structure, timing and method of the Offering, the amount of equity to be offered and any capital raising to be			A
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"the Joint Advisors shall provide the following financial advice and assistance  (b) advising on the appropriate corporate structure, timing and method of the Offering, the amount of equity to be offered and any capital raising to be		•	0
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(b) advising on the appropriate corporate structure, timing and method of the Offering, the amount of equity to be offered and any capital raising to be			P
undertaken in connection with the Offering."		Offering, the amount of equity to be offered and any capital raising to be	Q R
			S
<del></del>	171 Core Bundle 172 Bundle 3, p.	e, page 85, at paragraph 14(b). ages 1191-1209.	T
170 Core Bundle, page 35, at paragraphs 34, 36, 37 and 39.	174 Bundle 3, p	age 1191, Clause 1. age 1195, Clause 4. Schedule 1, pages 1199-1208. age 1191, Clause 1.	U

- 47 -

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at the pre	Mr. Li submitted that this clause of the agreement encompassed the work done e-IPO investment stage to raise capital.
(ii)	Confidentiality
176.	Clause 2(b) of the Standard Terms and Conditions provided that the terms of the
	tiality Agreement between the parties, dated 24 August 2014, continued to apply, be exemptions provided by Clause 2 (b) in respect of disclosure to the SFC, SEHK and
_	ental or regulatory bodies having authority over the parties; professional advisers; and of the Joint Advisors' group. 176
177.	Having received submissions by the parties, following objections made on
	Mr. Choi, and a Ruling of the Tribunal, the Confidentiality Agreement, dated 24 014, has not been received into evidence by the Tribunal.
13 April Energy	2015: Share Subscription agreement between Xinte, LR Capital Growth I and GF
178.	By a Share Subscription agreement, dated 13 April 2015, between Xinte and LR
	Growth I Co Ltd and GF Energy Investment Limited <sup>177</sup> , the latter two parties agreed to
subscribe	to shares in Xinte, about 73 million shares in the case of the former and about 29 hares in the case of the latter. The agreement noted that "CMI will subscribe for
43,856,64	49 shares". 178 Under the heading, 'Qualified listing' Clause 4.4 provided that, after
-	eletion of the share subscription, "all parties shall make every reasonable effort to the listing of Xinte Energy on the Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited"
	nber 2015: enquiry of the Stock Exchange about the relationship between LRC. BRI Capital China Growth
179.	By an email, dated 14 December 2015, Ms. Winnie Leung, an executive director
of UBS,	sent an email to AMTD, copied to Ms. Christine Kwok and others at AMTD and to
Mr. Choi	and many others at UBS, under the Subject heading: Oasis-Stock Exchange
questions	s-AMTD please help reply asap. The email noted that the Stock Exchange had asked,
"…about	the relationship between the cornerstone investor LRC. Belt and Road Investment
	3, page 1199. 3, pages 1066-1183.
	3, page 1119, Article 2.1.

- 48 -

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**		П
В	Limited and LR Capital China Growth I Company Limited and why LRC. Belt and Road Investment Limited is not an affiliated investor." <sup>179</sup>	В
C	180. In an email, dated 14 December 2015, Mr. Devon Fu provided Mr. Choi with	C
D	the lengthy text of an apparent response to the enquiry. 180 Once again, the Commission noted in the NPDA that the email was not copied to others at UBS and cited it as another example	D
E	evidencing the "assistance to LR Capital in connection with Project Oasis, through private email conversations with Devon Fu not involving any other UBS AG Project Oasis deal team	E
F	members." <sup>181</sup> Again, in the Decision Notice the Commission asserted that Mr. Choi had failed	F
G	to provide any explanation as to why he had " provided assistance and information in relation to another pre-IPO investor's investment to LR Capital, a counterparty to your client, in Project	G
Н	Oasis."	Н
I	Xinte's IPO and Listing: 17 and 30 December 2015	I
J	181. Xinte's 'Global Offering' Prospectus was issued on 17 December 2015 and closed on 22 December 2015. The fact that, on 13 April 2015, Xinte had entered into pre-IPO	J
K	share subscription agreements with CMI, GF Energy and LR Capital Growth at a discount to the IPO price was disclosed in the Prospectus. UBS and GF Capital were Joint Sponsors, Joint	K
L	Global Coordinators, Joint Book Runners and Joint Lead Managers. On 30 December 2015, Xinte was listed on the SEHK.	L
M		N
N	Part 5 - Project Frontier - an overview	N
o	182. In Project Frontier UBS AG acted as financial advisor to a group of sellers 182, led by Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia, in the sale of some of their shares in AMTD Group	O
P	Limited to LR Capital Financial Holdings Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of LR Capital.  Mr. Choi acted as the Project Sponsor and was a member of the deal team on the transaction.	P
Q		Q
R		R
S		s
T	<ul> <li>Bundle 31, pages 10783-10785.</li> <li>Bundle 31, pages 10787-10788.</li> <li>Core Bundle; page 35, at paragraphs 34 and 35.</li> <li>MSPE, Multinet, Far Dream and Blackpine. Sale and Purchase Agreement, 19 June 2015-Bundle 5, page 1544</li> </ul>	Т
U	and following at page 1578.	U

		A
Letter of	Engagement: 10 September 2015	
183.	The Engagement Letter <sup>183</sup> , dated 10 September 2015, between AMTD Group	В
and UBS	AG, stated that UBS had been engaged by AMTD:	C
	"to act as your exclusive financial adviser in connection with the potential Transaction with potential purchasers for up to 1 year since 26 May 2015."	D
The 'Trai	nsaction' was defined to include the sale of the controlling stake of the share capital	E
of AMTE	D. The agreement was stated to be subject to UBS's Standard Terms and Conditions.	F
The relati	ionship between UBS and LR Capital Group	G
12 March	2015	
184.	In an email, dated 12 March 2015, sent to Mr. Choi, under the Subject heading:	Н
AMTD,	Mr. Kingsley Chan asked if Choi "continue to be interested to work on the	I
assignme	nt." If so, he was invited to: 184	
	"send us a draft EL and relevant materials eg likely buyers list with feedback	J
	based on your conversations with them."	K
185.	In his witness statement, Mr. Kingsley Chan said that "The selling shareholders	
had decid	ded to engage UBS, led by Mr. Calvin Choi, primarily for the reason of his deep	L
<mark>knowled</mark> g	ge of the potential buyer universe". 185	M
186.	In his witness statement, Mr. Gao Yu said that, in or around early 2015, MSPE	N
determine	ed that the time was right to divest itself of part of its shareholding in AMTD. He	0
-	I that the gradual opening up of Mainland China had created a significant amount of	0
	expand into the financial services industry. 186 The board of AMTD had received	P
	resolicited 'indicative' offers to buy a controlling stake of that company, including one	_
	Capital, on a valuation of the company of HK \$1.4 billion. MSPE's interest to divest their shares was shared by other shareholders, including Multinet, Far Dream and	Q
Blackpine		R
		S
<sup>184</sup> Bundle	6, pages 2071-2083. 6, page 2085.	T
<sup>186</sup> Bundle	35, page 11825, paragraph 3. 35, pages11831-11832, at paragraph 5.	U
<sup>187</sup> Bundle	35, page 11832, at paragraph 6.	

- 50 -

187.	For his part, Mr. Cong Lin said that, having learnt " in or around April 2015" "long-time friend" Mr. Gao Yu that there could be an opportunity to acquire a
	ng stake in AMTD, he had communicated "a verbal offer to AMTD and expressed
	atterest to acquire a controlling interest in AMTD." He provided no further details at
all.	
188. email of	Mr. Choi responded five minutes after having received Mr. Kingsley Chan's 12 March 2015. The alacrity of his response was matched by his expressed enthusiasm
for the as	ssignment, "I am keen to serve mspe and you on this engagement and committed to
	success (sic) transaction." However, he noted, "we are in the process to go through rnal conflict clearance and new business approval which are required for formal
engagem today."	ent letter (with fee quotes) to be sent." He undertook to send the list " of buyers
Lists of p	potential buyers
189.	In fact, Mr. Choi provided "the list of suggested and potential buyers" in an
email on	13 March 2015. Of the ten stipulated potential buyers, the name China Mingshen, twice, once as a bank of that name and the other as "China Mingshen Investment
` /	<sup>89</sup> LR Capital was not stipulated. Although lists of potential buyers of the shares were ed in emails between Mr. Kingsley Chan and Mr. Choi subsequently, on 31 March
2015 <sup>190</sup> a	and 8 April 2015 <sup>191</sup> , LR Capital was not stipulated as a potential buyer of the shares
	Choi added the name of LR Capital for the first time to the 'revised list' of buyers d within UBS in an email that he sent to the UBS deal team on 8 May 2015. 192
29 May 2	2015: Binding Offer of LR Capital Group to acquire a controlling interest in AMTD
190.	Thereafter, events moved quickly and, at 8:54 pm on 29 May 2015, Mr. Howard
Cong Lir	n of LR Capital sent an email to AMTD, Mr. Kingsley Chan, Mr. Gao Yo and Mr. Choi
under the	e Subject heading:
189 Bundle	35, page 11842, at paragraph 8. 6, page 2085. 6, page 2132.
191 Bundle	6, page 2131. 6, pages 2167 and 2173 - 2174.

- 51 -

A		A
В	[Confidential] Binding Offer for LR Capital Group to acquire controlling interest in AMTD Group Company Limited.	В
C	The terms of offer were described briefly: 193	C
D	"We have obtained our investment committee's approval to proceed with our proposed transaction by concluding all necessary transaction documentations with you all in good faith within 20 working days ("exclusive period"). To	D
E	demonstrate our commitment to the transaction and our financial strengths and capability, we are ready to pay a <i>usdlm deposit</i> in exchange of the exclusive period, and include a fund proof letter issued by our brokerage agent and fund	E
F	custody in HK - GF Holdings(Hong Kong) Corporation Limited. " [Italics added.]	F
G	The email stated that, attached to the email, were:	G
Н	• the Binding Offer; 194	Н
I	• a Fund Proof letter, which was from GF Securities and stated that LR Capital	I
1	Group was one of its most important client and long-term partner and, at the	1
J	close of the market on 29 May 2015, had liquid assets under management of	J
	USD 869,000,000; 195 and	
K	• an NDA, which was executed by LR Capital, dated 22 May 2015, and provided	K
L	undertakings to AMTD Group Company Limited and the six stipulated selling shareholders, in consideration of AMTD agreeing to make available financial	L
M	and other information relating to AMTD. 196	M
N	Of the NDA, the email said that it was "our fully executed nda with your side without any	N
11	comments."	11
O	Mr. Choi's conduct in his role as the sell-side advisor of UBS AG	O
P	I. 29 May 2015 - 19 June 2015	P
	Mr. Choi's conduct in his role as the sell-side advisor of UBS AG was the focus	
Q	of the Commission's findings in its Decision Notice and is the core issue in these proceedings.	Q
R	The circumstances leading to the sending of the email, dated 29 May 2015 by Mr. Howard	R
	Cong Lin to the board of directors of AMTD Group provides a useful starting point to consider	
S	the nub of the criticism that is made of Mr. Choi, namely that, contrary to his duties:	S
T	<sup>193</sup> Bundle 20, page 6997.	T
U	194 Bundle 20, pages 6998-7001. 195 Bundle 20, pages 7002. 196 Bundle 20, pages 7003-7008.	U

- 52 -

V

A		A
В	<ul> <li>he provided confidential information to the LR Capital Group; and</li> <li>he assisted in giving advice to and drafting emails for the LR Capital Group.</li> </ul>	В
	ne assisted in giving advice to and drafting chians for the Ere capital Group.	
C	29 May 2015: Mr. Choi's draft of an email for LR Capital to send to AMTD/MSPE and UBS	C
D	There is no dispute that the provenance of the email, dated 29 May 2015, sent	D
E	by Mr. Howard Cong Lin to AMTD Group at 8:54 pm on 29 May 2015 197, to which was	Т
L	attached the Binding Offer letter, NDA and Proof of Funds letter, was a draft sent by email by	E
F	Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu at LR Capital Group at 8:05 pm on 29 May 2015. 198	F
G	194. In an email to Mr. Choi, sent at 4:15 pm on 29 May 2015, under the Subject	G
ш	heading: Bidding Letter, Mr. Devon Fu attached a copy of a draft letter to the Board of Directors	TT
Н	of AMTD and UBS, under the heading "Binding Offer for LR Capital Group ("LRC") to	Н
I	acquire controlling interest in AMTD Group Company Limited". 199 In an email to Mr. Choi	I
	and Mr. James Wong, sent at 4:24 pm on 29 May 2015, under the Subject heading: Updated	
J	version, Mr. Devon Fu attached the text of the draft Binding Offer letter. <sup>200</sup>	J
K	Comments sought from and provided by Mr. Donald Tang to Mr. Choi	K
	195. In an email to Donald Tang, sent at 4:53 pm on 29 May 2015, Mr. Choi attached	
L	the draft Binding Offer letter under the Subject heading: <sup>201</sup>	L
M	"Urgent and important-pls kindly read and offer comments."	M
N	196. In an email to Mr. Choi, sent at 5:24 pm Mr. Donald Tang provided various	N
0	comments arising from the text of the draft letter: 202	
0	"comments: don't offer a put without getting a call. <i>They</i> will want the put to be	О
P	offered by a creditworthy entity. How will <i>you</i> prove you have money on hand to satisfy the put? <i>You</i> need a call otherwise I think the put is unfair.	P
Q	There will be control issues and minority protection issues. Will <i>they</i> want a bunch of vetoes to control how business is conducted? <i>You</i> don't necessarily	Q
R	want that. Who are the minorities other than MSPE?	R
S		S
	<sup>197</sup> Bundle 20, page 6997.	
T	<sup>198</sup> Bundle 20, page 6996. <sup>199</sup> Bundle 20, pages 6971-6972.	T
	<sup>200</sup> Bundle 20, page 6973.	
U	<ul> <li>Bundle 20, page 6975.</li> <li>Bundle 20, page 6990.</li> </ul>	U

- 53 -

V

A		A
В	Is the acquisition of their shares or of new shares diluting them to 25%? Is this assuming their debt? Do <i>they</i> get to take all excess cash out of the business or do <i>you</i> keep it?	В
C	twenty days is very short. Is that enough? Ask for 60 days at least I think" [Italics added.]	C
D	197. Clearly, Mr. Choi's request to Mr. Donald Tang that he "offer comments" on the	D
E	draft of the Binding Offer for LR Capital Group to acquire controlling interest in AMTD was an invitation for comments to be made from the perspective of LR Capital Group. Certainly,	E
F G	not surprisingly, Mr. Donald Tang's comments were all directed at addressing the interests of LR Capital. Obviously, his references in his email to "you" were to LR Capital's side, whereas the references to "they" were to the side of the selling shareholders of AMTD.	F G
Н	198. Thereafter, having sent Mr. Devon Fu at 5:27 pm, a draft of a template of a Fund	Н
I	Proof letter for LR Capital to be provided by GF Securities (Hong Kong), <sup>203</sup> at 6:45 pm, Mr. Choi received a Fund proof letter from Mr. Devon Fu provided to the latter by email at 6:39	I
J	pm by GF Securities. <sup>204</sup>	J
K	2 June 2015:	K
	(i) payment of 1% deposit to AMTD	
L	199. In two emails to Mr. Kingsley Chan sent at 12:26 pm on 2 June 2015, Mr. Choi	L
M	informed him that LR Capital had made payments to AMTD's bank account of \$16 million, being 1% of the HKD 1.6 billion valuation of AMTD for the purposes of LR Capital's offer to	M
N	the selling shareholders and advised that "On top, Irc will send their updated binding bid shortly." <sup>205</sup>	N
0		O
P	<ul> <li>(ii) Mr. Kingsley Chan's instructions to Mr. Choi to negotiate with LR Capital</li> <li>200. In his witness statement, Mr. Kingsley Chan explained that, on the previous day,</li> </ul>	P
Q	he and Mr. Gao Yu had spoken to Mr. Choi and asked him to negotiate with LR Capital improvements in their offer, including the 1% deposit of HK \$16 million. <sup>206</sup>	Q
R	improvements in their orier, including the 176 deposit of FIK \$10 minion.	R
S	201. For his part, Mr. Howard Cong Lin said in his witness statement that prior to the payment of HK\$16 million he had been contacted by Mr. Choi who had invited LR Capital to	S
T	<sup>203</sup> Bundle 20, page 6993.	Т
U	<ul> <li>Bundle 20, page 6994.</li> <li>Bundle 20, page 7059.</li> <li>Bundle 35, page 11827, at paragraph 11.</li> </ul>	U

- 54 -

 $\mathbf{V}$ 

 $\mathbf{V}$ 

A	agree to a pr	oposal by MSPE to increase the deposit referred to in the Binding Offer from US	A
В	\$1 million to	o HK \$16 million, that being 1% of the total valuation of AMTD. He agreed and	В
C	the payment	was made.	C
D	202. said <sup>207</sup> :	In an email in reply to Mr. Choi, sent at 1:04 on 2 June 2015, Mr. Kingsley Chan	D
E		"Hold on - you shd speak to us first."	E
F		r. Kingsley Chan explained in his witness statement, <sup>208</sup> having conducted a inference call with representatives of other selling shareholders, he sent Mr. Choi	F
G		ail at 4:06 pm, informing him: <sup>209</sup>	G
Н		"The shareholders have reconvened, several points for you to follow up:"	Н
I	203. headings, na	The email went on to set out the points for Mr. Choi to follow up under five mely:	I
J	1)	Valuation;	J
K	2) 3)	Irrevocable and non-refundable deposit; Term Sheet;	K
L	4)	Definitive Documentations; and	L
	5)	Meeting with the LRC.	
M	As to (	1)	M
N	The tex	xt, under the heading 'Valuation', stated:	N
О		"- based on an equity valuation of HKD 1.6 bn for 100% of the company, on cash and debt free basis as expressed to all potential buyers. Any excess cash	0
P		left on the balance sheet will be adjusted up to equity valuation	P
Q		<ul> <li>- based on UBS's dialogue with potential buyers, if</li> <li>(a) LRC's offer represents the highest valuation received/expressed to date</li> </ul>	Q
R		and (b) LRC will not accept a HKD 1.7bn valuation,	R
S		we still need you to press LRC for an slight increase in their bid such that the sellers will be covered for UBS' advisory fee (which is 1% value of shares to be	S
T			T
U	<ul> <li>Bundle 20,</li> <li>Bundle 35,</li> <li>Bundle 20,</li> </ul>	page 11828, at paragraph 13.	U

- 55 -

V

A		A
В	sold, based on our latest understanding) i.e., net valuation of HKD 1.6bn post-fee	В
C	- the shareholders still need UBS to help us continue gather any written proposals before the signing of a Term Sheet." [Italics added.]	C
D	As to (2)	D
E	The text, under the heading 'Irrevocable and Non-refundable Deposit', included the following:	E
F	"-this deposit amount is non-refundable under any circumstances, but deductible against final proceeds upon completion."	F
G	As to (3)	G
Н	The text, under the heading 'Term Sheet', included the following:	Н
I	"-Exclusivity period of 10 working days, starting upon the signing of a TS, lasting last until the earlier of (a) signing of definitive documentations or (b)	I
J	mutual agreement to termination	J
K	The TS needs to include details including, but not limited to: -LRC is not subject to funding constraints -mgmt downside protection of put of at least 6% IRR to LRC on remaining stake	K
L	-tenor of management contracts -corp governance (5 BoDs of which LRC 3x, mgmt. 1x, MSPEA 1x)."	L
M	204. In his witness statement, Mr. Gao Yu explained that those instructions had been	M
N	given to Mr. Choi for him to "relay the message to LRC, and hopefully to convince LRC to accept our additional requests." He went on to note that Mr. Choi "ultimately achieved,	N
o	amongst other matters, a shorter exclusivity period."210	0
P	3 June 2015: the engagement of Freshfields by LR Capital - information forwarded to Mr. Choi by Mr. Devon Fu	P
Q	205. An email to Mr. Choi, sent at 11:07 pm on 3 June 2015, under the Subject	Q
R	heading: Fw AMTD-engagement terms, forwarded an attachment of Freshfields' draft	R
	Engagement Letter with LR Capital and Freshfields' Terms of Business. The email from Mr. Devon Fu contained no message and was not copied to anyone other than Mr. Choi. <sup>211</sup>	K
S	vii. Devon i a contained no message and was not copied to anyone other than wii. Choi.	S
T		T
U	<sup>210</sup> Bundle 35, pages 11837-11838, paragraph 20. <sup>211</sup> Bundle 20, page 7085.	U

- 56 -

206.	Those documents had been sent in an email at 11:02 on 3 June 2015 to
Mr. Howa	<mark>ard Cong and Mr. Devon Fu by Ms. Teresa Ko of Freshfields.</mark> In addressing Mr. Cong
and Mr. D	Devon Fu in the email, Ms. Teresa Ko said: <sup>212</sup>
	"It was good to meet you this morning. As discussed with Howard, I am pleased to inform you that we have cleared our conflicts check and are free to act for you on this project."
207.	On the draft Engagement Letter, Ms. Teresa Ko said: <sup>213</sup>
	"Thank you for asking us to advise you on the potential (acquisition of?) an interest in the AMTD Group. We are happy to advise you on the terms below."
Under the	heading 'The Engagement' the Project was described as the, "potential acquisition
of approx	imately 70% of the shares in AMTD Group from existing shareholders". The scope
of Freshfi	elds work was described as "Advice on the commercial merits or advisability of any
aspects of	f the project."
208.	The fact of the provision to Mr. Choi, in an email sent on 3 June 2015 by
	n Fu, of the draft Engagement Letter between Freshfields and LR Capital was
	to specifically in the Commission's NPDA, <sup>214</sup> in the context of the Commission's
	s that, Mr. Choi "directed the decision-making of LR Capital Financial in
connectio	n with Project Frontier." <sup>215</sup>
209.	On its face, the provision of information to the team leader of UBS, who were
	to advise the selling shareholders, of the scope and terms on which, as a potential
0 0	ATMD's shares, LR Capital was negotiating to engage lawyers to give it advice on the
•	ial merits of the project, was surprising, to say the least. It begged obvious questions
about the	relationship between Mr. Choi and Mr. Devon Fu, as well as LR Capital.
4 June 20	115:
(i)	LR Capital's updated offer
210.	In an email from Mr. Howard Cong, sent at 7:30 am on 4 June 2015, to
Mr. Kings	sley Chan and Mr. Choi, amongst others, the Subject heading was: Updated Binding
	20, page 7085.
<sup>214</sup> Core Bu	20, page 7087. undle, page 32, at paragraph 23.
	andle, page 31, at paragraph 20.

- 57 -

	11. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12.	A
	ital Group to acquire a controlling interest in AMTD Group Company Limited. <sup>216</sup> rmed them that LR Capital had "retained Freshfields as our legal advisor" and	В
	LR Capital had "no cash constraints to complete the transaction and settle in	
	g to our proposed payment schedules included in the attachment".	C
211.	Attached to the email was that Updated Binding Offer. It confirmed, amongst	D
other things, th	nat the deposit of HKD 16m was "irrevocable and non-refundable subject to the	E
following cond	ditions:	
•	the company and shareholders undertake and agree that an exclusive period until	F
	June 15 <sup>th</sup> inclusive to be given to LRC for all parties to finalise transaction documents with good faith"	G
	douments with good rathing	Н
(ii) Lis	st of the interest of other potential buyers	
		I
	In an email dated 4 June 2015, without any Subject heading, sent at 4:32 pm by fr. Devon Fu at LR Capital Group, detailed information was provided as to the	J
	herwise of fifteen potential buyers of the shares of AMTD: five Banks; five	ŭ
	npanies; three Investment Companies; and two 'Others'. 217	K
213.	For his part, in his evidence Mr. Kingsley Chan agreed that 4 June 2015 was in	L
the "middle	of the sell-side negotiating" with LR Capital and that the provenance of the	M
information de	tailed by Mr. Choi was the work that he had performed for MSPE, but he baulked	
at agreeing tha	t providing that information to LR Capital it was not in the interests of the selling	N
shareholders: <sup>2</sup>	218	
Q.	4 June 2015 would be in the middle of the sell-side negotiating with LRC,	0
	correct?	P
A.	Correct	
Q.	What Calvin Choi was doing was telling LRC the positions of the other potential buyers; correct?	Q
A.	Seems to be.	R
Q.	And those positions that Calvin Choi knew about were pursuant to work that he did for you, for the selling shareholders; correct?	S
A.	Correct.	
		T
<ul><li><sup>216</sup> Bundle 20, pa</li><li><sup>217</sup> Bundle 20, pa</li></ul>		U

A			Α
В	Q.	So it was not in the selling shareholders' interest to share this information with LRC; correct?	В
С	A.	Not in their interest but I don't again, it's I cannot see the background of the email and on what why this email came about on 4 June which was was it 4 June or	C
D	Q.	4 June.	D
E	A.	4 June, right, which was what which was after we received their first binding offer on 29 May.	E
F	 Q.	But, after 29 May, you were trying to get more from LRC; correct?	F
G	A.	Correct.	G
I	5 June 2015	Mr. Choi's draft email for LR Capital to send to UBS	Н
	214. Mr. Kingsley (	Mr. Howard Cong Lin sent an email at 06:55 am on 5 June 2015 <sup>219</sup> to Chan and others at UBS, including Mr. Choi, under the Subject heading: LRC	I
	11	ental items. The email set out additional terms proposed by LR Capital to those e 'Binding Offer". The text had its provenance in a draft provided by Mr. Choi	J
	in an email to	Mr. Devon Fu at 06:51 am on 5 June 2015 <sup>220</sup> .	K
	6 June 2015	Mr. Choi's drafts of emails for LR Capital to send to Freshfields	L
Ī	(i) AMTD-	-follow-ups	M
	215. am on 6 June	In an email sent by Freshfields to Mr. Devon Fu and Mr. Howard Cong at 6:37 e 2015 under the Subject heading: AMTD-follow-ups, Ms. Teresa Ko said,	N
	· ·	you/us much time to review term sheet if it has to be signed by 10 am Sunday will follow up Devon/Howard-please if possible give us an indication as to when	o
	it will arrive -	many thanks. Teresa. <sup>221</sup>	P
	216. Mr. Choi sent	Mr. Devon Fu forwarded that email to Mr. Choi at 08:01 am. In response, an email to Mr. Devon Fu at 08:06 am, which provided the text of a letter to	Q
	Freshfields that	anking them for their support, indicating that the term sheet had been received	R
	"last night" an	nd requesting, "Can we have a call as early as possible this morning to quickly	S
	<sup>219</sup> Bundle 21, pa <sup>220</sup> Bundle 21, pa		T
	<sup>221</sup> Bundle 21, pa		U

- 59 -

discuss an	nd give some of our initial comment and quick views after reading through it.". The
draft cond	cluded <sup>222</sup> :
	"As communicated with <i>our</i> Canada HQ overnight <i>we</i> still aim to sign tomorrow morning at 10 am given the highly competitive nature of the deal and <i>we</i> know that multiple buyers have been still pushing to get in as of vectorday." [Italian
	that multiple buyers have been still pushing to get in as of yesterday". [Italics added.]
217.	The email, sent at 08:11 am on 6 June 2015, by Mr. Howard Cong to Freshfields
contained	the text of Mr. Choi's draft of the email to be sent to Freshfields that he sent to
Mr. Fu. 223	
218.	It may be, although it is not certain because he did not identify the particular
	t, that this is the email that Mr. Howard Cong Lin referred to in his witness statement
Č	been drafted by Mr. Choi, namely "a draft to Ms. Teresa Ko of Freshfields to convene
a meeting	to discuss the term sheet". 224
219.	For his part, Mr. Howard Cong Lin said that following the receipt of the first
draft of th	e term sheet "on around 5 June 2015" he and Mr. Devon Fu had spoken to Mr. Choi,
"on the i	reasonableness of our comments and suggested amendments to the term sheet".
Following	g their discussions, Mr. Choi agreed "to summarise our comments as a basis for our
discussion	ns." As a result, Mr. Choi had provided a second email to Mr. Devon Fu, which
reflected	those discussions. He did not identify that email either.
(ii) D	Praft Term Sheet - instructions to Freshfields to negotiate with the sell-side
220.	In an email sent at 9:32 am on 6 June 2015 by Mr. Howard Cong Lin to
Freshfield	ls, under the Subject heading: Pj Frontier - Draft Term Sheet, Mr. Howard Cong Lin
wrote, "S	everal initial comments and views my end". The email gave instructions and sought
•	dvice from the solicitors acting for LR Capital Group and asserted that stipulated
informati	on had been obtained confidentially. <sup>225</sup>
<sup>223</sup> Bundle	21, page 7159. 21, page 7166.
	35, pages 11847-11848, paragraph 19. 21, pages 7192-7193.

- 60 -

A		A
	The provenance of the text in Mr. Howard Cong Lin's email were two earlier	
В	emails sent by Mr. Choi to Devon Fu, respectively at 09:08 and 09:11 am on 6 June 2015. 226	В
C	7 June 2015	C
D	(i) information obtained from Mr. Kingsley Chan of the sell-side's negotiation position on the Term Sheet sent by email by Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu and forwarded to	D
E	Freshfields	E
	By an email to Mr. Kingsley Chan, sent at 12:26 am on 7 June 2015, Mr. Choi	
F	wrote, "I just finished a discussion with LR Managing Partner Howard and their in-house Asher,	F
G	please kindly find below their views and feedback"227. Having confirmed that LR Capital	G
	agreed to the first and second items in the previous email and that they did not seek to perform	J
Н	due diligence, Mr. Choi wrote, " my understanding is that they are looking to collect mainly key information below in order to fill in their internal board paper/investment committee	Н
I	requirements." Then, he listed out six items, including:	I
J	"(5) budgets and business plans; (6) key business lines/focuses, management hierarchy/internal approvals/limits	J
K	and key operation flows"	K
L	223. At 01:13 am on 7 June 2015 Mr. Choi wrote to Mr. Kingsley Chan: <sup>228</sup>	L
M	"On top: checked their views softly-they will need v and vi as part of internal IC requirements especially vi."	M
N	224. At 01:34 am Mr. Kingsley Chan replied:	N
O	"we'll help facilitate the gathering of (v) and (vi)-ideally after signing but if making their lives difficult then we can try before signing (just that let's all be	O
P	mindful that it won't slow down the process, as nature of these items mean they need quite some time to digest, esp without advisors)  Although we can always respond that we understand that IC has already	P
Q	approved, we want to be as cooperative as possible too (if otherwise, we should know) Hope they appreciate as well  We trust you'll help manage this point delicately."	Q
R	o dasse you it help manage this point defication.	R
S		S
T	226 Bundle 21, page 7183.	T
U	<ul> <li>Bundle 21, page 7263</li> <li>Bundle 21, page 7295.</li> </ul>	U

- 61 -

225.	At 01:37 am, having removed the name of the sender and those of all the	
-	of Mr. Kingsley Chan's email, Mr. Choi forwarded the former's email, together with	
a lengthy e	email chain of emails, to Mr. Devon Fu. <sup>229</sup>	
226. Freshfields	At 08:45 am, Mr. Devon Fu forwarded Mr. Kingsley Chan's email, to sobserving, 230	
	"FYI-pls off-record and keep confidential." [Italics added.]	
227.	At 08:46 am Mr. Devon Fu forwarded the email, which he had sent to	
	s, to Mr. Choi. <sup>231</sup>	
M	erm Sheet and Management contract - Mr. Choi's drafts of an email sent to Ir. Devon Fu of comments, instructions to be given to and advice sought from	
$F_{I}$	reshfields for LR Capital to send to Freshfields	
228. 2015 <sup>232</sup> , M	By three emails sent respectively at 07:20 am, 07:23 am and 07:25 am on 7 June Ir. Choi sent Mr. Devon Fu what he described in the first email as "Comments below".	
	to such comments, instructions were given and advice was sought on specific topics.	
229.	The existing provision in respect of the Binding effect of the term sheet was	
described	as "not acceptable". Of the provision in respect of Management incentives, the	
question w	vas posed, "are we agreeing/leaving open end too much to be given away (?)" Also,	
advice was	s sought and suggestions made. The view was asserted:	
	"(we) feel very strange and uncomfortable that they push for the right to 'declare and pay dividends to its shareholders in the period prior to closing".	
230.	Mr. Devon Fu forwarded to Freshfields the text provided to him by Mr. Choi in	
three email	ls, sent respectively at 07:24 am, 07:25 am and 07:26 am. <sup>233</sup>	
221	Finally at 07:20 and Mr. Daving Fry formsonded the amount shair to Mr. Chair	
231.	Finally, at 07:29 am Mr. Devon Fu forwarded the email chain to Mr. Choi.	
	1, page 7295.	
<ul> <li>Bundle 21, page 7307.</li> <li>Bundle 21, page 7307.</li> <li>Bundle 21, page 7302.</li> <li>Bundle 21, page 7303.</li> </ul>		

- 62 -

A			A
В	$\mathcal{C}$	Anagement contract - Mr. Choi's drafts of an email sent to Mr. Devon Fu for LR Capital to send to Freshfields with instructions on negotiations with the sell-side hareholders	В
C	232.	In an email from Freshfields to Mr. Howard Cong and Mr. Devon Fu sent at	C
D		7 June 2015, under the Subject heading: Frontier-management contract, comments e on various clauses of the share purchase agreement and an invitation made to the	D
E	recipients,	"If you have any other comments on the service contract, please let us know."234	E
F	233.	Mr. Devon Fu forwarded that email at 10:33 to Mr. Choi <sup>235</sup> , who responded with	F
	an email a	about 11:04 on 7 June 2015, which was in the form of a response by LR Capital to	
G		s giving instructions in strident terms and seeking advice on stipulated issues in the agement service contract. <sup>236</sup>	G
Н	drait mane	agement service conduct.	Н
I	234.	In an email from Mr. Devon Fu sent to Freshfields at 11:20 am on 7 June 2015,	I
	the text pr	ovided by Mr. Choi in his earlier email was incorporated in the email. <sup>237</sup>	
J	(; ) T		J
K		Term sheet - Mr. Choi's draft of an email with comments and instructions for LR Capital to send to Freshfields	K
	235.	By an email sent to Freshfields at 11:38 am on 7 June 2015, Mr. Devon Fu	
L	provided	"comments" on five items under the Subject heading: Frontier - term sheet &	L
	•	ent contract. <sup>238</sup> Although described as 'comments', the text included not only	
M	_	s of agreement to various proposals by Freshfields but also specific instructions in	M
N		some of the five headings.	N
11	respect of	some of the five headings.	11
o	236.	The provenance of the text in Mr. Devon Fu's email was an earlier email sent to	0
	Mr. Devor	n Fu by Mr. Choi at 11:34 am on 7 June 2015. <sup>239</sup>	
P	237.	Earlier, at 10:18 am on 7 June 2015, Freshfields had sent an email to Mr. Devon	P
Q		he same subject heading, inviting comments on an attached markup of the term sheet,	Q
		earlier discussions. <sup>240</sup>	
R	Tollowing	Carrier discussions.	R
S			S
		21, pages 7333-7334. 21, page 7333.	5
T	<sup>236</sup> Bundle 2	21, page 7337.	T
		21, page 7351. 21, page 7343.	
U		21, page 7342. 21, page 7344.	U

- 63 -

A		A
В	(v) information as to the Sell-side's negotiation position from an email exchange between Mr. Kingsley Chan and Mr. Choi forwarded by Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu	В
C	238. In a similar manner Mr. Choi forwarded another email to Mr. Devon Fu that he had received from Mr. Kingsley Chan in their own exchange of emails on 7 June 2015. At 7:32	C
D	pm, Mr. Choi had informed Mr. Kingsley Chan, Mr. Gao Yu and the management of AMTD of	D
E	the result of discussions with LR Capital in respect of the issue of a guarantee and the binding terms of the term sheet. <sup>241</sup>	E
F	239. At 8:43 pm, Mr. Kingsley Chan replied to Mr. Choi, copied to Mr. Gao Yu, and various persons at Linklaters and AMTD: <sup>242</sup>	F
G	"Suggest we shd still target to exchange signature pages this evening (please try to inform BP too).	G
Н		Н
I	<ol> <li>Guarantee-we trust Calvin's understanding of their ability/background, my view is not ideal but ok</li> </ol>	I
J	2) Binding-because we don't have the SHA details/mgmt vs bis plan details/funds proof yet, we can agree on valn/structure etc, but that shall remain non-binding."	J
K	[Italics added.]	K
L	240. At 9:44 pm, Mr. Choi forwarded the email messages to Mr. Devon Fu at LR Capital. 243	L
M	Сарпаі.	M
N	241. At 9:53 pm, Mr. Devon Fu forwarded Mr. Kingsley Chan's comments, which he had received in the email from Mr. Choi, in an email to Freshfields with the message: <sup>244</sup>	N
0	"FYI, keep confidential."	0
P	In response to the suggestion made in cross-examination that Mr. Choi was	P
Q	forwarding confidential information from the Sell-side to the buyers, Mr. Kingsley Chan merely responded, "Yes, he has forwarded the emails." <sup>245</sup>	Q
R		R
S		S
T	<sup>241</sup> Bundle 22, page 7561. <sup>242</sup> Bundle 22, page 7561.	T
U	<ul> <li>Bundle 22, page 7561.</li> <li>Bundle 21, page 7564.</li> <li>Transcript, page 270 R.</li> </ul>	U

- 64 -

A		A
В	12 June 2015: SPA/SHA - Mr. Choi's draft of an email sent to Mr. Devon Fu for LR Capital to be sent to Freshfields of instructions of its negotiating position on the SPA and seeking advice	В
C	243. In an email sent to Mr. Devon Fu, at 8:06 pm on 12 June 2015, Mr. Choi wrote, "mspe propose the wording to be amended as follows". Thereafter, he set out the text of the	C
D	proposed amendment to a clause of the draft SHA. All of the text of Mr. Choi's email was incorporated in an email Mr. Howard Cong Lin sent to Freshfields at 8:13 pm on 12 June 2015,	D
E	under the Subject heading: [Confidential] SPA/SHA, to which was added the statement that the	E
F	proposed amendment had been obtained from "a very confidential channel" and the exhortation "so please keep it off-record". <sup>246</sup>	F
G	13 June 2015: SPA mark-up - Mr. Choi's draft of an email for LR Capital to send to Freshfields	G
Н	In an email to Mr. Howard Cong Lin and Mr. Devon Fu sent at 4:59 pm on	Н
I	13 June 2015, <sup>247</sup> under the Subject heading: Frontier-SPA mark-up, Freshfields wrote, "here are the key items for your focus on the SPA." The accompanying text referred to multiple	I
J	provisions and clauses in the agreement, made comments/suggestions and gave advice.	J
K	245. Mr. Devon Fu forwarded the email to Mr. Choi in an email sent at 5:04 pm on 13 June 2015. 248 At 6:15 pm Mr. Choi sent an email to Mr. Devon Fu addressing the points	K
L	raised in the email sent by Freshfields, issuing a series of instructions to and seeking advice	L
M	from LR Capital's lawyers. <sup>249</sup> The text of the email was a draft of an email to be sent to Freshfields.	M
N	In an email to Freshfields from Mr. Howard Cong, sent at 6:32 pm on 13 June	N
o	2015, all of the text provided by Mr. Choi was incorporated. <sup>250</sup>	O
P	In an email to Mr. Choi, sent at 6:33 pm on 13 June 2015, Mr. Howard Cong	P
Q	forwarded the email he sent to Freshfields. <sup>251</sup>	Q
R		R
S	<sup>246</sup> Bundle 23, page 8018.	S
T	<ul> <li>Bundle 23, page 7976.</li> <li>Bundle 23, page 7976.</li> <li>Bundle 23, pages 7974-7976.</li> </ul>	T
<b>T</b> I	<ul> <li>Bundle 23, page 7980.</li> <li>Bundle 23, page 7980.</li> </ul>	<b>T</b> T

- 65 -

A			A
	14 June 201	5	
3	, ,	A - Mr. Choi's draft of an email sent to Mr. Devon Fu of LR Capital's negotiating sition and instructions in respect of the SHA for LR Capital to send to Freshfields	В
C	-		C
)	248. under the Su	In an email sent at 10:32 on 14 June 2015 by Asher at LR Capital to Freshfields abject heading: Frontier-SPA & SHA, Freshfields, was presented with: <sup>252</sup>	D
E		"our comments and views on SHA".	E
₹	Those comm	ments were set out as responses by 'Lrc', to comments that had been made and	F
	instructions	sought by Freshfields in an email sent to Mr. Howard Cong and Mr. Devon Fu at	
j	4:39 pm on	12 June 2015 under a series of headings: <sup>253</sup>	G
Į.		"We wanted to flag some specific items on the share transfer provisions in the SHA which you will need to review closely and advise on your instructions"	Н
	249.	In an email sent, at 7:09 pm on 13 June 2015, by Mr. Devon Fu to Mr. Choi, the	I
	email receiv	red by Mr. Devon Fu from Freshfields was forwarded. <sup>254</sup>	J
	250.	Mr. Choi responded in an email sent at 10:26 am on 14 June 2015 to Mr. Devon	K
	Fu. It contain	ned a detailed draft of a letter from "Jennifer and Asher" to Freshfields addressing:	
		ments and views on SHA". <sup>255</sup> The text of the draft sent by Mr. Choi to Devon Fu the text in the email sent by LR Capital at 10:32 am on 14 June 2015. <sup>256</sup>	L
	was asea as	the text in the cinal sent by Lit cupital at 10.52 am on 11 tune 2015.	$\mathbf{M}$
	(ii) SPA	4 - Mr. Choi's draft of an email for LR Capital to send to Freshfields	N
	251.	In an email sent to Mr. Devon Fu at 5:20 pm on 14 June 2015, Mr. Choi provided	N
		a draft letter to Freshfields with comments on the draft Sale and Purchase	o
		<sup>57</sup> . The draft letter concluded:	
	<i>G</i>		P
		"Please incorporate the above and go back to the sellers and linklaters as soon as possible as time is running quite short."	Q
			R
			S
	<ul><li>252 Bundle 24,</li><li>253 Bundle 24,</li></ul>	pages 8209-8210. page 8202.	3
	<ul> <li>254 Bundle 24,</li> <li>255 Bundle 24,</li> <li>256 Bundle 24,</li> </ul>	page 8202. page 8201.	Т
	<sup>257</sup> Bundle 24,		IJ

- 66 -

A		A
	15 June 2015: SHA - Mr. Choi's comments in an email to Devon Fu	
В	In an email sent to Devon Fu at 12:41 on 15 June 2015 under the Subject heading:	В
C	Frontier-Revised SHA 14 June, Mr. Choi provided comments on nine of the provisions of the	C
D	draft Revised Shareholders Agreement under the heading 'Lrc'. 258 Agreement was expressed	
D	in respect of some of the provisions but, in a number of instances, it was suggested that the time	D
E	in which certain events were to occur be extended. For example, in respect of the provision that	E
	non-transferring shareholders have 10 business days in which to respond to a notice from the	
F	transferring shareholders that it intends to transfer shares, it was stated:	F
G	"Lrc: we want to extend the time to 30 days".	G
Н	16 June 2015	Н
	(i) SHA -Mr. Choi's comments/draft email for LR Capital to send to Freshfields	
I	In an email, sent by Mr. Choi to Mr. Howard Cong and Mr. Devon Fu at 3:43	I
J	am on 16 June 2015, Mr. Choi provided detailed comments on the provisions of the draft	J
	Shareholders Agreement under sixteen different headings. <sup>259</sup>	
K	254	K
L	In an email to Freshfields, sent at 09:27 am on 16 June 2015, under the Subject	т
L	heading: Update call on SHA, Mr. Devon Fu incorporated the text of Mr. Choi's earlier email verbatim beneath the statement, "FYI below some SHA items for our discussion". <sup>260</sup>	L
M	verbatilit beneath the statement, If I I below some SHA items for our discussion.	M
N	(ii) SPA and SHA - Mr. Choi's draft of an email sent to Mr. Devon Fu for LR Capital to send to ATMD	N
0	In an email, sent by Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu at 9:01 am on 16 June 2015,	0
U	Mr. Choi provided the text of a letter to be sent by Mr. Howard Cong to Mr. Alan Tsang (of	О
P	AMTD): <sup>261</sup>	P
Q	" Dear Alan - Thank you for your partnership and support	Q
R	Please find below the key items we discussed as well as <i>specific clauses/areas</i> of which our IC/head office have strong resistance and pose potential deal breakers.	R
S	Appreciate your coordination with mspe and counsel sides and push forward."	S
T		Т
1	<ul> <li>Bundle 24, pages 8394-8395.</li> <li>Bundle 24, pages 8450-8451.</li> </ul>	1
U	260 Bundle 24, pages 8450-8468. 261 Bundle 24, pages 8459-8460.	U

- 67 -

V

		A
	[Italics added.]	
		В
256.	In the attached text a total of twenty-one issues were addressed at length under	•
•	rate headings 'SPA' and 'SHA'. The text of Item 15 evidenced the assertion, in the draft	C
text of the	he email to be sent to Mr. Tsang, of "potential deal breakers":	D
	"15. Buyers' knowledge warranty schedule 4: we resist the addition of buyers knowledge warranty in schedule 4. Extremely wide coverage and our IC simply deleted the whole in this alongside with item 7 and 11 are potential deal breakers."	E
257.	In an email sent by Mr. Howard Cong to Mr. Alan Tsang at 09:05 am on 16 June	F
2015, u	nder the Subject heading: Important Matters and Confidential, the text provided by	G
Mr. Cho	i was incorporated verbatim, save for the addition of exclamation marks after the	
introduc	tory statement in the letter "Thanks for your partnership and support!!" 262 A copy of	Н
the emai	il sent to Mr. Alan Tsang was forwarded to Mr. Choi by Mr. Howard Cong at 09:06 am	
on 16 Ju	me 2015. <sup>263</sup>	I
		J
	2015 - Mr. Choi's draft of an email in respect of the SHA sent to Mr. Devon Fu for LR	J
Capital	to send to AMTD	K
258.	In an email sent by Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu at 7:29 am on 17 June 2015, the	
	letter to be sent to Mr. Alan Tsang of AMTD by Mr. Howard Cong Lin was set out. At	L
	et, it was stated that the text contained, "a summary of what we discussed and agreed	
	Γhe text contained a series of headings highlighted by an asterisk: <sup>264</sup>	M
-	*definition of connected person;	N
	*permitted transfers;	
	*ROFO last look;	O
	*tag/drag;	P
	*put;	r
	*management claims put; and	Q
	*EOD	_
		R
		S
		~
<sup>262</sup> Bundl	e 24, pages 8461-8462.	T
<sup>263</sup> Bundl	e 24, page 8461. e 24, page 8505.	
	71 U	U

- 68 -

A		A
В	The text beneath the respective headings described variously matters that had been discussed, agreed and accepted.	В
C		C
D	259. The text provided by Mr. Choi was incorporated verbatim in an email with the Subject heading: SHA - Final Key Items sent at 7:32 am by Mr. Howard Cong Lin to Mr. Alan Tsang of AMTD. <sup>265</sup> Having received an email in reply from Mr. Alan Tsang at 10:52 am,	D
E	"Would you pls give me a call to discuss I have made some progress", Mr. Howard Cong Lin	E
F	forwarded that email and his earlier email to Mr. Tsang to Mr. Choi at 10:57 am. 266	F
G	The Sale and Purchase agreement: 19 June 2015	C
G	The Sale and Purchase Agreement between LR Capital Financial Holdings	G
Н	Limited ("the Buyer"), the selling shareholders and AMTD Group Company Limited was signed on 19 June 2015. The transaction was completed in October 2015. 267	Н
I	signed on 19 June 2013. The transaction was completed in October 2013.	I
J	II. Mr. Choi's conduct in his role as a sell-side adviser pre-29 May 2015	J
K	(i) 20 April 2015 - AMTD's NDA	K
L	In an email to Mr. Devon Fu, under the Subject heading: EL with UBS, sent at 7:38 pm on 20 April 2015, Mr. Choi attached the Non-Disclosure Agreement provided by	L
	AMTD Group for UBS to sign, together with an entire email chain. The NDA had been	
M	provided to Mr. Choi in an email from Mr. Alan Tsang of AMTD in an earlier email, under the same Subject heading, sent at 6:17 pm. <sup>268</sup> The email chain included an email from Mr. Choi to	M
N	Mr. Kingsley Chan in which he had described CMI as "very interested in this deal", namely to	N
0	acquire a controlling interest in ATMD.	O
P	(ii) 13 May 2015 - Briefing material for the preparation of a teaser	P
	In an email to Mr. Devon Fu, sent at 6:18 pm on 13 May 2015, Mr. Choi attached	
Q	the briefing material to be used for the preparation of a teaser, which had been attached to an	Q
R		R
S		S
T	<ul> <li>Bundle 24, pages 8506-8507.</li> <li>Bundle 24, page 8517.</li> <li>Bundle 33, page 11162, paragraph 29(b) [Witness statement of Mr. Andy Lee]; and Bundle 5, pages 1544-1737.</li> </ul>	T
U	<sup>268</sup> Bundle 16, page 5417.	U

- 69 -

A		A
В	email sent to Mr. Choi from Mr. Kingsley Chan earlier at 10:53 am on 13 May 2015. <sup>269</sup> The material described AMTD Group as having been: <sup>270</sup>	В
	material described AWTD Group as having been.	_
C	• founded in 2003 by the founder shareholders, including Cheung Kong (Holdings) Limited, the Commonwealth Bank of Australia and the current management,	C
D	and has been a subsidiary controlled by Cheung Kong Holdings Limited for	D
E	many years in the past	E
	• The company is now controlled by Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia and the	
F	current management after the management buyout in 2014."	F
C	263. Further, it asserted:	C
G	"Financial data in 2014 [managerial financial report to be audited]	G
Н	> The income was about HKD 250 million, up 13% over 2013 > The net profit was about HKD 80 million".	Н
I	(iii) 19 May 2015 - AMTD's 2012 -2014 audit reports and AMTD's corporate structure	I
J	In an email sent to Mr. Devon Fu, at 9: 51 am on 19 May 2015, Mr. Choi	J
K	attached AMTD's 2012 audit reports and a graphic representation of AMTD's corporate structure. <sup>271</sup> Those documents included:	K
L	• the Report and Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31	L
M	December 2012 of the AMTD Group Company Limited (incorporated in the British Virgin Islands ); and	M
N	• the Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31	N
0	December 2012 for its seven wholly-owned subsidiaries incorporated in Hong Kong. <sup>272</sup>	o
P	The attendaments had been provided to Mr. Chailing an arrest court of 0.42 and that	P
	265. The attachments had been provided to Mr. Choi in an email sent at 9:43 am that day from Mr. Thomas Chan at AMTD. He informed Mr. Choi that the attachments were	
Q	"password protected zip files". <sup>273</sup> Also, he said that later in the morning he would send Mr. Choi	Q
R	the reports and Consolidated Financial Statements for the years 2013 and 2014.	R
s		S
T	<ul> <li>Bundle 17, page 5862.</li> <li>Bundle 18, page 5888.</li> <li>Bundle 18, page 5961.</li> </ul>	Т
U	<ul> <li>Bundle 18, pages 5965-6170.</li> <li>Bundle 18, page 5961.</li> </ul>	U

- 70 -

 $\mathbf{U}$ 

A			A
	266. In an email, sent to Mr. Choi at 10:25 am that day M	Mr. Thomas Chan provided	
В	him with a, " password protected zip file containing the full se	et of 2012 to 2014 AMTD	В
C	Group & subsidiaries audited financial report". <sup>274</sup> In an email to M am that day, Mr. Choi provided him with the attached Zip files. <sup>275</sup> In		C
D	at 10:36 am that day, Mr. Thomas Chan provided him with the password valudited financial reports, informing him that the password value of the password va		D
E			E
	Mr. Thomas Chan's email with that information. <sup>276</sup>		
F			F
	(iv) 20 May 2015 - teaser provided to Mr. Devon Fu		
G			G
Н	In an email to Mr. Devon Fu, sent at 9:27 pm on 20 M	•	т
п	the froject frontier teaser document. The teaser crearry refreeted	the briefing material that	H
I	Mr. Choi had forwarded to Mr. Devon Fu on 13 May 2015.		I
	(a) 21 May 2015 tagger provided to Mr. Howard Cong Lin		
J	(v) 21 May 2015 - teaser provided to Mr. Howard Cong Lin		J
	268. In an email to Mr. Howard Cong, copied to Mr. Dev	on Fu, sent at 8:08 am on	
K	21 May 2015 Mr. Choi attached the same teaser document under the	e Subject heading: Project	K
L	Frontier-an opportunity to acquire controlling interest in the la	argest independent wealth	T
L	manager in hk with full sfc licences and big data, stating: 278		L
M	I Windle Cod attached an acquisition annuaturate Com		N
	"Kindly find attached an acquisition opportunity for UBS is the <i>exclusive sell-side advisor</i> -we will circulate		
N	an interest in the opportunity." [Italics added.]		N
0			_
U	269. In an email to Mr. Choi, sent at 8:44 am on 22 May 20	115, Mr. Devon Fu attached	O
P	a copy of the Project Frontier Confidentiality Agreement. <sup>279</sup>		P
Q	The evidence of Mr. Kingsley Chan and Mr. Gao Yu - instructions negotiations with LR Capital	to Mr. Choi to engage in	Q
R	In his witness statement, Mr. Kingsley Chan said tha	t: <sup>280</sup>	R
S			S
	<ul> <li>Bundle 19, page 6172.</li> <li>Bundle 19, page 6172.</li> </ul>		
T	<sup>276</sup> Bundle 20, page 6840.		T
	<sup>277</sup> Bundle 20, page 6869. <sup>278</sup> Bundle 20, page 6893.		
U	<sup>279</sup> Bundle 20, page 6912. <sup>280</sup> Bundle 35, pages 11825-11826, at paragraph 6.		U

- 71 -

A			A
В		"In or around mid-April 2015, the Selling Shareholders were informed that a company known as L.R. Capital ("LRC") (through a consortium to be formed with China Minsheng Investment Group ("CMIG") were interested in entering	В
C		the Hong Kong financial and capital markets and was particularly interested in acquiring an established platform such as AMTD. In fact, LRC had prior to the kick-off of Project Frontier submitted an unsolicited verbal offer to acquire a	C
D		controlling stake in AMTD at a valuation of HKD1.4 billion. In light of LRC's reiteration of its interest in acquiring LRC, the Selling Shareholders asked	D
E		Calvin (acting on behalf of UBS) to proactively engage in dialogue with them and meeting between the management teams was subsequently set up on 20 April 2015." [Italics added.]	E
F	271.	Mr. Kingsley Chan went on to refer to his email to Mr. Choi, dated 18 April	F
G	2015. He clai	imed that in the email he had told Mr. Choi that the selling shareholders understood	G
	his "confie	dence in LRC and CMIG's interest". He went on to assert that in the email he	
Н	reminded Mr	c. Choi that: <sup>281</sup>	Н
I		"it would also be important for UBS, as the sell-side advisor, not to disregard interest from other potential parties as we would need to ensure the project could	I
J		still progress <i>in the event that the negotiations with LRC</i> did not come to fruition." [Italics added.]	J
K	He explained	I that the selling shareholders were: <sup>282</sup>	K
L		"keen to leverage Calvin's insight and relationship with potential buyers that have demonstrated genuine interest to secure a transaction with high degree of certainty. As stated above, a meeting with LRC took place on 20 April 2015."	L
M		[Italics added.]	M
N	272.	Notwithstanding his assertion to the contrary, Mr. Kingsley Chan did not make	N
	any reference	e at all to LRC in his email, dated 18 April 2015. Rather, he referred to CMI: <sup>283</sup>	
0		"we understand your view and confidence regarding CMI's interest, yet it	0
P		would be important as sell-side advisor not to disregard interest (and hence value) from other potential parties"	P
Q		xplain, nor was he asked to do so in his oral testimony, why he referred to only	Q
R	CMI in the e	mail, rather than LRC or CMI and LRC.	R
S			S
T	<sup>282</sup> Bundle 35, j	page 11826, at paragraph 7(2). page 11826, at paragraph 8.	T
U	<sup>283</sup> Bundle 16, <sub>1</sub>	page 5394.	U

- 72 -

V

A		A	
	273. It is to be noted that in his witness statement Mr. Gao Yu asserted that, although		
В	Mr. Kingsley Chan made reference specifically to CMI in the email he sent to Mr. Choi and	В	
C	copied to Mr. Gao Yu, dated 18 April 2015, that, "I understood that to mean the interest from	C	
C	LRC". 284 For his part, he explained that in the first quarter of 2015 AMTD had received a verbal		
D	offer from LR Capital on a valuation of AMTD of \$1.4 billion. <sup>285</sup> Of subsequent developments, he said: <sup>286</sup>	D	
E	"During this stage of identifying suitable buyers, Mr. Choi informed me and	E	
F	Kingsley about interest from LRC to acquire AMTD. As mentioned above, prior to the engagement of UBS, the board of AMTD had already received an	F	
G	unsolicited verbal offer from LRC on the basis of a valuation of HKD 1.4 billion. Given that LRC had reiterated their interest through Mr. Choi, Kingsley and I specifically asked Mr. Choi and the team he led at UBS to prioritise LRC, and	G	
н	to pursue active dialogue with LRC in order to achieve a swift and favourable deal".	Н	
I	274. Mr. Gao Yu said that he understood, that in the context of those instructions to	I	
	Mr. Choi, and with his consent, the latter had provided LR Capital with documents by email,		
J	namely: <sup>287</sup>	J	
K	(i) 20 April 2015, a copy of a non-disclosure agreement;	K	
<del>-</del>	(ii) 13 May 2015, briefing material;	_	
L	(iii) 19 May 2015, information on the financial structure of AMTD; and	L	
M		M	
	(iv) 20 May 2015, the teaser.		
N		N	
0	20 April 2015 meeting		
0	Although there was a reference in an email sent by Mr. Choi to Mr. Kingsley	O	
P	Chan at 10:15 am on 20 April 2015 about a prospective meeting to be held on 21 April 2015	P	
	between CMI, Mr. Kingsley Chan and AMTD core management, there was no reference at all		
Q	to the involvement of LR Capital. In the email, Mr. Choi said: <sup>288</sup>	Q	
R	"Among other investors, cmi is very interested in this deal based on my various dialogues and tactful positioning of the opportunity with cmi top senior mgt	R	
S	They will especially visit HK tomorrow would like to meet with you all with the following suggested schedule for tomorrow (21st):	S	
T	<sup>284</sup> Bundle 35, page 11835, at paragraph 13 (2). <sup>285</sup> Bundle 35, page 11832, at paragraph 6.	T	
U	<ul> <li>Bundle 35, page 11834, at paragraph 12.</li> <li>Bundle 35, pages 11834-11835, at paragraph 12.</li> <li>Bundle 16, page 5418.</li> </ul>	U	

- 73 -

A		A
	*2 pm: meeting with alan and kingsley to discuss deal parameters	
В	*3 pm to 5 pm: meeting with amt core management (amt mgt to talk about and share amtd key business lines and development, strategies and performances) and Q&A	В
С	Please kindly confirm."	C
D		D
	Further, although there were repeated references to CMI in the exchange of	
E	emails that followed between Mr. Kingsley Chan, Mr. Alan Tsang and Mr. Choi as	E
F	arrangements were made for the meeting to take place there was no reference at all to LR	F
Г	Capital. <sup>289</sup>	r
G	(vi) 22 May 2015 - draft of an email for LR Capital to send to UBS	G
11	277. In an email sent to Mr. Choi, at 12:01 on 22 May 2015, under the Subject	
Н	heading: Draft, Mr. Devon Fu provided a draft of a letter to Mr. Choi: 290	Н
I	"Dear Calvin,	I
	Dear Carvin,	
J	Thanks for the introduction. We are quite interest in this opportunity and we would like to follow up closely with the company and the team to close the	J
K	transaction smoothly. Thanks!"	K
	278. In an email to Mr. Choi, copied to Mr. Devon Fu, sent at 3:23 pm on 22 May	
L	2015 and under the Subject heading: Project Frontier NDA_LRC, Mr. Howard Cong replied in	L
M	exactly the terms set out in Mr. Devon Fu's draft letter to Choi, adding <sup>291</sup> :	3.6
M		M
N	"Attached please kindly find our executed NDA from our side for your reference. Thanks much!"	N
0	Attached to the email was the Confidentiality Agreement signed by Mr. Cong Lin as Managing	0
	Partner on behalf of LR Capital Management Company (Cayman) Limited.	
P		P
Q	III. The negotiation of the Engagement Letter	Q
	(i) 31 March 2015	
R	279. In an email, sent on 31 March 2015 to Mr. Choi, under the Subject heading: EL	R
	with UBS, Mr. Kingsley Chan attached what he described as being "collective comments from	
S	with ODS, wil. Kingsicy Chair attached what he described as being confective comments from	S
T		Т
-	<sup>289</sup> Bundle 16, pages 5417-5418. <sup>290</sup> Bundle 20, page 6913.	1
U	<sup>291</sup> Bundle 20, page 6916.	U

- 74 -

A		202	A		
В		rs of AMTD (holding 95.16% of the group) on the engagement letter." <sup>292</sup> Attached l was a draft of the Engagement Letter, dated 18 March 2015. <sup>293</sup>	В		
C	Role of UB	S	C		
D	280.	Of the role of UBS, clause 1 provided that UBS was to act for AMTD Group Limited as "exclusive financial adviser in connection with the potential	D		
E		for up to one year" from the date of the engagement letter." 'Transaction' was	E		
F		defined as, "the sale, transfer or other disposition of all or a controlling stake of the share capital or assets of AMTD Group Company Limited and its subsidiary entities". 294 UBS was			
G	required to	provide "financial advice and assistance", including:	G		
Н		(a) in consultation with you, developing, updating and reviewing a list of potential purchasers and contacting potential purchasers ("Potential Investor List");	Н		
I			I		
J		(c) together with your other professional advisers, assisting in the negotiation of the terms of the Transaction for and on your behalf'.	J		
K	Exclusivity		K		
L	281.	Under the heading 'Exclusivity', clause 2 provided that: <sup>295</sup>	L		
M		"UBS shall work exclusively with the Company and shall not serve as an advisor in the sale of any other companies in a transaction or series of transactions substantially similar (sic) the Transaction Notwithstanding anything to the	M		
N		contrary in this clause nothing shall preclude UBS from assisting or advising a buyer requiring financing for the Transaction or arranging such financing."	N		
0	Fees		0		
P	282.	Clause 3 addressed the topic of fees to be paid to UBS by AMTD and stipulated	P		
Q	•	amely a "Success fee" and an "Incentive fee". Both fees were stipulated to be payable appletion of the Sale and Purchase Agreement in respect of the Transaction: the	Q		
R	Success fee was stipulated to be 1.5% of the equity value of the Company, with "a minimum				
	fee of US\$2 million" and the Incentive fee, payable at the sole discretion of the Company,				
S			S		
T		5, page 5136. 5, pages 5137-5163. 5, page 5137 Clause 1.	T		
U	<sup>295</sup> Bundle 15		U		

- 75 -

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A B	stipulated to be 4% of the incremental value that exceeds \$1.2 billion for 100% of the equity value of the Company. <sup>296</sup>	A B			
	value of the Company.	C			
C	Standard Terms				
D	283. Clause 4 of the draft agreement provided that UBS's "standard terms and conditions applicable to financial advisory mandates (" <b>Standard Terms</b> ") are set out in the	D			
E	attached Schedule A which is incorporated by reference into this letter. This letter and the Standard Terms shall be together referred to as the 'Engagement Letter.' "297	E			
F		F			
G	Conflicts of interest  284. Clause 6 of the Standard Terms and Conditions, attached to the Engagement	G			
Н	Letter, addressed the topic of 'Conflicts of interest' and, notwithstanding that such conduct might give rise to conflicts of duties under the Letter of Engagement, permitted other members	Н			
I	of the UBS Group to provide services to third parties, "provided that reasonable and industry-standard information barriers are in place and that persons performing such actions do not have	I			
J	access to the information provided by the Company. <sup>298</sup>	J			
K	(ii) 17 April 2015	K			
L	285. An email, sent by Mr. Choi on 17 April 2015 to Mr. Kingsley Chan, under the Subject heading: EL with UBS, provided "feedback from our asia new business committee" on	L			
M	the Engagement Letter. <sup>299</sup> Four topics were addressed: (i) minimum success fee; (ii) incentive fee; (iii) sell-side process; and (iv) exclusivity.	M			
N	ice, (iii) sen-side process, and (iv) exclusivity.	N			
O	Fees	O			
P	286. Of the minimum success fee, Mr. Choi said that, having obtained a special exemption and approval internally, UBS had "proposed a usd 2.8m min success fee", but had	P			
Q	now obtained special approval for a "reduced min success fee of usd 2.5 m". Of the incentive fee, Mr. Choi said that UBS had proposed 5%, but was prepared to accept 4% if the minimum	Q			
R	success fee was reduced to usd 2.5m, and the incentive fee had "a component of 0.5% out of	R			
S	the 4% to be paid in any case" on completion.	S			
T	<sup>296</sup> Bundle 15, pages 5138-5139. <sup>297</sup> Bundle 15, page 5139.	T			
U	298 Bundle 15, pages 5143-5144. 299 Bundle 16, page 5389.	U			

- 76 -

Exclusivit	y
287.	Of exclusivity, Mr. Choi said:
	"our committee is of firm view that we do not give exclusivity like the same for equities, debt and other advisory projects we conduct day-to-day in the
	markets."
The emai	1 concluded by inviting, "your support and kind understanding of the above
feedback	from our committee".
(iii) I	8 April 2015
288.	In an email to Mr. Choi sent at 11:04 on 18 April 2015, under the Subject
heading: I	EL with UBS, Mr. Kingsley Chan responded to Mr. Choi's email, "We have discussed.
	le, we are ok with your counter proposal on the commercial points below. Please send
us the rev	ised letter so that we can review soonest." The text went on to state: <sup>300</sup>
	" we understand your view on confidence regarding CMI's interest, yet it would be important as <i>sell-side advisor</i> not to disregard interest (and hence value) from other potential parties (eg GFS etc - who has clearly stated interest in HK
	WM platform). We trust you will strike a good balance between timing/value/certainty." [Italics added.]
289.	In his witness statement Mr. Gao Yu said that, although the Engagement Letter
	gned until September 2015, "the terms of the engagement letter were agreed by the or around April 2015." However, in his Supplemental Statement, dated 26
	r 2022, Mr. Gao Yu clarified that statement. What had been agreed at that date was general terms". The "precise provisions" had not been finalised by then. There were
Ţ.	in subsequent drafts": "success fee" and/or an "incentive fee" was changed to a
matching	; 100 .
290.	In that context, it is to be noted that the name of LR Capital did not appear on a lists of potential buyers sent by email on 13 and 31 March 2015 and 8 April 2015
<i>y</i> = 1 3110	1
300 Bundle	
301 Bundle 3	35, page 11833, at paragraph 9. 35, page 11961, at paragraph 4(I).

- 77 -

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A	202	A	
В	between Mr. Choi and Mr. Kingsley Chan. <sup>303</sup> The name of LR Capital first appeared on a list of potential buyers in an email sent by Mr. Choi to other members of UBS on 8 May 2015. <sup>304</sup>	В	
C	(iv) 23 April 2015	C	
D	291. In an exchange of emails, initiated by MSPE on 23 April 2015, under the Subject heading: El with UBS, contact was established between the in-house lawyers of MSPE and	D	
E	UBS for the purpose of reviewing the Engagement Letter between the parties. An email, sent	E	
F	at 8:25 pm on 23 April 2015, from MSPE to UBS, copied to Mr. Kingsley Chan, stated: <sup>305</sup>	F	
G	"Please find attached a revised version of your engagement letter. Could we have a call early tomorrow morning to try settle any pending points?"	G	
Н	The revised version is not available to the Tribunal.	Н	
I	(v) 24 - 27 April 2015	I	
J	In an exchange of emails internally within UBS on and between 24 to 27 April 2015, all of which involved Mr. Choi, discussions took place in respect of the Engagement	J	
K	Letter. In an email, sent at 10:43 am on 24 April 2015 to Mr. Choi, reference was made apparently to the revised version provided by MSPE the previous day, "please see below".	K	
L	Attention was drawn to the amendments made by MSPE to an earlier draft circulated by UBS.	L	
_	In an email, sent at 3:05 am on 26 April 2015, Mr. Choi wrote: 306		
M	in an email, sent at 3.03 am on 20 April 2013, wil. Chor wrote.	M	
N	"1. Financing for buyers: I will get mspe to support it and revert 2. EL parties: mspe agree this to be a EL btw ubs and selling shareholders"	N	
o	293. In an email to Mr. Choi, sent at 11:12 on 27 April 2015, Mr. Choi was asked,	0	
U	"Please also advise if the amendments to the incentive fee are fine". 307	0	
P		P	
	294. In an email from Mr. Choi, sent at 11:20 am on 27 April 2015, to Mr. Kingsley		
Q	Chan under the same Subject heading, Mr. Choi wrote: 308	Q	
R	"For your eyes only	R	
s	<sup>303</sup> Bundle 6, pages 2085, 2131 and 2132.	S	
T	304 Bundle 6, pages 2167-2174 305 Bundle 17, page 5590. 306 Bundle 17, page 5589.	T	
U	307 Bundle 17, page 5588. 308 Bundle 17, page 5588.		

- 78 -

		A
	Also,pls kindly advise what are the amendments to the incentive clause?"	В
(vi) 4 N	May 2015	Б
295.	In an email to Mr. Choi, sent on 4 May 2015, under the Subject heading: EL	C
with UBS, N	Mr. Kingsley Chan wrote: <sup>309</sup>	D
	"When you have a moment, we can discuss. I have gone back and asked them to tone down comments, so in short	E
	1) UBS can act advisor/underwriter for buy side financing - per your request; but cannot act as an advisor for buyer this same transaction for obvious reasons	F
	<ol> <li>UBS can act advisor for sell side for similar type of business, per your request</li> </ol>	G
	3) incentive fee - to make sure we are on the same page, the 0.5% (out of the 4%) automatically kicks is on the portion exceeding HKD 1.2bn equity valn; the same basis as the 4% discretionary incentive fee"	Н
	[Italics added.]	I
296.	Attached to the email was a draft Engagement Letter to be signed between UBS	J
and AMTD	Group. 310 Of the date of the letter, it stated, "May, 2015". The description of	
the 'Role of	f UBS' was the same as had been provided in clause 1 of the Engagement Letter	K
	the email of 31 March 2015 and the executed Engagement Letter, dated 10 2015, namely that of AMTD's "exclusive financial adviser in connection with the	L
	ansaction". Similarly, the description of the "financial advice and assistance" to be UBS was as described in those two documents, at clause 1 (a) and (c) of the former	M
•	(a) and (b) of the latter document.	N
(vii) 7 N	May 2015	o
297.	In an email to Mr. Kingsley Chan, sent on 7 May 2015, under the Subject	P
heading: EL	L with UBS, Mr. Choi wrote under the text heading, 'Engagement letter and fee	r
mechanism'	2. 311	Q
	"I summarised below the final engagement terms I have sent to you earlier."	R
		S
<sup>309</sup> Bundle 17,	page 5588	T
<sup>310</sup> Bundle 17,	pages 5588. pages 5592-5627. pages 5747-5749.	

- 79 -

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A			A
	The summary was the text of the letter that Mr. Choi had sent to Mr. Chan in the email of 17		
В	April 2015. In the accompanying text, Mr. Choi said: 312		
C		"We will definitely spend all our efforts to create most value and aim for the highest price possible amongst other criterion/factors to evaluate interested buyers".	C
D		ouyers.	D
	(viii) 8 I	May 2015	
E	298.	In an email to Mr. Choi, sent on 8 May 2015 under the Subject heading: EL with	E
F	UBS, Mr. K	ingsley Chan wrote: <sup>313</sup>	F
G		"See attached. On fees and sell side exclusivity:	G
**		all based on your committee's requests On conflicts:	
Н		1) UBS can act advisor/underwriter for buy side financing - per your request;	Н
I		but cannot act as buy-side advisor for this same transaction for obvious reasons	I
J		<ul><li>2) UBS can act advisor to sell-side for similar type of business per your request"</li><li>[Italics added.]</li></ul>	J
K	The attachment is not available to the Tribunal.		
L	299.	In his Supplemental Witness Statement, Mr. Kingsley Chan sought to explain	L
M	his statement in the email that it was "for obvious reasons" that he had told Mr. Choi that he		
	"cannot act	as buy-side advisor for the same transaction": 314	M
N		"if UBS acted as an advisor for a particular purchaser, that would create	N
O		conflict with its role as matcher to look for multiple purchasers. Put another way, if UBS advised one particular purchaser, it might not carry on the task of locating other quality prospective purchasers in an appropriate manner."	0
P			P
	300.	However, he asserted that the situation changed, after the receipt of LR Capital's	
Q	Binding Off	Fer on 29 May 2015:	Q
R		"Of course, this was no longer a concern after the Selling Shareholders received the Offer from LRCas the Offer was in principle satisfactory to us, and it was thus no longer possessary to look for other potential purphasers."	R
S		thus no longer necessary to look for other potential purchasers."	S
T	<sup>312</sup> Bundle 17,		T
U	313 Bundle 17, 314 Bundle 35,	page 5747. page 11854, at paragraph 4.	U

- 80 -

L			A			
	301.	Of the role of UBS following receipt of LR Capital's Binding Offer on 29 May				
	2015, Mr. 1	2015, Mr. Kingsley Chan said in his witness statement: <sup>315</sup>				
•		"After 29 May 2015 (and up to the completion of the sale on 19 June 2015), UBS was no longer expected to play, no longer played, the role of a matcher or	C			
)		introducing agent in the sale. It was no longer necessary for UBS to look for multiple potential buyers, because the terms of the offer received from LRC on 29 May 2015 were in principle satisfactory to the Selling Shareholders At	D			
		around this point, UBS and Calvin became responsible primarily for relaying information and resolving outstanding details between LRC and the Selling Shareholders"	E			
			F			
	(ix) 11	May 2015	G			
	302.	In an email to Mr. Kingsley Chan and Mr. Choi, sent by Mr. Kevin Jia at UBS				
		y 2015, it was stated that attached was a "revised EL for your reference. <sup>316</sup> The	Н			
	attachment	is not available to the Tribunal.	I			
	(r) 13	May 2015	-			
	, ,		J			
	303.	In an email to Ms. Emily Shi, Mr. Choi and others at UBS, sent at 07:11 on 13				
	May 2015,	Mr. Kingsley Chan said: <sup>317</sup>	K			
		"AMTD group will sign the EL and send to you today. Once received, pls discuss with your team to have the process launch."	L			
	304.	Although, further emails were exchanged on 13 May 2015 between Ms. Emily	M			
	Shi and Mı	r. Kingsley Chan about concluding the drafting process and signing the Engagement	N			
	Letter, that	Letter, that was not done until 10 September 2015.				
			o			
	22 June 20	015				
	305.	In an internal email within UBS, under the Subject heading: BRG updates, sent	P			
	on 22 June	e 2015 to the Heads of CCS, Mr. Choi provided an update of the progress of work	Q			
	with MSPI	E in respect of the sale of shares in AMTD: 318	Q			
		"AMTD sellers include MSPE, Management Investors and Blackpine Private	R			
		Equities. Cheung Kong will remain as a shareholder in the company. MSPE				
		introduced L.R. Capital, a Canada based global alternate asset manager and investment company, to an exclusive process, and dropped the sell-side process.	S			
		5, page 11854, at paragraph 5.	T			
	317 Bundle 1'	7, page 5864. 7, page 5863. 5, page 8633.	U			

- 81 -

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A		A
В	As our work has never formally started and we are still negotiating on the details of the EL (including terms of which MSPE is very much against such as how to safeguard our receiving of the final payment after the conclusion of the deal	В
C	including our ask for MSPE to pay USD1m upon signing of SPA and opening an escrow account etc), MSPE suggested to drop UBS sell side role as we have not started to perform any work as yet.	C
D	Fortunately, I know L.R. Capital well to ask for the buyer side of support to	D
E	request the sell-side to provide some sort of coordination and support along the deal by an <i>intermediary</i> , and I secured also support from blackpine of which I serve as the PCB. MSPE finally agreed to offer us a 1% "matching fee" and keep our name as "self-side advisor".	E
F	No work is required other than certain project coordination and top-level support directly handled by me L.R.C. will sign definitive documents with AMTD in the	F
G	Coming week.	G
Н	Please approve the 1% fee given"  [Italics added]	п
п		Н
I	In cross-examination, Mr. Cong Lin appeared to agree that the acronym "PCB"	I
	meant 'primary coverage banker'. He did not provide an answer to any of the repeated questions	
J	posed by Mr. Li that the tenor of the email made it clear that as on 22 June 2015, Mr. Choi was	J
	not the primary coverage banker of any companies of the LR Capital Group. However, having	
K	been shown the UBS records that evidenced the commencement of that role of Mr. Choi on 28	K
L	July 2015, Mr. Cong Lin indicated that he had "no problem" with those records. 319	L
M	UBS's letter to the Commission: 3 August 2018	M
141	307. In its response, dated 3 August 2018, to the Commission's earlier Notice that	IVI
N	UBS provide details of the circumstances in which the LR Capital became a buyer of AMTD's	N
	shares, UBS referred specifically to the email from Mr. Choi, dated 22 June 2015, of which it	
0	said: <sup>320</sup>	0
P	"UBS has not identified any evidence showing circumstances, in addition to the above, surrounding MSPE's purported introduction of LR Capital."	P
Q	ace 10, salte anomy 11.01 B o parported indeaded on of the cupital.	Q
-	Mr. Kingsley Chan	×
R	308. In his Supplemental Witness Statement, dated 25 November 2022, Mr. Kingsley	R
S	Chan referred specifically to the email from Mr. Choi, dated 22 June 2015, to the Heads of CCS.	S
	Of that, he said: <sup>321</sup>	
T		T
	<sup>319</sup> Transcript, page 338.	
U	<ul> <li>Bundle 2, pages 628-629.</li> <li>Bundle 35, pages 11855-11856, at paragraph 6(4).</li> </ul>	U

- 82 -

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	the S	vin's explanation in this email is consistent with my understanding of what Selling Shareholders expected of UBS in its role as an intermediary after a section of the consistent with my understanding of what selling Shareholders expected of UBS in its role as an intermediary after a section of the consistent with my understanding of what selling the consistent with the consistency of the cons
309.	Earl	ier in that Supplemental Witness Statement, Mr. Kingsley Chan said, "
after the S	elling Sl	nareholder's received LRC's Offer, a competitive bidding process was n
longer nec	essary so	it was no longer necessary to find other potential purchasers, and that the
sale procee	eded, and	d was ultimately completed, through principal-to-principal negotiation wit
LRC there	after.",322	The change of title in respect of the fees received by UBS from "success
fee" and/or	r "incent	ive fee", in the earlier drafts of the Engagement Letter, to "matching fee" i
		on of the Engagement Letter, dated 10 September 2015, "was intended to tely the role of UBS as an intermediary or go-between between the Sellin
Shareholde	ers and L	RC". Similarly, the reduced fees, "reflected the more limited role playe
by UBS	after a c	ompetitive bidding process was no longer necessary."323
310. Mr. Kingsl		vever, in cross-examination, the following exchange ensued wit
	Q.	The proposition is, even after LRC indicated an interest and even thoug Calvin was confident about that interest, you and the other selling shareholders wanted UBS and Calvin Choi to be on the lookout for other sellings.
	A.	potential buyers because the negotiations with LRC might not come to
	A. Q.	potential buyers because the negotiations with LRC might not come to fruition; correct?  Correct.
		potential buyers because the negotiations with LRC might not come to fruition; correct?  Correct.  So you regarded it as UBS and Calvin Choi's job, as sell-side adviser, to
	Q.	potential buyers because the negotiations with LRC might not come to fruition; correct?  Correct.  So you regarded it as UBS and Calvin Choi's job, as sell-side adviser, to be on the lookout for other potential buyers; correct?  Correct.
	Q. Q.	potential buyers because the negotiations with LRC might not come to fruition; correct?  Correct.  So you regarded it as UBS and Calvin Choi's job, as sell-side adviser, to be on the lookout for other potential buyers; correct?  Correct.  And that would be their job until all the way up to the time when the deal
	Q. Q. A.	potential buyers because the negotiations with LRC might not come of fruition; correct?  Correct.  So you regarded it as UBS and Calvin Choi's job, as sell-side adviser, to be on the lookout for other potential buyers; correct?  Correct.  And that would be their job until all the way up to the time when the deawas completed; correct?  By signing and closing, yes.  Now, we know negotiations with LRC did go well and a deal was eventually done - to use your words, "signed and closed" - and the
	Q. Q. A.	potential buyers because the negotiations with LRC might not come of fruition; correct?  Correct.  So you regarded it as UBS and Calvin Choi's job, as sell-side adviser, to be on the lookout for other potential buyers; correct?  Correct.  And that would be their job until all the way up to the time when the decay was completed; correct?  By signing and closing, yes.  Now, we know negotiations with LRC did go well and a deal was eventually done - to use your words, "signed and closed" - and the shareholders and the selling shareholders made substantial profit
	Q. Q. A. Q.	potential buyers because the negotiations with LRC might not come to fruition; correct?  Correct.  So you regarded it as UBS and Calvin Choi's job, as sell-side adviser, to be on the lookout for other potential buyers; correct?  Correct.  And that would be their job until all the way up to the time when the deawas completed; correct?  By signing and closing, yes.  Now, we know negotiations with LRC did go well and a deal was eventually done - to use your words, "signed and closed" - and the shareholders and the selling shareholders made substantial profit correct?
	Q. Q. A. A. Q.	potential buyers because the negotiations with LRC might not come to fruition; correct?  Correct.  So you regarded it as UBS and Calvin Choi's job, as sell-side adviser, to be on the lookout for other potential buyers; correct?  Correct.  And that would be their job until all the way up to the time when the deawas completed; correct?  By signing and closing, yes.  Now, we know negotiations with LRC did go well and a deal was eventually done - to use your words, "signed and closed" - and the shareholders — and the selling shareholders made substantial profits correct?

- 83 -

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A			A		
_	311.	In re-examination, Mr. Kingsley Chan resiled from that evidence. He asserted			
В	that he had testified in that way in the context of being questioned about: <sup>325</sup>				
C		A an unsigned engagement letter, whether, based on those terms that were set out in the engagement letter, that our interest as sellers would be protected and the role of the main parties, UBS and Calvin Choi, would be	C		
D		carried out. So that was the that was what was being asked and that's why I said, based on that's what I was trying to say: if based on that	D		
E		version of the engagement letter, then, correct, then, until signing and closing, the financial adviser or however the parties would like to call it, that would be the function and that would be the role. But I didn't know,	E		
F		at that time, when we would get onto try to discuss about the finalised letter as well as this supplementary witness statement. So, based on the initial engagement letter, that was what was required to be said."	F		
G			G		
Н	312. Supplementa	In light of that explanation and on the basis that he was being asked about his al Witness Statement he was asked: <sup>326</sup>	Н		
I		Q how does that impact on your answer?	I		
J		A. My answer would be the supplemental witness statement is exactly what I meant and it clearly describes and hence I explained tried to explain earlier I was trying to clarify what could have been misinterpreted.	J		
K			K		
L	10 September 2015: Engagement Letter				
	The role of UBS				
M	313.	As noted earlier, clause 1 of the Engagement Letter dated 10 September 2015	M		
N		SS and AMTD, which Mr. Choi signed together with Ms. Emily Shi on behalf of bed the role of UBS as being: <sup>327</sup>	N		
O		"to act as your exclusive financial adviser in connection with the potential Transaction with potential purchasers for up to 1 year, since 26 May 2015 (the	0		
P		"Effective Date").	P		
Q	314. by UBS as in	The letter went on to stipulate the financial advice and assistance to be provided ncluding: 328	Q		
R		"a)developing, updating and reviewing a list of potential purchasers and	R		
S		contacting potential purchasers";	S		
T	325 Transcript, 326 Transcript,		T		
U		page 2071, clause 1.	U		

- 84 -

V

	b) assisting in the negotiation of the terms of the transaction for and on your behalf".
315.	The clause went on to stipulate that AMTD acknowledged and agreed that:
	"(i) UBSmay provide financing for one or more prospective purchaser(s) in connection with the Transaction"
	(iii) conflicts of interest (actual or potential)may arise as a result
	(iv) UBSwill be free to disclose confidential information obtained directly or indirectly from the Company in connection with the Engagement to any
	division of UBSwho are engaged in the provision or arrangement of Financing services to any Purchaser(s) to the extent that such disclosure is made pursuant to or required by UBS's risk control procedures relating to
	the provision or arrangement of such Financing, <b>provided that</b> , subject to the foregoing, the provisions of Clause 6 of the Standard Terms shall continue to apply"
Fees	
316.	Of the fees to be paid to UBS, it was agreed: <sup>329</sup>
	"(a) <i>Matching Fee</i> Upon completiona matching fee of 1.0% of the total proceeds received by the sellers for the Transaction shall be payable to UBS."
Standard	Towns
Sianaara .	
317.	Clause 3, in exactly the same language as the clause in the draft agreement
	to the email dated 31 March 2015, provided that UBS's Standard Terms were ted into the Engagement Letter.
meorpora	see into the Engagement Letter.
Standard	Terms and Conditions
318.	Clause 6, of the Standard Terms and Conditions, under the heading Conflicts of
Interest, v	was drafted in the same language as the original version of that paragraph in the
Standard '	Terms and Conditions attached to the Engagement Letter in the email sent on 31
March 20	15, save that (b) now read: <sup>330</sup>
	6, page 2074. 6, page 2079.
Danaie (	., LO

V

A		A		
В	"provided that reasonable informational barriers are in place and subject to the terms of the Engagement Letter, UBS and any other member of the UBS group may, at any time"	В		
C	rather than: <sup>331</sup>	C		
D	"provided that reasonable and industry-standard informational barriers are in place and that the person's performing such actions do not have access to the	D		
E	information provided by the Company, and subject to section 2 of the Engagement Letter, other members of the UBS group other than UBS may, at any time:".	E		
F	Dant C. Canflist of interests	F		
G	Part 6 - Conflict of interests	G		
	The Applicant's submissions			
H	In his written submissions, Mr. Shieh addressed the phrase "conflict of interest"	Н		
I	in three contexts, namely: (i) the general law; (ii) the SFC Code of Conduct and the CFA Code	I		
-	of Conduct; and (iii) UBS's Policies and Guidelines.	•		
J	(i) General law - conflict of interest	J		
K	Mr. Shieh submitted that under the general law a conflict of interest denotes a	K		
L	conflict between a fiduciary's duty to his principal and his interest. If there is no duty, there is no conflict. <sup>332</sup> The existence of the conflict was to be determined by the application of an	L		
M	objective test which would lead a reasonable observer to conclude that there is a "real sensible possibility" of conflict. 333			
N	First, it was necessary to delineate the scope of the fiduciary duty. Secondly, to	N		
o	identify the nature of the relevant interest. The latter required the presence of a "personal	o		
	interest", namely a "personal concern of possible significant pecuniary value" in a			
P	transaction effected by a fiduciary. <sup>334</sup>	P		
Q	322. Mr. Shieh contended that where the fiduciary had no personal interest in the	Q		
R	transaction, but there existed a "real risk of conflict between his duty and personal loyalties",	R		
S	<sup>331</sup> Bundle 15, page 5143. <sup>332</sup> Snell's Equity, 34 <sup>th</sup> Ed. At 7-018.	S		
Т	<ul> <li>Poon Ka Man Jason v Cheng Wai Tao (2016) 19 HKCFAR 144; Spigelman NPJ at paragraph 76, approving the statement of Lord Upjohn in the House of Lords in Boardman v Phipps [1967] 2 AC 46, at page 124 C.</li> <li>The Applicant's Written Opening Submissions, paragraph 110: Grand Field Group Holdings Ltd. v Chu King Fai [2016] 1 HKLRD 1316; Cheung JA, at paragraph 4.8, citing with approval 'Fiduciary Duties: Directors</li> </ul>			
U	and Employees' 2 <sup>nd</sup> Ed. at 2.124.	U		

- 86 -

V

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		rden on the fiduciary to show that the transaction was demonstrably in the best principal. <sup>335</sup>	]
323.		A fiduciary acts in breach of his fiduciary duty if he acts for two principals, to	,
		conflicting duties, and the fiduciary puts himself in a position where his duty to s in a conflict with his duty to the other. It is a breach of duty if a fiduciary puts	
himself principa	-	osition where his duty to one principal may conflict with his duty to the other	
_		FC Code of Conduct and the CFA Code of Conduct	
324.		Mr. Shieh invited the Tribunal to note that the specific provisions upon which	
		on relied in the SFC Code of Conduct were General Principle 6 and Paragraph raphs 4 and 4.1 of the CFA Code of Conduct.	
	(i)	General Principle 6 of the SFC Code of Conduct provides that:	
		"A licensed or registered person should try to avoid conflicts of interest, and when they cannot be avoided, should ensure that its clients are fairly treated"	
	(ii)	Paragraph 10.1 of the SFC Code of Conduct provides that:	
		"Where a licensed or registered person has a material interest in a transaction with or for a client or a relationship which gives rise to an actual or potential conflict of interest in relation to the transaction, it should neither advise, nor deal in relation to the transaction unless it has disclosed that material interest	
		or conflict to the client and has taken all reasonable steps to ensure fair treatment of the client."	
	(iii)	Paragraph 4 of the CFA Code of Conduct provides that:	
		"A Corporate Financial Adviser should avoid engaging in work that is likely to involve conflicts of interest."	
	(iv)	Paragraph 4.1 of the CFA Code of Conduct provides that:	
		"A Corporate Finance Adviser should:	
		(a) take all reasonable steps to avoid situations that are likely to involve a conflict of interest;	
		(b) not unfairly place its interests above those of its clients; and	
at 2.12	25.	(A, at paragraph 4.8, citing with approval 'Fiduciary Duties: Directors and Employees' 2 <sup>nd</sup> Ed., 34 <sup>th</sup> Ed. at 7-036 and 7-037.; citing Millet LJ in <i>Bristol and West Building Society v Mothew</i>	
		page 18 H.	

- 87 -

V

A		A
В	(c) withdraw from, or decline to accept, a mandate where a material conflict of interest arises with its client that cannot be resolved through its client giving its informed consent."	В
C	325. Mr. Shieh submitted that, given that the SFC Code of Conduct and the CFA	C
D	Code of Conduct were instruments which guide <sup>337</sup> the SFC in considering whether a person is fit and proper to be a licensed person the SFC "must be taken to have enacted" the Codes	D
E	against the backdrop of the general law and to have adopted the "established legal meaning"	E
F	of the phrase "conflict of interest". Further, given that the phrase "conflict of interest" was not defined in either of the Codes, its meaning should be read, "consistently with its meaning under the general law." Support for that submission was to be found in the fact that the two	F
G	Codes expressly stated that they did not override any provision of the law. 338	G
Н	(iii) UBS's Policies and Guidelines	Н
I	Not part of Mr. Choi's contract of employment	I
J	326. Of the Commission's reliance on various provisions of UBS's Policies and Guidelines in the proceedings before the Tribunal, Mr. Shieh invited the Tribunal to note that	J
K	Clause 19 of Mr. Choi's employment contract with UBS stipulated that they did not form part	K
L	of that contract of employment. <sup>339</sup>	L
M	327. Mr. Shieh submitted that, as such, they were to be interpreted as documents unilaterally published by UBS by application of the same principles relevant to the	M
N	interpretation of commercial contracts, namely the intention of the parties was to be identified	N
O	by reference to the facts known or assumed to be known by the parties at the time the document	o
P	337 SFC Code of Conduct, at page vii: <b>Explanatory Notes</b> :  "The Commission will be <i>guided</i> by this Code of Conduct in considering whether a licensed or registered person satisfies the requirement that it is fit and proper to remain licensed or registered, and in that context, will have regard to the general principles, as well as the letter, of the Code." [Italics added.]  CFA Code of Conduct, at paragraph 1.4: <b>Enforcement</b>	P
Q	"The SFC will use this code as a benchmark, along with other SFC's code and guidelines, against which a Corporate Finance Adviser's fitness and properness will be measured."	Q
R	of this Code "This Code does not have the force of law and should not be interpreted in a way that it would override the provisions of any law."	R
S	Applicant's written Opening Submissions, paragraph 119. Bundle 1, page 233:   "Policies and Procedures and Code of Conduct	S
T	You shall faithfully perform the duties assigned to you by the Firm and shall fully comply with all of the Firm's regulations, policies and procedures (including, but not limited to, the Firm's Employee Handbook) as implemented and/or amended in the Firm's sole discretion from time to time. However, all such regulations, policies and procedures do not and shall not form part of the terms and conditions of your	T
U	employment contract with the Firm."	IJ

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A			A		
В		ed. 340 Accordingly, it followed that it was to be taken that the general law and	ъ		
Ь	accepted pri	inciples were known to the parties and that they were applicable. <sup>341</sup>	В		
C	328.	Although Mr. Shieh acknowledged that certain provisions in the Policies and	C		
D		did identify interests which were capable of giving rise to a conflict, he contended rovisions did not define "the circumstances in which a UBS employee would find	D		
E	himself in a	position of conflict." <sup>342</sup>	E		
F	329.	Having invited the Tribunal to note that, in his witness statement, Mr. Andy Lee	F		
	had said tha	t the purpose of UBS's Policies and procedures for managing conflicts was: <sup>343</sup>			
G		"to ensure that (1) UBS's duties to act in its clients' best interest would not	G		
Н		be compromised by actual or apparent conflicts arising from diverging interests by UBS or any of its employees"	Н		
I	Mr. Shieh s	ubmitted that, in consequence, the concept of "conflict of interest" ought to be read	I		
_	in accordance	ce with the general law, namely that it denoted a conflict between "a person's duty			
J	to his princi	pal and his interest".	J		
K	330.	It is to be noted that Mr. Andy Lee went on to add of the purpose:	K		
L		"and (2) UBS's own legitimate interests, including regulatory compliance	L		
M		and reputational interests, would not be compromised."	M		
N	Fiduciary d	Fiduciary duties			
-,	331.	Of the incidence of fiduciary duties, Mr. Shieh submitted that an employee does	N		
0	not owe fidu	aciary duties only by reason of his status as such. Contractual provisions as to rights	O		
n		nay limit or displace any fiduciary duty. 344 Mr. Choi/UBS did not owe any fiduciary	ъ.		
P	duties to Xi	nte in Project Oasis or to the selling shareholders in Project Frontier. 345	P		
Q	(i)	UBS was never formally engaged by Xinte for the pre-IPO investment. That	Q		
R		was done through GF Securities. UBS did not owe any duty to Xinte nor did	R		
S	341 Applicant' Lewison, a	Rawlings [2015] AC 129, Lord Neuberger at page 144, paragraphs 19 and 21. s Written Opening Submissions, paragraph 119-121. The Interpretation of Contracts 7 <sup>th</sup> Ed at 4.32-4.39.	S		
T	343 Bundle 33, 344 The Applie	cant's Written Opening Submissions, paragraph 122.  page 11163, at paragraph 37.  cant's Written Opening Submissions, paragraph 136, citing the judgment of Lewison LJ in <i>Ranson or Systems PLC</i> [2012] EWCA Civ 841, paragraphs 20-29 at paragraph 22.	T		
II		cant's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 3.4.	II		

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A		A
В	Mr. Choi owe any personal duty. <sup>346</sup> Clause 7(f) of the Standard Terms and Conditions incorporated into the Engagement Letters in both Project Oasis and	В
C	Project Frontier unequivocally negatived any fiduciary relationship between UBS and its clients, "The parties agree that it is not their intention to create a	C
D	fiduciary relationship between themselves." 347	D
E	(ii) Mr. Choi's role in Project Frontier was that of an intermediary only. That role began after the Binding Offer, dated 29 May 2015. Prior to 29 May 2015 he	E
F	had only "engaged in exploratory matching work". <sup>348</sup> That was the evidence of Mr. Kingsley Chan and Mr. Gao Yu. UBS's work as a sell side advisor never	F
G H	formally started. <sup>349</sup> Mr. Choi was not a party to the Engagement Letter, dated 10 September 2015. He did not assume personal obligations towards the selling shareholders. He merely acted on behalf of UBS. <sup>350</sup>	G H
I	Implied authority/consent	I
J	Where a principal instructs an agent with knowledge that the agent intends to	J
K	act for other principals, in circumstances which would create a conflict of interest, the agent is impliedly authorised to act for multiple principals. <sup>351</sup> Similarly, where the principal was aware	K
L	that the agent would be placed in a situation of conflict between duty and interest, the principal is to be taken as having "implicitly consented to and authorised the existence of the	L
M	conflict." <sup>352</sup>	M
N	333. Mr. Shieh contended that any conflict between Mr. Choi's alleged involvement in LR Capital's business and his duties to UBS, "must have been implicitly authorised by	N
O	UBS". 353 It was asserted that any such conflict: 354	o
P	"must be deemed to have been authorised by UBS on the basis that:  (1) UBS had designated Mr. Choi to be coverage banker of LR Capital, and	P
Q		Q
R	<ul> <li>The Applicant's Written Opening Submissions, paragraph 125.</li> <li>The Applicant's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 45; Bundle 3, pages 1204 and 1205; Bundle 6, page 2081.</li> </ul>	R
S	<ul> <li>The Applicant's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 50.2.</li> <li>The Applicant's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 3.4.</li> <li>The Applicant's Written Opening Submissions, paragraph 128.1.3.</li> <li>Kelly v Cooper [193] AC 205; the Advice of the Privy Council in the judgment of Lord Browne-Wilkinson at</li> </ul>	S
T	page 214.  The Applicant's Written Opening Submissions, paragraphs 139 and 143.4.  The Applicant's Written Opening Submissions, paragraph 158.	T
U	The Applicant's Written Opening Submissions, paragraph 148.	U

- 90 -

A		A
В	(2) UBS did so knowing that Mr. Choi would in the course of his employment have to render general assistance and support to LR Capital from time to time."	В
C	The role of an intermediary	C
D	334. Mr. Shieh submitted that an intermediary, whose role is simply to stand between	D
E	two parties to facilitate a negotiation, does not owe any duty to avoid conflict of interest. In particular, "The duties of such an intermediary it may therefore be inferred are to communicate	E
F	messages honestly." <sup>355</sup> An intermediary: <sup>356</sup>	F
G	"does not have a duty not to put himself in a position of conflict because he is not an agent and has therefore no principal. However even if such an intermediary is subject to some fiduciary duties, the role does not justify the	G
Н	imposition of a fiduciary duty not to put himself in a position of conflict by 'acting for two principals', as to impose such a fiduciary duty would result in the commercial absurdity that he would be unable to act and perform the role	Н
I	inherent in that of an intermediary as someone who stands between two parties to facilitate the relationship."	Ι
J		J
	Authorisation by informed consent	
K	Mr. Shieh submitted that fully informed consent of the principal before or after	K
L	the breach absolves the fiduciary from liability for what would otherwise be a breach of the no conflict rule. The burden of establishing informed consent for conduct which would otherwise	L
M	constitute a breach of fiduciary duty lies of the fiduciary. There must be clear evidence that it was given after the fiduciary made full and frank disclosure of all material facts. <sup>357</sup> Such	M
N	consent could be inferred in appropriate circumstances.	N
0	(i) Project Frontier	O
P	336. In respect of Project Frontier, Mr. Shieh invited the Tribunal to note the evidence of Mr. Gao Yu that MSPE had consented to Mr. Choi emailing 'marketing material' to LR	P
Q	Capital. 358 In cross-examination, Mr. Gao Yu had agreed with the suggestion that the	Q
R	documents that Mr. Choi had sent to LR Capital were the kinds of documents that he would	R
S	The Applicant's Written Opening Submissions, paragraph 140, citing the judgment of Moulder J in CH	s
T	Offshore Ltd v Internaves Consorico Naviero SA & Others [2020] EWHC 1710 (Comm) at paragraph 68.  356 CH Offshore Ltd v Internaves Consorico Naviero SA & Others, at paragraph 74.  357 The Applicant's Written Opening Submissions, paragraph 143; Snell's Equity, 34th Ed. At 7-015 and 7-019; citing Boardman v Phipps [1967] 2 AC 46, Lord Hodson at page 109 D.	T
II	The Applicant's Written Opening Submissions, paragraph 154.3.	II

- 91 -

A		A
В	have expected him to have provided. <sup>359</sup> Mr. Shieh suggested that it was clear that Mr. Gao Yu's consent was "a general one". The documents were: <sup>360</sup>	В
C	<ul> <li>the AMTD Group's NDA for UBS to sign, sent in an email dated 20 April 2015;</li> </ul>	C
D	• the briefing material for use as a base, sent in an email dated 13 May 2015:	D
E	<ul> <li>the Reports and Financial statements of AMTD for 2012-2014, sent in emails dated 19 May 2015; and</li> </ul>	E
L	• the 'teaser', sent in an email dated 20 May 2015.	L
F	337. Of the issue of the forwarding in emails by Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu of	F
G	allegedly 'confidential' information regarding AMTD and MSPE's negotiating positions,	G
Н	Mr. Shieh said that, "there is no actual evidence that the Selling Shareholders actually objected to such disclosure." <sup>361</sup>	Н
Ι	(ii) Project Oasis	I
J	338. In respect of Project Oasis, reliance was placed on the evidence of Mr. Howard	J
K	Cong Lin <sup>362</sup> that the Term Sheet of CM International, dated 3 March 2015, <sup>363</sup> was sent to LR Capital by Mr. Choi with the knowledge and consent of CM International. <sup>364</sup>	K
L	Mr. Choi's familial and personal connections with LR Capital	L
M	339. Mr. Shieh submitted that the alleged familial and personal connections of	M
N	Mr. Choi with LR Capital did not give rise to a legally relevant conflict of interest. Whilst Project Frontier and the pre-IPO investment of LRCGI was still ongoing, none of the family	N
0	members of Mr. Choi had any interest in any of LR Capital, LRGCI, LRC. Belt and Road or LRC Group. 365 Further, there was no evidence that Mr. Choi knew of those alleged familial	o
P	interests. 366	P
Q		Q
R		R
S	Transcript, page 288 H-I.  The Applicant's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 24.2.  The Applicant's written Opening Submissions, paragraph 155.	S
T	362 Bundle 35, pages 11849-11850, paragraph 26. 363 Bundle 12, pages 4203-4232. 364 The Applicant's written Opening Submissions, paragraph 146.2. 365 The Applicant's Opening Submissions, paragraph 51.8	T
U	<ul> <li>The Applicant's Opening Submissions, paragraph 51.8.</li> <li>The Applicant's Opening Submissions, paragraph 51.1.</li> </ul>	U

- 92 -

11	Danny Choi and Bernard Choi	A
В	340. Danny Choi and Bernard Choi subscribed for shares in LR Capital on 29	В
C	December 2015. That was after the completion of Project Frontier and the pre-IPO investment in Xinte and after Mr. Choi had tendered his resignation to UBS in November 2015. There was	C
D	no evidence that the subscription had completed and they had become shareholders by 30	D
E	December 2015. In any event, the pre-IPO investment in Xinte had been completed much earlier without UBS being engaged. <sup>367</sup>	E
F	The Commission's reliance on an email, dated 12 August 2016 <sup>368</sup> , sent by	F
G	Mr. Austin Mok to colleagues within UBS describing a meeting held that afternoon with Mr. Choi and others at which Mr. Choi confirmed that Danny Choi was "holding shares on	G
Н	behalf of Calvin Choi (son)" was misplaced. 369 The document was hearsay. The meeting note did not specify when it was that Danny Choi held the shares for Mr. Choi.	Н
I		I
J	342. Mr. Shieh submitted that the evidence that Mr. Bernard Choi became an authorised signatory, together with Amy Wong, of wealth management accounts with UBS of	J
K	LR Capital was to no effect. <sup>370</sup> The Commission had not suggested how evidence of being a signatory only, rather than a shareholder or director, could give rise to any interest on the part	K
L	of Mr. Bernard Choi or Mr. Choi and LR Capital. <sup>371</sup>	L
M	Amy Wong	M
N	343. Of the evidence that, through a wholly-owned company, Enjoy Fun Investments Limited, <sup>372</sup> Ms. Amy Wong, Mr. Bernard Choi's "so-called fiancée", was the sole shareholder	N
O	of LR Capital on its incorporation on 5 December 2014 <sup>373</sup> and of the evidence of her subsequent interest in LR Capital, Mr. Shieh submitted that it could not give rise to a conflict of interest in	o
P	Mr. Choi. There was no evidence of the degree of closeness in the relationship between Ms.	P
Q	Amy Wong and Mr. Bernard Choi nor of Mr. Choi's knowledge thereof. <sup>374</sup>	Q
R	367 The Applicant's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 53.1.2.	R
S	<ul> <li>Bundle 8, pages 2811-2812.</li> <li>The Applicant's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 53.1.3. Bundle 8, page 2812.</li> <li>The Applicant's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 53.2. Bundle 1, pages 295-339, at page 332; pages 351-395, at page 346. Bundle 11, pages 3915-3926.</li> </ul>	S
T	The Applicant's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 53.2.  Bundle 1, page 350-Certificate of Incumbency, dated 4 December 2014.  Bundle 1, page 349-Certificate of Incumbency, dated 16 December 2014.	T
U	The Applicant's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 53.3.	U

 $\mathbf{V}$ 

	Madam Mei Ching Chan	
В	Of the evidence that Madam Mei Ching Chan, Mr. Choi's mother, had an	В
C	interest in LRC. Belt and Road, through her shareholding in Strategic Global Investment Corporation, a cornerstone investor in Xinte prior to the IPO, Mr. Shieh submitted that it could	C
D	not give rise to any real sensible possibility of conflict. It was in Xinte's interest to secure a cornerstone investor. <sup>375</sup>	D
E	comersione investor.	E
F	In any event, there was no evidence that LRC. Belt and Road was related to LR Capital. 376 It was Mr. Cong Lin's evidence that he did not recall it to be a subsidiary of LR	F
G	Capital. <sup>377</sup> Further, there had been no challenge to the assertion to the SEHK in a draft response from AMTD, dated 14 December 2015, that LRC. Belt and Road was, "completely unrelated" to	G
Н	LR Capital China Growth I Company Limited or LR Capital Management Company (Cayman)  Ltd "in terms of both ownership structure or management composition." Given that the	Н
I	SEHK had given permission to print the Prospectus, it was to be assumed that the letter had been sent and its contents accepted.	I
J	been sent and its contents accepted.	J
K	Christine Kwok	K
L	346. Mr. Shieh invited the Tribunal to note that Ms. Christine Kwok's appointment	${f L}$
L	as Chief Operating Officer of AMTD was in November 2015, after the completion of the pre- IPO investment in Xinte and the completion of Project Frontier. No possible conflict of interest	L
M	could have arisen. Further, there was no explanation of how her position could have interfered	M
N	with Mr. Choi's duty in the relevant transaction. Given that they had been separated since 2012 and a petition for divorce filed, there was no basis on which to equate their interests.	N
0	Any suggestion that Mr. Choi had paved the way for her appointment as Chief	0
P	Operating Officer was without an evidential basis. <sup>379</sup> The fact that in an email under the Subject	P
Q	heading: Frontier-management contract, dated 7 June 2015, Mr. Choi had sent Mr. Devon Fu a	Q
	draft of an email to be sent to Freshfields in which he had said, "On top, we would like to sign a COO, can we do so?" 380 did not support the drawing of any such inference. Moreover,	•
R	a coc, can we do so: and not support the drawing of any such inference. Moreover,	R
S	375 The Applicant's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 53.4.1. 376 The Applicant's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 53.4.2.	S
T	<ul> <li>Transcript, pages 443T-444F.</li> <li>Bundle 31, page 10792.</li> <li>The Applicant's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 53.5.3.</li> </ul>	Т
U	<sup>380</sup> Bundle 21, page 7337.	I

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	ard Cong Lin denied that Mr. Choi had introduced Ms. Christine Kwok to him. 381 e had recruited her because "I had a good feeling about her" and "I don't feel very
	out the regulation issues." That was after LR Capital had acquired AMTD.
secure ao	out the regulation issues. — That was after LR Capital had acquired AMTD.
The subm	nissions of the Commission
348.	For his part, Mr. Li contended that the phrase "conflict of interest" was not a
	rt peculiar to the fiduciary context nor was proof of a "conflict of interest" dependent of some fiduciary relationship. <sup>383</sup> He submitted that Mr. Shieh had conflated and
equated N	Mr. Choi's fiduciary duties at common law with his regulatory duties and his duties to
UBS aris	ing from UBS's Policies.
Conflict o	of interest but no fiduciary duty
349.	Mr. Li invited the Tribunal to note circumstances in which obligations arising
from a co	onflict of interest occurred in circumstances where there was no fiduciary duty.
(i) .	An expert witness
350.	First, he cited the example of an expert witness, who is under an obligation to
disclose a	all actual or potential conflicts of interest. But, such a duty of disclosure does not owe
its exister	nce to any fiduciary relationship. In his judgment in Bux v General Medical Council <sup>384</sup> ,
Mostyn J	had observed that: <sup>385</sup>
	"Conflicts of interest come in different forms First, the situation where the expert has, or may have, a financial interest in the outcome of the litigation. Second, where the expert has, or may have, a conflicting duty. Third, where the
	expert has, or may have, a personal or other connection with a party which might consciously or subconsciously influence, or bias, his evidence."
351.	Mostyn J went on to note that, <sup>386</sup>
	"The GMC Guidance on Financial and Commercial Arrangements and Conflicts of Interest says "conflict of interest may arise in a range of situations. They are
	not confined to financial interests, and may also include other personal interests."
381 Transcr	ipt, page 341K-P.
<ul> <li>382 Transcr</li> <li>383 The SF</li> <li>384 Bux v C</li> </ul>	ipt, pages 342J and 343D-E. C's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 63. General Medical Council [2021] EWHC 762 (Admin). paragraph 30.
	paragraph 30. paragraph 31.

- 95 -

V

A		A
В	352. Mr. Li also referred to the judgment of Coulson LJ in <i>A company v Secretariat</i>	В
Ь	Consulting <sup>387</sup> as an example of the court declining specifically to find that expert witnesses are	Б
C	fiduciaries on the basis that the concept, "is freighted with a good deal of legal baggage and it might be inapt to import all of the baggage into a relationship between a client and an	C
D	expert."	D
E	(ii) An arbitrator	E
F	353. As a second example, Mr. Li referred to the position of an arbitrator who,	F
•	although not a fiduciary, was required to disclose all conflicts of interest. Arbitrators owe no	ı
G	allegiance to the party who appointed them but nevertheless are obliged to act independently and impartially. <sup>388</sup>	G
Н		Н
	Mr. Li submitted that even if Mr. Choi personally did not owe any fiduciary duty	
I	or contractual obligation to Xinte and MSPE, nevertheless he was subject to the requirements	I
J	of the SFC Code and the CFA Code, together with UBS's Policies, that he act in the best interests of the client. <sup>389</sup>	J
K	The SFC Codes and UBS's Policies	K
L	Mr. Li contended that it was fallacious to assume that the concept of a "conflict	L
	of interest" arises exclusively in the context of a fiduciary relationship, in particular that the	
M	SFC, in drafting its Codes, and UBS in drafting its employment Policies intended to incorporate	M
N	the concept wholesale. Rather, the SFC Codes and UBS's Policies imposed on Mr. Choi "freestanding duties to act in the best interest of clients". <sup>390</sup>	N
o		o
	356. Mr. Li suggested that UBS's Policies gave effect to its Standard Terms and	
P	Conditions, in particular that, notwithstanding the existence of a conflict of interest, UBS might	P
Q	provide services to third parties, in circumstances where there were reasonable information	•
Ų		Q
R		R
S		S
T	<sup>387</sup> A company v Secretariat Consulting [2021] 4 WLR 20, at paragraph 65. <sup>388</sup> Halliburton Company v Chubb Bermuda Insurance Limited & Others [2021] AC 1083,Lord Hodge DPSC at paragraph 63.	T
II	The SFC's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 68.  The SFC's Written Closing Submissions, paragraphs 67-68.	II

- 96 -

A				A	
	barriers in pla	ace wi	thin UBS. <sup>391</sup> Clause 6(e) of the Standard Terms and Conditions provided		
В	that the count	erparty	y to the agreement acknowledged that the UBS Group: 392 [Italics added]	В	
C		perm	operate rules, policies and procedures, including independence policies and anent and ad hoc information barriers between and within divisions of UBS other members of the UBS Group, <i>directed to ensuring that</i>	C	
D E		(i)	the individual directors, officers and employees involved in an assignment undertaken by a member of the UBS group (including the Engagement) are not influenced by any such <i>conflicting interest</i> or duty;	D E	
F		(ii)	any confidential information held by a member of the UBS group is not disclosed or made available to any other client; and	F	
		(iii)	conflicts of interest are identified and appropriately managed."		
G				G	
Н	357. replicated the		e was no reason to conclude that the SFC Code and UBS's Policies simply non law duties or that the SFC or UBS could not impose broader duties to	Н	
I	avoid and disc	close c	conflicts than the duty imposed by the general law. 393	I	
J	358. by the Upper		Li invited the Tribunal to note that was the conclusion that had been reached hal in its decision in <i>Bittar v Financial Conduct Authority</i> <sup>394</sup> . The Financial	J	
K		•	("FCA") imposed a financial penalty of £226,800,000 on Deutsche Bank	K	
L			duct, including manipulation of, two benchmark interest rates, namely	L	
L		LIBOR and EURIBOR. Mr. Bittar complained that he was identifiable and the reasons given in the Decision Notice were prejudicial to him, but that he had not been given an opportunity			
M	to contest the	allega	tions.	M	
N	359.	Mr. I	Li said that Mr. Bittar challenged the FCA's case on the basis that, "inter-	N	
O		_	anipulation was a purely contractual matter between the bank and the OR," which challenge the Tribunal rejected: 395	0	
P	operators of L		rdly, neither is it unusual for a contractual relationship to be overlaid with	P	
Q		addit exten	ional regulatory obligations. For example, a firm may wish to define the at of its duties in a contract and deal with a customer or counterparty purely	Q	
R		here;	e basis of the terms of that contract. Mr. Bittar contends that is the position his duties in relation to EURIBOR submissions being solely defined by the s of the contract between the Panel Banks and the EURIBOR operating	R	
S	391 The CEC:- W	Initta-	Closing Submissions, paragraph 69.	S	
T	AG and AM 2015, betwee	ges 207 TD Gro en Xinte	71-2083 (attached to the Letter of Engagement, dated 10 September 2015, between UBS pup); Bundle 3, pages 1191-1209 (attached to the Letter of Engagement, dated 19 March Energy Company Limited, GF Capital (Hong Kong) Limited and UBS AG).	Т	
U		ncial C	Closing Submissions, paragraphs 72.  onduct Authority [2017] UKUT 82 (TCC).	U	

- 97 -

V

A			A
В		entities. However, that does not mean that there cannot be additional regulatory obligations applying to the activities concerned which are imposed as a matter of applicable law. For example, a duty defining clause in an investment	В
C		management contract which permits the investment manager to deal for a customer notwithstanding the existence of conflicts of interest cannot prevail over the regulatory duty to take whatever steps are necessary to ensure fair	C
D		treatment for customers." [Italics added.]	D
E	360.	In addition, Mr. Li relied on statements of the Upper Tribunal in its decision in	E
	Arch Financi	ial Products LLP & Others v The Financial Conduct Authority <sup>396</sup> as to the limited	
F	assistance to	be derived from the principles established under the general law <sup>397</sup> in determining	F
	whether Arcl	h Financial Products ("AFP") was in breach of its duties under Principle 8 of the	
G	FCA's Princ	ciples for Businesses and the associated rules relating to Senior Management	G
	Arrangemen	ts, Systems and Controls ("SYSC") and Conduct of Business ("COB"). 398 The	
Н		nt on to explain why it took that position: <sup>399</sup>	Н
I			I
		"The reason why we agree with Mr. Stanley that the general law will not assist us in deciding whether AFP put appropriate policies and procedure in place to	1
J		deal with conflicts and whether it managed specific conflicts in accordance with the relevant regulatory provisions is because the general law and the regulatory	J
K		provisions take different paths when it comes to managing conflicts. Without contractual modification, the general law duties can be extremely harsh. For example, they have generally been adopted in relation to the duties that	K
L		lawyers owe to their clients in respect of conflicts with the result that if there is a significant risk of a conflict the lawyer may not act at all. As we have also seen,	L
M		whether the terms of a transaction are fair or not is an irrelevant factor in considering whether a conflict exists or not. The regulatory rules are not so harsh; they focus on whether the conflict has been managed fairly and the firm may	M
N		employ a number of different tools to achieve that, including disclosure and Chinese Walls.	N
O		However, where the regulatory rules are stricter than the general law is in relation to the freedom to define the duty that is owed. A number of cases have	o
P		established that a duty defining clause in a contract will be effective so as to modify the extent of a fiduciary duty or even remove it where it would otherwise exist."	P
Q			Q
	361.	Mr. Li submitted that the text of the Codes made it clear that they are not	
R	intended to r	replicate the common law but rather go beyond it. 400 The rigour of the duty arising	R
S	<sup>396</sup> Arch Finance 397 Ibid, paragr	cial Products LLP & Others v The Financial Conduct Authority [2015]UKUT 0013 (TCC).	S
T	<sup>398</sup> Principle of "A firm	8 of the FCA's Principles for Businesses: a must manage conflicts of interest fairly, both between itself and its customers and between a er and another client."	T
U	<sup>399</sup> Arch Financ	er and another client."  cial Products LLP & Others v The Financial Conduct Authority, paragraph 117.  cen Closing Submissions, paragraph 72.4.	U

- 98 -

V

A			A
_	·	relationship could be overridden by operation of the Code. The duty of a fiduciary	
В	to cease to ac	ct for a principal, where there is an actual conflict of duty with his duty to another	В
C	_	is subject to the operation of <u>General Principle 6 of the SFC Code</u> , namely that a egistered person:	C
D		" should try to avoid conflicts of interest, and when they cannot be avoided, should ensure that its clients are fairly treated".	D
E			E
	362.	Paragraph 10.1 of the Code provided for a test of "an actual or potential conflict	
7	of interest", r	rather than the common law test of, "real sensible possibility of conflict". 401 It also	F
<b>.</b>	provided tha	t, even in those circumstances, having disclosed the conflict to the client, the	G
J	licensed pers	on could advise or deal in relation to the transaction if he had "taken all reasonable	G
I	steps to ensu	re fair treatment of the client.	Н
	363.	Paragraph 4.1 of the Corporate Finance Adviser Code of Conduct provided that	I
	ın addressıng	g conflicts of interest the adviser should:	-
		"(a) take all reasonable steps to avoid situations that are likely to involve a	J
		conflict of interest;	K
		(b) not unfairly place its interests above those of its clients"	
			L
	364.	Mr. Li submitted that there was no evidence that Mr. Choi tried to avoid the	
	conflicts of i	interest, let alone took all reasonable steps to do so. Nor did he ensure that his	M
	clients were	fairly treated. On the contrary:	N.T
	(i)	in Project Oasis he actively created the conflict of interest by involving himself	N
	(-)	in LR Capital's affairs, providing it with confidential information in respect of	0
		the pre-IPO investment in Xinte; 402	
		•	P
	(ii)	in Project Frontier, he failed to comply with the requirements of the Codes, first	
		by forwarding by email to Mr. Devon Fu marketing material in April and May	Q
		2015, secondly, by drafting emails for LR Capital; and thirdly, by providing	R
		advice and comments in relation to draft transaction documents. 403	K
			S
			Т
		Written Closing Submissions, paragraphs 72.4. Written Opening Submissions, paragraph 153.	1
		Written Opening Submissions, paragraphs 124-131.	U

- 99 -

V

		A
365.	The fact that the two Codes stipulated that they did not have the force of law	
and should n	ot be interpreted in a way that would override the provisions of any law did not	В
necessarily h general law. <sup>4</sup>	ave the consequence of incorporating the meaning of conflict of interest from the	C
UBS's Polici	ies	D
366.	Similar considerations applied in respect of UBS's Policies. In contrast to the	E
	uciaries to disclose the conflict to their principal and obtain informed consent nuing to act, UBS Policies required internal disclosure of the actual, potential or	F
	nflicts for internal escalation within the management of UBS. 405	G
367.	UBS's Global Corporate Client Solutions ("CCS") Handbook stipulated that: 406	Н
	"2.1.2 <u>Identification of Potential Conflicts</u>	
	If a CCS employee becomes aware of a conflict or potential conflict at any	I
	stage prior to or during a transaction, Legal and Compliance and/or the Regional CCU should be immediately advised. The BRG is primarily responsible for, among other things, assessing and resolving the potential conflict. The	J
	transaction should not be taken further, nor should it be the subject of any further discussion, until the BRG has considered the matter and reached a conclusion as to if, and how, to proceed."	K
CCU and BF	RG were the acronyms for Conflict Clearance Unit and Business Review Group	L
respectively.		M
368.	UBS's Policy entitled Employment of Staff Within UBS stipulated that: 407	N
	"4. Relatives and Relationships	o
	Where business relationships overlap with family or personal relationships, this can give rise to actual or perceived conflict of interest or to the perception of bias or abuse of authority and as such may affect our reputation and ability	P
	to operate effectively.	
	Conflicts are not only limited to family relationships (relatives), but also to other personal relationships (e.g. non-work -related relationships) between employees within a management reporting line, or between employees and	Q
	UBS's vendors or clients.	R
	4.1 Notifications	s
404 The SFC's V	Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 72.4(d).	T
405 The SFC's V	Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 72.5.	
	pages 11179-11212, at page 11195.	U

- 100 -

A			A
В		All UBS employees must notify their line manager or HR representative if they determine that in the spirit of this policy a family or personal relationship with another employee, UBS client or vendor is in breach of this policy, giving	В
C		rise to an actual or perceived conflict of interest, breach of confidentiality or unfair advantage.	C
D		4.2 Actions	D
E		Employees with a family or personal relationship must not work together in any circumstances where management determines that a conflict of interest, breach of confidentiality or unfair advantage may be perceived to be gained."	E
		erener er community er ummunge may ee percerven te ee gamen.	
F	369.	UBS's CCS Compliance Manual addressed the management of conflicts of	F
G	interest by UI	3S. <sup>408</sup>	G
G		"6.3. How do we manage conflicts of interest?	J
Н		Conflicts of interest can be managed in a number of ways.	Н
I		In some cases it is sufficient that the existence of the conflict was disclosed or if client consent is obtained where permitted by applicable law. However, disclosure of the conflict will not always be a sufficient way of managing	I
J		serious conflicts."	J
K	370.	Of the conduct required of UBS's employees, the manual went on to state: 409	K
т		"6.6. What do you need to do?	<b>T</b>
L M		It is the responsibility of every member of staff to be alert to potential conflicts of interest and to <b>seek advice from Compliance</b> if there is any uncertainty. A potential conflict cannot be managed if it is not identified."	L M
N	UBS Policy: 1	requirements greater than the common law	N
0	371. be disciplined	In inviting the Tribunal to reject Mr. Shieh's submission that Mr. Choi could not for infractions of UBS's Policies which went beyond that required of him by the	O
P	common law,	Mr. Li asserted that, in having regard to the requirement that a person be fit and	P
	proper to be o	or to remain a regulated person, the Commission was entitled to have regard to the	
Q	person's cond	duct in respect of UBS's Policies to avoid and escalate conflicts of interest. 410	Q
R	Relevant to t	that consideration were the Notes to paragraph 5.1.1 of the "Fit and Proper	R
K	•	published by the SFC in October 2013, which stated that regulated persons	K
S	were: <sup>411</sup>		S
T			T
-	<sup>408</sup> Bundle 33, p <sup>409</sup> Bundle 33, p		1
U	410 The SFC's W	Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 74. Written Opening Submissions, paragraph 101.	U

- 101 -

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A		A
	"generally expected to be able to display an understanding of:	
В	<ul> <li>the fiduciary obligations owed to clients and the general obligations owed to their principals or employers."</li> </ul>	В
C		C
D	Mr. Li suggested that the reliance placed by Mr. Shieh on the judgments at First	ъ.
D	Instance in DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited v San-Hot HK Industrial Co Ltd & Another <sup>412</sup> and	D
E	Luk Wing Yan v CMB Wing Lung Bank Ltd <sup>413</sup> to support the proposition that internal guidelines do not establish or define the scope of any legal or regulatory duties owed to external parties	E
F	was misplaced. Those cases concerned actions brought by the clients of banks for breach of the	F
-	common law duty of care, in circumstances in which bank employees had not complied with	•
G	internal guidelines. That, was an altogether different issue. Here, the issue was the relevance of	G
	the failure of Mr. Choi to comply with UBS's Policies, in the context of the Commission's	
Н	consideration of whether he was a person fit and proper to be or to remain a regulated person.	Н
I	Deemed Authorisation: Mr. Choi's role as coverage banker for LR Capital	I
J	373. In response to Mr. Shieh's submissions, Mr. Li contended that it was readily	J
	apparent that UBS's Policies did not provide for a so-called deemed authorisation/consent on	
K	the basis that UBS had designated Mr. Choi to be coverage banker of LR Capital, knowing	K
	thereby that he would be required to render general assistance to them from time to time in the	
L	course of his employment. What was required by UBS's Policies, was that the employee report	L
M	the issue, which was then escalated internally for a management decision and documented in	M
IVI	that process. Moreover, there was no evidence that UBS was aware that Mr. Choi would be	IVI
N	placed in a position of conflict. <sup>414</sup>	N
0	Mr. Choi: not a coverage banker for LR Capital at the relevant time	o
	374. In any event, Mr. Choi was not coverage banker for LR Capital at the relevant	
P	time. He became coverage banker for LR Capital Financial Holdings Limited and LR Capital	P
Q	China Growth I Company Limited "Effective From" 28 July 2015.	Q
•		V
R	Consent of the client - CMI Term Sheet	R
S	Mr. Li submitted that the contention made on behalf Mr. Choi, that CMI had	S
J	consented to the disclosure of the Term Sheet to LR Capital, was not an answer to the allegation	3
T		T
	DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited v San-Hot HK Industrial Co Ltd & Another [2013] 4 HKC 1.	
U	<ul> <li>Luk Wing Yan v CMB Wing Lung Bank Ltd [2021] HKCFI 279.</li> <li>The SFC's Written Closing Submissions, paragraphs 143-150.</li> </ul>	U

- 102 -

A		А
В	that Mr. Choi had failed to avoid/disclose conflicts arising between LR Capital and Xinte. It could not have been informed consent. The issue was whether Xinte consented to disclosure,	В
C	not whether CMI consented. Of whether Xinte had consented, Mr. Howard Cong Lin said in evidence, "I don't think (I) know this matter at all and I don't remember." 415	C
D	376. In any event, Mr. Cong Lin's evidence in cross-examination in respect of the	D
E	forwarding by Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu by email on 17 February 2015 of documents including the CMI Term Sheet was that, "I don't know if this sharing of information was agreed by	E
F	CMI."416 That completely undermined his evidence in his witness statement that the CMI term	F
G	sheet had been sent on 3 March 2015 by email by Mr. Choi to Mr. Fu with, " the knowledge and consent of CM International", it having been agreed in a telephone conversation he had	G
Н	with Mr. Dong Wenbiao, chairman of CMI, that information would be shared between CMI and LR Capital. 417	Н
I	Further, even if CMI had consented, that did not excuse Mr. Choi's failure to	I
J	make the relevant disclosure to UBS as required by its Policies. Moreover, the Engagement Letter between UBS and Xinte required UBS not to disclose Xinte's confidential information	J
K	to Third Parties. Information as to the Term Sheet between Xinte and CMI was clearly confidential. 418	K
L	confidential.	L
M	Mr. Choi: Intermediary role only in the sale of shares in AMTD?	M
N	378. Mr. Li invited the Tribunal to reject Mr. Shieh's submission that Mr. Choi's role in the sale of shares in AMTD did not involve any fiduciary relationship or any duty, rather he	N
0	was an intermediary, matcher or introducing agent only. This characterisation of Mr. Choi's role had emerged for the first time in Mr. Shieh's written Opening Submissions, dated 22	o
P	November 2022. Prior to that, it had been accepted that the role of UBS and Mr. Choi was that of "sell side advisor". 419 In the Re-Amended Notice of Review, dated 12 April 2022 and	P
Q	received by the Tribunal on 4 May 2022, it was contended that the Commission had erred in	Q
R		R
S	415	S
Т	415 Transcript, page 441 G-K. 416 Transcript, page 441 A-F. 417 Bundle 35, page 11850. 418 The SEC: Witter Clasine Submissions page 125 140.	T
U	<ul> <li>The SFC's Written Closing Submissions, paragraphs 135-140.</li> <li>The SFC's Written Closing Submissions, paragraphs 75-77.</li> </ul>	U

- 103 -

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A			A
В		to consider that, given the Applicant was acting both as a <i>sell side advisor</i> and a nker" <sup>420</sup> [Italics added.]	В
C	C		C
D	379. September 2	Moreover, it was contrary to the provisions of the Engagement Letter, dated 10 015, 421 which stipulated that UBS agreed to act as AMTD's: 422	D
E		"exclusive financial advisor in connection with the potential Transaction (as defined below) with potential purchasers for up to 1 year, since 26 May, 2015 (the "Effective Date")."	E
F	380.	Further, UBS agreed to, " provide the following financial advice and	F
G	assistance	.:	G
Н	(a)	In consultation with you, developing, updating and reviewing a list of potential purchasers and contacting potential purchasers;	Н
I	(b)	Together with your other professional advisers, assisting in the negotiation of the terms of the Transaction for and on your behalf."	I
J	0.0	ment Letter was "heavily negotiated" between the parties and was reviewed by ive legal advisers. 423	J
K	men respect	ive legal advisers.	K
L	381. to pursue a c	Mr. Li submitted that the fact that the selling shareholders of AMTD chose not competitive bidding process did not mean that UBS did not serve as their advisor	L
M	throughout.	Had the selling shareholders requested advice UBS would have been obliged to	M
N	•	wide by UDC as financial advisor	N
0	382.	vide by UBS as financial advisor  In any event, UBS did in fact provide the services required of it under the	0
P	Engagement	Letter, in particular: 424	P
Q	•	Mr. Choi developed and continuously updated a list of potential buyers, provided to MSPE in a series of emails from March to May 2015; <sup>425</sup>	Q
R			R
S	421 Bundle 6, p	le, page 96, paragraph (2A) (e). pages 2071-2083.	S
T	424 The SFC's	Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 83.3. Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 84.	T
U	<sup>425</sup> Bundle 6, p 2172 (8 Ma	pages 2085 (13 March 2015); pages 2131-2134 (31 March and 8 April 2015); and pages 2167 and my 2015).	U

- 104 -

V

A		A
	<ul> <li>Mr. Choi had assisted MSPE and Linklaters in drafting and negotiating the term</li> </ul>	
В	sheet, as required under the Letter of Engagement, in the exchange of emails	В
C	with Mr. Kingsley Chan and others from 20 to 28 May 2015 under the Subject heading: 'Project Frontier-Sell-side counsel mandate'; 426 Mr. Kingsley Chan	C
D	<ul> <li>agreed that that was the case;<sup>427</sup></li> <li>even after the Binding Offer Mr. Choi was required to assist MSPE in</li> </ul>	D
E	negotiating more favourable terms from LR Capital as set out in an email to	E
	Mr. Choi, dated 2 June 2015, from Mr. Kingsley Chan in which the latter	
F	detailed several points for Mr. Choi to follow up, including 428	F
G	"we still need you to press LRC for an slight increase in their bid such that the sellers will be covered for UBS' advisory fee (which is 1% value of shares to be sold, based on our latest understanding) i.e., net valuation	G
Н	of HKD 1.6 bn post-fee.	Н
I	-the shareholders still need UBS to help us continue gather any written proposals before the signing of a term sheet."	I
J	383. In his witness statement, Mr. Gao Yu said that the purpose of that email was "for	J
K	Mr. Choi to relay the message to LRC, and hopefully to convince LRC to accept our additional requests." <sup>429</sup>	K
L	Mr. Li pointed out that there was no dispute that Mr. Choi had played a role in	L
M	relaying requests for information that led to the making of the Sale and Purchase Agreement, dated 19 June 2015, between the selling shareholders, LR Capital and AMTD. 430 By emails,	M
N	dated 11 and 12 June 2015, 431 Mr. Kingsley Chan had asked Mr. Choi to obtain a range of	N
0	corporate information from LR Capital, which in due course found its place in the S&P	
О	Agreement. By an email to Mr. Kingsley Chan, dated 19 June 2015, Mr. Choi provided LR	О
P	Capital's response to an issue, which the former had asked him to raise with LR Capital, as to a provision in a side letter to the S&P agreement. <sup>432</sup>	P
Q		Q
	426 Bundle 20, pages 6965-6968.	
R	427 Transcript, pages 251-252. 428 Bundle 20, page 7061. 429 Bundle 35, pages 11837-11838, at paragraph 20.	R
S	<ul> <li>The SFC's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 84.4.</li> <li>Bundle 23, page 7911.</li> </ul>	S
T	Bundle 25, pages 8550: "Calvin:-best if you call Howard, we won't accept to this EOD idea, if they want, they can buy the loan from us at closing. And if they have comments on the side letter, pls send now." And at page 8564:	T
U	"Just finished to call with howard. Here is the position of lrc"	II

A		A
	385. Mr. Li submitted that the contention now made, that Mr. Choi acted as an	
В	intermediary between the parties in the sale of AMTD's shares, was at odds with the	В
C	contemporaneous documentation. 433 Mr. Choi was copied in emails to and from UBS and MSPE with Linklaters. By contrast he was not copied in emails to and from LR Capital and	C
D	Freshfields other than those forwarded to him by Mr. Devon Fu. Consistently, in emails from the respective legal advisers of the parties, Mr. Choi was grouped with the selling shareholders	D
E	and Linklaters, not LRC and Freshfields. 434	E
F	Mr. Choi's familial and personal connections with LR Capital	F
G	Inferences	G
	Mr. Li invited the Tribunal to have regard to the statement of Stone J, as	
Н	Chairman, giving the Determination of this Tribunal in Ng Chiu Mui v SFC: 435	Н
I	"When a person pointedly refused to go into this witness box to explain his position, he is in no position to complain if the Tribunal declines to afford him	I
J	the advantage of regarding his case in the most favourable light."	J
K	387. Of Mr. Choi's choice not to give evidence in the Tribunal, Mr. Li invited the	K
	Tribunal to have regard to the voluminous email records evidencing Mr. Choi's extensive	
L	assistance to LR Capital in both Project Oasis and Project Frontier, notwithstanding that he was	L
	the advisor to Xinte in the former project and MSPE and the selling shareholders in the latter	
M	project. There was a complete absence of documentary support for the contention that his	M
N	assistance to LR Capital had the consent of CMI in Project Oasis and MSPE in Project Frontier. No explanation had been offered for Mr. Choi's failure to testify. The Tribunal was invited to	N
0	draw all available adverse inferences against Mr. Choi. 436	o
P	388. Of the drawing of inferences in respect of Mr. Choi's familial and personal	P
	connections with LR Capital, Mr. Li invited the Tribunal to note that when interviewed by the	
Q	Commission on 7 December 2017 under its statutory powers Mr. Choi had declined to answer	Q
R		R
S	<ul> <li>433 The SFC's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 85.</li> <li>434 Bundle 21, page 7208: an email, dated 6 June 2015, from Freshfields to multiple parties at Linklaters and Mr. Choi, under the Subject heading: Frontier-term sheet comments.</li> </ul>	S
T	And Bundle 23, page 7890-7891: an email, dated 11 June 2015, from Linklaters to Richard Johnson and Teresa Ko at Freshfields and various persons at LR capital, copied to AMTD and UBS, including Mr. Choi, under the Subject heading: Frontier-SPS and SHA.  435 Ng Chiu Mui v SFC [SFAT 7/2007] (15 May 2009), citing his statement the Tribunal's Determination in <i>Tse</i>	Т
U	Shiu Hoi v SFC [SFAT 1/2007] (13 May 2009), citing his statement the Tribunal's Determination in Tse Shiu Hoi v SFC [SFAT 10/2007] (20 March 2009).  436 The SFC's Written Closing Submissions, paragraphs 32-34.	U

A		A
В	questions about his knowledge of Mr. Devon Fu, Ms. Amy Wong, Ms. Christine Kwok, his mother, father and brother. The issue of his conflict of interest in Project Oasis and Project	В
C	Frontier was raised specifically. Mr. Choi was fully aware of the area of enquiry by the SFC. 437  The Tribunal was invited to draw all the available adverse inferences in respect of his familial	C
D	and personal connections with LR Capital. The Tribunal was invited to place "no weight" on the unsworn assertions made in the letter of his solicitors to the Commission, dated	D
E	8 December 2017. 439	E
F	Devon Fu	F
G	389. Mr. Li submitted that the available evidence clearly demonstrated that Mr. Choi was on "exceedingly close terms" with Mr. Devon Fu, who was a former colleague at UBS,	G
Н	despite nominally being Mr. Choi's client and assistant to Mr. Howard Cong Lin, the Managing Partner of LR Capital. The evidence established that Mr. Devon Fu took directions from him at	Н
I	every turn and essentially acted as his personal assistant. 440 Significantly, Mr. Howard Cong Lin	I
J	said of their relationship at UBS that Mr. Choi was already a Partner, Mr. Devon Fu was just an Associate. 441	J
K	Ms. Amy Wong - fiancée of Mr. Bernard Choi	K
L	Of the issue of the status of the relationship of Ms. Amy Wong and Mr. Bernard	L
M	Choi, Mr. Li invited the Tribunal to note <sup>442</sup> the assertions made in the Applicant's Written Opening Submissions, in which reference was made to a letter sent to the Commission from	M
N	Mr. Choi's then solicitors, dated 8 December 2017, in which Mr. Choi's knowledge of the status/relationship of Mr. Bernard Choi and Ms. Amy Wong was addressed. 443 It was asserted	N
O	that in the letter it was acknowledged that Mr. Choi was aware only that they were "cohabiting in a relationship", but not "whether they were engaged." In fact, the letter did not address the	0
P	issue of engagement at all. Rather, it stated:	P
Q		Q
R		R
S	<ul> <li>437 The SFC's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 35.</li> <li>438 The SFC's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 34.</li> <li>439 The SFC's Written Closing Submissions, paragraphs 108-109.</li> </ul>	S
T	<ul> <li>The SFC's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 107.</li> <li>The SFC's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 103. Transcript page 332 J-L.</li> <li>The SFC's Closing Submissions, paragraph 109.3.</li> </ul>	Т
U	443 Applicant's Written Opening Submissions, paragraph 51.3.	U

- 107 -

A			A
В		"Mr. Choi has not been directly informed as to whether his brother, Mr. Choi Chi Sing, is married, but Mr. Choi understands and assumes that Mr. Choi Chi Sing is currently in a relationship and living with Ms. Wong Yuen Ping." 444	В
C	201	In inviting the Tribunal to determine that Mr. Chailman, of their relationship as	C
	391.	In inviting the Tribunal to determine that Mr. Choi knew of their relationship as	
D		each other, Mr. Li invited the Tribunal to have regard to the evidence in emails	D
E		n of their relationship, evidenced by Ms. Amy Wong's assistance to Mr. Choi in	ъ
L		line tickets 445 and Rugby Sevens tickets 446 in March 2015, in which mail	E
F	· ·	e was copied, and hotel bookings in October 2015. 447 Having been forwarded an	F
		ge between Mr. Devon Fu and Mr. Choi, Ms. Amy Wong sent Mr. Choi an email	
G	informing him	m that she would arrange this requested change of his hotel booking in Dubai. 448	G
Н	392.	Further, in the context of arranging a joint medical examination for Mr. Choi,	Н
	Mr. Bernard	Choi and Ms. Amy Wong in October 2014, having said that he had met	
I	Mr. Bernard	Choi and having thanked Mr. Choi for the "referral", Mr. Austin Mok	I
	acknowledge	d that Mr. Choi had introduced him to Ms. Amy Wong. 449	
J			J
• •	Christine Kw	ok	
K	393.	Of the relationship between Mr. Choi and Ms. Christine Kwok, Mr. Li said that	K
L	the emails ex	changed between them suggested that they remained close at the material time.	L
	For example,	in July 2014 Mr. Choi arranged for Ms. Christine Kwok to be greeted at the airport	
M	and arranged	transportation. In November and December 2015, after she became COO of	M
		vas copied into emails Mr. Choi circulated. 450	
N		•	N
0	Madam Chan	Mei Ching	0
0	394.	Mr. Li submitted that Mr. Choi must have been aware of LRC. Belt and Road	0
P		tone investor in Xinte. Mr. Choi was copied in the email exchanges resulting from	P
		of the SEHK, as to whether or not LRC. Belt and Road was related to LR Capital	
Q	•	Xinte's IPO. Mr. Choi had been copied in the email, dated 14 December 2015,	Q
		Vinnie Leung of UBS to AMTD inviting their assistance to respond to the enquiry	
R	sent by 1415. 4	vinine Bearing of OBS to 7 HVI B invitting their assistance to respond to the enquiry	R
S	444 Bundle 7, pag	ge 2672, paragraph 9.	S
٥	445 Bundle 1, pag	ge 476. ages 5053-5055.	3
T	<sup>447</sup> Bundle 30, pa	age 10205.	T
	<sup>449</sup> Bundle 11, pa	Vritten Closing Submissions, paragraph 109.4. ages 3862-3865.	
U	450 The SFC's W	Vritten Closing Submissions, paragraph 109.2.	U

		A
	f the SEHK as to the relationship between LRC. Belt and Road and LR Capital China Growth	
	Company Emiliard, in particular as to why the former was not to be regarded as "an animated	В
	onvestor" <sup>451</sup> Also, Mr. Devon Fu had sent Mr. Choi an email, dated 14 December 2015, ontaining a draft of the proposed reply to the SEHK. Of Strategic Global, the draft said that it	C
	" owned by 3 high net worth individuals: Chan Mei Ching Chan Min Chi and	
	asuyantinah Kasin." <sup>452</sup>	D
		E
39	Mr. Andy Lee said in his witness statement that Xinte's Prospectus identified	
L	RC. Belt and Road as a cornerstone investor. The Prospectus, published on 17 December 2015,	F
sa	aid that LRC. Belt and Road was a joint venture of Strategic Global Investment Corporation	_
Ľ	td ("Strategic Global") and Mr. Soul Htite. 453 Madam Chan Mei Ching was identified as a 47%	G
		н
	olding a 99% equity interest in LRC. Belt and Road at that date. In a reply letter to the	
		I
pa	age 235. 454	
ת	Panny Choi: beneficial ownership of shares in LR Capital	J
		K
	Mr. Li submitted that there was no reason to doubt the accuracy or authenticity	
		L
	fr. Choi said that Danny Choi was "holding shares" on his behalf. 455 The 'Client Attendees'	_
		M
	nareholder of the LRC, Danny), Marcellus Wong (board member) and Raymond Yung (CEO).	N
1	he note stated:	- 1
		o
	close family, friends and partners. There is no third party money other than the 16.	
		P
	3. The 3 of them represent the core investment and shareholder group of LRC (Danny Choi Kwok Kei holding shares on behalf of Calvin Choi (son), and Yung	Q
	Hing Keung holding shares on behalf of Raymond Yung.)"	•
		R
		C
451	The SFC's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 109.5. Bundle 31, pages 10783-10786.	S
452	<sup>2</sup> Bundle 31, pages 10787-10788.	Т
454	The SFC's Written Opening Submissions, paragraph 56. Bundle 33; page 11362, paragraph 34(b).  Bundle 2, page 573, paragraph 2.	
453	The SFC's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 109.8. Bundle 8, page 2812.	U

A		A
_	397. Mr. Li suggested Mr. Choi's beneficial ownership of those shares explained how	
В	Mr. Danny Choi came to acquire a 28.86% shareholding in LR Capital, which had US \$869	В
C	million in liquid assets under management in May 2015 <sup>456</sup> , given that Mr. Danny Choi's	C
	estimated wealth, as at April 2016, as stipulated in a UBS Client Profile and Acceptance	
D	Checklist compiled by Mr. Austin Mok was only US \$7,293,512. <sup>457</sup>	D
E	Kingsley Chan: the importance of information of Mr. Choi's familial and personal connections with LR Capital to the selling shareholders	E
F	398. Of the relevance of Mr. Choi's familial and personal connections with LR	F
_	Capital, Mr. Li invited the Tribunal to note the evidence of Mr. Kingsley Chan in cross-	
G	examination . He said that he did not know that:	G
Н	• Ms. Amy Wong Yuen Ping was the fiancée and cohabitee of Mr. Bernard Choi,	Н
	Mr. Choi's brother;	
I	• on incorporation of LR Capital, in December 2014, Ms. Amy Wong was the	I
J	sole owner of LR Capital;	J
	• in March 2015, when MSPE began to engage with Mr. Choi and UBS, Ms. Amy	
K	Wong owned 35% of the shares of LR Capital; <sup>458</sup>	K
L	• Mr. Bernard Choi was an authorised signatory of LR Capital's wealth	L
L	management accounts with UBS.	L
M		M
	399. If he had known that information, and known of the connection of Mr. Marcellus	
N	Wong and Mr. James Wong, those are matters that he would have wished to discuss with his	N
0	fellow selling shareholders. He agreed that the reason for that, was to make each of the other shareholders aware of the fact that "the sell side adviser Calvin Choi had family connections	o
	with the front-running bidder for AMTD." The objective of such discussion was so that the	
P	selling shareholders were informed and agreed on any proposed solution. Also, the matter	P
0	would have to be "raised and discussed" within Morgan Stanley. 459	0
Q		Q
R	400. Mr. Li submitted that Mr. Choi's familial and personal connections with LR	R
	Capital were to be viewed in the context of his acquisition of a beneficial interest in the shares	
S		S
T	<ul> <li>Bundle 20, page 7002 - GF Securities' Fund Proof Letter for Project Frontier, dated 29 May 2015.</li> <li>Bundle 2, page 526. UBS Client Profile and Acceptance Checklist - 06.04.2016.</li> </ul>	Т
	Bundle 8, pages 2782-2783; email from UBS to Mr. Devon Fu, dated 27 March 2015, attaching an organisation chart of L.R. Capital Principal Investment Limited.	_
H	<sup>459</sup> The SFC's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 113.2. Transcript pages 254 A-255P.	II

U

V

U

A	of LR Capital, through his father Mr. Danny Choi, and his subsequent role as Chairman of	A
В	AMTD. 460	В
C	A consideration of the submissions	C
D	401. In determining whether a conflict of interest arose for Mr. Choi in his dealings with UBS's clients, the starting point of the analysis must be that he was a licensed person	D
E	under the Ordinance. He had volunteered to obtain that status. In doing so, he made himself subject to the regulatory regime imposed under the Ordinance. Under the regime, the undoubted	E
F	rights, privileges and benefits of being a licensed person are balanced by correlative duties.	F
G	In my judgement, there is considerable merit in Mr. Li's submission that the	G
Н	SFC's Code of Conduct and the CFA Code imposed freestanding duties on Mr. Choi to take reasonable steps to avoid conflicts of interest and to act in the best interests of UBS's clients,	Н
I	affording them fair treatment. Clearly, in those circumstances a conflict of interest does not arise exclusively in the context of a fiduciary relationship, nor does it require that Mr. Choi	I
J	have personal contractual duties to a client of UBS.	J
K	I am satisfied that there is no reason why the Codes made under the Ordinance	K
L	or the UBS Guidelines and Policies could not impose broader duties, than those imposed by the general law, to (i) avoid conflicts of interest and (ii) require disclosure of such conflicts, actual	L
M	or potential, that might arise.	M
N	404. UBS's Policies and Guidelines requiring disclosure to UBS of conflicts of interest with clients, including those arising in consequence of relevant personal relationships,	N
0	were entirely consistent with the requirements of the SFC Code and the CFA Code requiring	0
P	that clients be treated fairly. Following appropriate disclosure, internal escalation within UBS afforded UBS the opportunity to consider its own interests and that of the client and to	P
Q	determine whether it was proper to continue with the relationship and, if so, with what disclosure to the client and with what precautions. Obviously, the failure to make appropriate	Q
R	disclosure to UBS of a conflict of interest rendered nugatory the policy of escalation and	R
S	considered determination of the issue of fair treatment of a client.	S
T		T
U	460 The SFC's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 113.3.	U

- 111 -

A			A			
_	405.	In all those circumstances, compliance by Mr. Choi with UBS's Policies and				
В	Guidelines was a relevant consideration to which regard is to be had in determining whether  B					
C	Mr. Choi is f	it and proper to be a licensed person.	C			
D	406. respect of M	Ultimately, the question that arises is whether conflicts of interest arose in r. Choi's dealings with the clients of UBS, namely Xinte and the consortium of	D			
E	selling sharel	nolders of AMTD's shares. That issue is to be addressed, as the parties have done,	E			
	by having reg	gard to all the evidence of the role of Mr. Choi and UBS in relation to the clients	_			
F	of UBS havi	ng regard to the contemporaneous documentation, primarily emails to and from	F			
	Mr. Choi, in	particular:				
G	(a)	advice given by Mr. Choi to the counterparties of UBS's client;	G			
Н	, ,		Н			
	(b)	the disclosure of confidential information by Mr. Choi to the counterparties of				
I		UBS's clients; and	I			
J	(c)	the drafting of emails by Mr. Choi for LR Capital to be sent to their legal representatives.	J			
K			K			
	407.	Further, regard is to be had to the evidence of the personal and familial				
L	relationship of	of Mr. Choi with the LR Capital Group, in particular:	L			
M	(i)	Mr. Devon Fu;	M			
N	(ii)	Ms. Amy Wong and Mr. Bernard Choi;	NT.			
1	(iii)	Ms. Christine Kwok;	N			
0			o			
	(iv)	Madam Chan Mei Ching; and				
P	(v)	Mr. Danny Choi	P			
Q			0			
Q	Part 7 - Dia	d UBS's and Mr. Choi's role and conduct with respect to the pre-IPO	Q			
R	sale of sha	res by Xinte Energy constitute regulated activity?	R			
	Misconduct-regulatory regime					
S	408.	Although Mr. Choi was not licensed by the Commission or registered with the	S			
T		Although Mr. Choi was not licensed by the Commission or registered with the Monetary Authority at the time that he was notified of proposed disciplinary action,	Т			
	0 0	The NPDA dated 16 December 2020, nevertheless he was a "regulated person",	•			
U	by service of	ine 111 211 dated 10 December 2020, nevertheless he was a regulated person,	U			

- 112 -

V

A	heing a lice	nsed person, at the "relevant time", namely the time of the alleged misconduct in	A
В	issue. 461.	nsed person, at the Televant time, namely the time of the aneged inisconduct in	В
C	409.	The determinations of the Commission under review by Mr. Choi are that he	C
D	C ,	of misconduct and not fit and proper to be a regulated person, pursuant to section 196(1) of the Ordinance.	D
E	Misconduct		E
F	410.	As the Commission noted in its Decision Notice, section 193(1) of the	F
G	Ordinance p	provides that "misconduct" means, amongst other things:	G
Н		"(d) an act or omission <i>relating to</i> the carrying on of any regulated activity for which a person is licensed or registered which, in the opinion of the Commission, is or is likely to be prejudicial to the interest of the investing public or to the	Н
I		public interest". [Italics added.]	I
J	Codes		J
K	411. "unless it ha	Section 193(3) provides that the Commission shall not form any such opinion, as had regard to any code or guideline as are in force at the time of occurrence of,	K
L		ble in relation to, the act or omission", as published under various provisions of the	L
M	Ordinance. The Code of Conduct for Persons Licensed by or Registered with the Securities and Futures Commission and the Corporate Finance Adviser Code of Conduct are two such relevant		
N	codes.		N
0	Fit and prop	per	o
P	412. regulated pe	Section 194(3) and section 196(3) provide that, in determining whether a erson is "a fit and proper person", the Commission may take into account various	P
Q	matters, inc	luding those specified in section 129 of the Ordinance.	Q
R	413. is "fit and	Section 129 (1) of the Ordinance provides that, in considering whether a person proper", the Commission "shall, in addition to any other matter" that the	R
S		n may consider relevant, have regard to:	S
T		"(c) the ability to carry on the regulated activity competently, honestly and fairly; and	Т
U	461 ss.194(7) a	and 196(8) of the Ordinance.	U

- 113 -

A		A	
В	<ul><li>(d) the reputation, character, reliability and financial integrity</li><li>(i)the person himself."</li></ul>	В	
C	The Applicant's submissions: the misconduct limb	C	
D	414. In the Re-Amended Notice of Application for Review of Decision, challenge was made to the jurisdiction of the Commission to act as it had done in respect of Mr. Choi. In	D	
E	particular, it was contended that: <sup>462</sup>	E	
F	"In respect of Project Oasisthe Applicant's role and conduct was concerned with a pre-IPO sale of shares by the Xinte Energy to various investors. At the material time, Xinte Energy was a private company and its shares accordingly	F	
G	did not fall within the definition of 'securities' as defined under section 1 of Schedule 1 of the Ordinance. The Applicant's role and conduct with respect to Project Oasis did not constitute regulated activity under any of the activities	G	
Н	under Schedule 5 of the Ordinance, including Type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activity as alleged"	Н	
I	Illegal/unlawful	Ι	
J	In his written Closing Submissions, relying on the submissions he made in his	J	
K	written Opening Submissions, Mr. Shieh submitted that the Commission's exercise of its disciplinary power under the "misconduct limb" was "illegal/unlawful". 463 It had purported to		
L	exercise that power in respect of Mr. Choi's conduct in Project Oasis.	L	
M	416. In his written Opening Submissions he invited the Tribunal to note that "misconduct" as defined in section 193 (1) means, "an act or omission relating to the carrying	M	
N	on of any <i>regulated activity</i> for which a person is licensed or registered which, in the opinion	N	
0	of the Commission, is or is likely to be prejudicial to the interest of the investing public or to the public interest." <sup>464</sup> [Italics added.]	0	
P	417. Mr. Shieh submitted that a pre-IPO investment is not a regulated activity in itself.	P	
Q	It is a sale and purchase of shares of a private company in contemplation that the shares will be subject to an IPO. The IPO may or may not materialise. It is plainly not an offer to sell or	Q	
R	purchase securities to or from the public. It cannot constitute a regulated activity. 465	R	
S		S	
T	462 Core Bundle, page 95, paragraph 1(3). 463 The Applicant's Written Cleaning Submissions, paragraph 24	T	
U	The Applicant's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 34.  The Applicant's Written Opening Submissions, paragraph 67.  The Applicant's Written Opening Submissions, paragraph 73.	U	

- 114 -

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			A
418.	He invi	ted the Tribunal to note that Part 2 of Schedule 5 of the Ordinance	
provides that:			В
	"advisin	g on corporate finance means	C
	giving	advice-	
	C	concerning compliance with or in respect of rules made under section 23 or 36 of this Ordinance governing the listing of <i>securities</i> and the code published under section 399(2)(a) or (b) of this Ordinance;	D E
	-	concerning-	E
	(i)		F
	(ii		
	(ii		G
	(	only in so far as the advice is given generally to holders of <i>securities</i> or a class of securities; or	Н
	(c) t	o a listed corporation or public company"	I
419.	Mr. Shi	eh submitted that, pursuant to Schedule 1, the definition of "securities"	J
does not inclu	ide shares	s of a private company. 466	
"1 <i>4</i> : 4-?			K
"relating to"			L
420.	Mr. Shi	eh submitted that, in construing the definition of "misconduct" as	L
provided for 1	by section	n 193(1)(d) of the Ordinance, in particular the provision that it means,	M
"an act or	omission	n relating to the carrying on of any regulated activity", Mr. Choi's	
	•	e-IPO investment project in respect of Xinte did not "relate to" UBS's	N
work in the IF	O of Xin	te. He invited the Tribunal to note that: <sup>467</sup>	o
(i)	UBS tı	reated the pre-investment project as a transaction separate from the IPO	J
``	itself;	and	P
(ii)	UBS h	ad abandoned the pre-IPO investment project and "had no role".	Q
Prejudicial to	the inter	est of the investing public or to the public interest	R
421.	He cont	ended that, even if the Tribunal was satisfied that the pre-IPO investment	S
project in Xir	nte related	d to the regulated activity of advising on corporate finance, Mr. Choi's	S
			T
		n Opening Submissions, paragraph 72. n Opening Submissions, paragraph 74.	
The Tippinean		L	II

V

A A conduct in the pre-IPO investment project was not, "... prejudicial to the interest of the В investing public or to the public interest." At most, it might have been prejudicial to the interests В of Xinte. Such prejudice was denied. 468  $\mathbf{C}$ C Regard to the Commission's Code of Conduct or other codes D D 422. Mr. Shieh acknowledged that section 193(3) of the Ordinance required that, in  $\mathbf{E}$ forming an opinion that any act or omission is or is likely to be prejudicial to the interest of the Е investing public or to the public interest, the Commission was required to have had regard to F F the code (s) of conduct published by the Commission. However, he submitted that proof of breach of the Code of Conduct was not itself a sufficient condition in establishing the element  $\mathbf{G}$  $\mathbf{G}$ of "...likely to be prejudicial to the interest of the investing public or to the public interest". He contended that it did not alter the fact that dealing in the private shares in Xinte between private Н Н parties, "...cannot be prejudicial to the interest of the investing public." In any event, the I I Commission's Code of Conduct and the Corporate Finance Adviser Code of Conduct only applied to regulated activities. They had no application to Mr. Choi's conduct in relation to pre-J IPO investment in Xinte. 469 K K 423. For his part, Mr. Shieh submitted that the observations in respect of the construction of the phrase "relating to" in section 193(1)(d) of the Ordinance in the judgment L L of Lord Neuberger in the Court of Final Appeal in Moody's Investors Service Hong Kong Limited v Securities and Futures Commission<sup>470</sup>, with which judgment all the other judges M M agreed, did not assist the Commission. Lord Neuberger noted that the section was in a Part of N N the Ordinance which was concerned with regulating and sanctioning "regulated activity" and was to be "...interpreted bearing in mind that it was enacted as part of a scheme introduced to  $\mathbf{o}$ O protect members of the public and the financial markets..."471. The pre-IPO investment in Xinte was the sale and purchase of shares of a private company between private parties and did not P involve the investing public at large.<sup>472</sup> Q Q R R  $\mathbf{S}$ S <sup>468</sup> The Applicant's Written Opening Submissions, paragraph 75-76. <sup>469</sup> The Applicant's Written Opening Submissions, paragraphs 78-80. T  $\mathbf{T}$ Moody's Investors Service Hong Kong Limited v Securities and Futures Commission (2018) 21 HKCFAR 456. 471 Moody's Investors Service Hong Kong Limited v Securities and Futures Commission; page 470, paragraph 40. <sup>472</sup> The Applicant's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 38. U U

- 116 -

A		A
	The Commission's Submissions	
В	Mr. Li acknowledged that the key issue was whether pre-IPO investment in	В
C	Xinte was <i>related</i> to Xinte's IPO, within the meaning of sections 194(1)(a) and 196(1)(b) of	C
D	the Ordinance. Having regard to the purpose of the statute was to protect "members of the	ъ
D	public and financial markets against inappropriate or substandard behaviour", it was to be interpreted broadly. 473	D
E		Е
F	425. He suggested that two arguments were advanced on behalf Mr. Choi. First, that within UBS the two transactions were advanced separately to BRG. Secondly, that UBS played	F
G	no formal role in the pre-IPO investment, it being formally marked 'Abandoned'.	G
Н	426. As to the first issue, Mr. Li acknowledged that the two transactions were split- up for the purposes of approval within UBS. However, he contended that was not determinative	Н
I	of the issue. <sup>474</sup>	I
J	427. As to the second issue, he submitted that the evidence reinforced the connection	J
K	between the two transactions. Mr. Choi's work on the pre-IPO investment opportunity was	K
K	"part and parcel of UBS's engagement to advise Xinte on its listing on the Main Board of	K
L	the SEHK" and therefore related to the carrying on of a regulated activity. <sup>475</sup> Of the connection between the two transactions, the Tribunal was invited to note that at the outset the application	L
M	for approval made within UBS on 7 August 2014 to the BRG was not only for TEBA's IPO but	M
	also for "the pre-IPO opportunity for the company." <sup>476</sup> In addressing the application for	
N	approval of the transactions in an email internal to UBS sent on 22 September 2014, Ms.	N
0	Elizabeth Siu had described the "pre-IPO opportunity" as <i>associated</i> with the IPO. <sup>477</sup> In his email to Mr. David Chin, sent on 25 February 2015, Mr. Choi had, in effect, acknowledged the	0
P	connection between the two transactions in explaining why UBS was to receive an increased	P
	fee for the IPO of an "0.5% incentive fee to be paid upon deal completion", in consequence of,	
Q		Q
R		R
S	473 Moody's Investors Service Hong Kong Limited v Securities and Futures Commission; page 470, paragraph 40.	S
T	<ul> <li>The SFC's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 41.</li> <li>The SFC's Written Opening Submissions, paragraph 112. The SFC's Written Closing Submissions,</li> </ul>	T
	paragraph 42.  476 Bundle 33, pages 11215-11217.  477 Bundle 6, page 2064	
U	477 Bundle 6, page 2064.	U

- 117 -

A		A
В	"help by us and GF IBD teams in terms of overall coordination and support". 478 Effect was given to that agreement by the Engagement Letter, dated 19 March 2015. 479	В
	given to that agreement by the Engagement Letter, dated 19 March 2013.	
C	428. The work performed by UBS and Mr. Choi in respect of the pre-IPO investment	C
D	fell within the provisions in clause 1(b) of the Engagement Letter namely, "any capital raising to be undertaken in connection with the Offering". Given that the Effective Date of the	D
E	Engagement Letter was stipulated to be 24 August 2014, it encompassed all of the work of UBS and Mr. Choi in respect of the pre-IPO investment. 480	E
F	and ivii. Onor in respect of the pre if o investment.	F
	Prejudicial to the interests of the investing public or to the public interest	
G	Of the requirement that the Commission be satisfied that the conduct, "is or	G
Н	is likely to be prejudicial to the interests of the investing public or to the public interest", Mr. Li submitted that it was clearly in the public interest that finance professionals acted with integrity	Н
I	throughout the entire listing process. This was not a case where UBS and Mr. Choi were only	I
J	ever involved in the IPO. On the contrary, from the outset they were involved in both the pre-IPO investment and the IPO.	J
K	430. As a sponsor of Xinte's IPO, UBS was required by the Listing Rules to perform	K
L	its duties with impartiality <sup>481</sup> and each sponsor was required to give an undertaking of independence from all other parties and to make declarations in that respect to the SEHK. <sup>482</sup>	L
M	The issue of conflicts of interest in Mr. Choi raised questions as to the integrity of Xinte's IPO. That was a matter of serious public interest. 483	N
N	That was a matter of serious public interest.	N
0	431. Further, the fact that the terms on which pre-IPO investors make investments are often different from the terms on which investors make investments in the IPO has given	O
P	rise to regulation under the Listing Rules, aimed at ensuring that the issue of marketing of securities is conducted in a "fair and orderly manner and that potential investors are given	P
Q	sufficient information to enable them to make a properly informed assessment of an issuer" and	Q
R	that "all holders of the listed securities are treated fairly and equally". 484 Misconduct in relation	R
S	478 Bundle 6, page 2067.	S
T	<ul> <li>Bundle 3, pages 1191-1195, at page 1195- clause 3(b.)</li> <li>Bundle 3, page 1191.</li> <li>SEHK: Main Board Listing Rules 3A.06.</li> <li>SEHK: Main Board Listing Rules 3A.03.</li> </ul>	Т
<b>T</b> T	Has The SFC's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 44.4.  SEHK: Main Board Listing Rules 2.03 (2) and 2.03 (4).	<b>T</b> 1

	D investment is plainly capable of being likely to be prejudicial to the interest of the public or to the public interest. <sup>485</sup>
A conside	ration of the submissions
Th	ne construction of "relating to" in section 193(1)(d)
432. became lie	On 1 June 2011, <i>Moody's Investor Services Hong Kong Limited ("Moody's")</i> censed under the Ordinance to carry on Type 10 regulated activity, namely providing
	ing services. On 11 July 2011, Moody's published a 'Special Comment Report' Red Flags for Emerging-Market Companies: A Focus on China". The Report received
extensive	local and international media attention and had a material impact on the market, in
•	rice, at which the shares of many of the companies the subject of the report traded, antially following the publication of the Report.
433.	The Commission initiated proceedings, alleging and then finding that Moody's
	to ensure the integrity of the Report. In the Court of Appeal, the Tribunal's finding Report "constituted a credit rating and was therefore a regulated activity" was
-	although the Court of Appeal agreed with the alternative finding of the Tribunal that
-	on of the Report was "an act or omission <i>relating to</i> the carrying on of a regulated within the ambit of s. 193(1)(d) of the Ordinance". It was against that finding that
-	appealed to the Court of Final Appeal.
434.	In the Court of Final Appeal, Mr. Shieh submitted on behalf of Moody's that: <sup>486</sup>
	"in the context of s. 193(1)(d), the preparation and publication of a document such as the Report, which did not itself involve the provision of credit rating services, could only be said to "relat[e] to" the provision of such services if it
	had been (or was understood, or would reasonably have been understood to have been) involved in the preparation of credit ratings. Unless such a clear and
	limited meaning is given to the phrase, he contended, the law would be uncertain, which is particularly inappropriate in the context of Pt. IX of the Ordinance, given that it creates an offence and involves curtailing freedom of expression."
435.	The Court rejected that submission. Lord Neuberger said: <sup>487</sup>
	"35. This interpretation of the section involves giving the phrase "relating to" an
	inappropriately narrow and specific effect. At any rate as a general proposition,
486 Moody's	C's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 44.5.  Investors Service Hong Kong Limited v Securities and Futures Commission; page 469, paragraph 34.  Investors Service Hong Kong Limited v Securities and Futures Commission; page 469, paragraph 35.

- 119 -

A		A		
В	of any expression intended to convey some connection between the two	В		
C	subject-matters to which the words refer" see the authorities cited by Fok PJ in Securities and Futures Commission v Pacific Sun Advisors Ltd (2015) 18 HKCFAR 138 at [23].	C		
D		D		
	Lord Neuberger went on to consider the issue of statutory construction, having			
E	regard to the purpose of section 193(1)(d) of the Ordinance: 488	E		
F	"Further, when one considers the purpose of s. 193(1)(d), it appears, if anything, to point away from giving its provisions a narrow meaning. The section is in a part of the Ordinance which is concerned with regulating and sanctioning	F		
G		G		
Н	introduced to protect members of the public and financial markets against inappropriate or substandard behaviour, and which is directed to sophisticated people, expert and experienced in financial markets, who will, as Mr. Shieh	Н		
I		Ι		
J	cases perfectly properly) keen to find ways of avoiding or minimising any control over their activities."	J		
K	The factual context	K		
L	The involvement of UBS and Mr. Choi with Xinte	L		
M	437. There is no doubt that, as a matter of fact, UBS and Mr. Choi were involved in and worked for both aspects of the fundraising for Xinte, namely the pre-IPO investment project	M		
	and the IDO project. In the event, months after that work had commenced in August/September			
N	2014, a formal Letter of Engagement agreement was entered into between Xinte and UBS,	N		
O	400	o		
	time at which the parties had begun to work together, the 'Effective Date of the agreement was			
P		P		
	Hong Kong: <sup>490</sup>			
Q		Q		
R	"have been engaged to act as the joint global co-ordinators, joint bookrunners, joint lead managers and the joint sponsors in relation to a global offering of shares in the capital of the Company and the listing of such shares	R		
S	on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong since 24 August 2014"	S		
T	488 Moody's Investors Service Hong Kong Limited v Securities and Futures Commission; page 470, paragraph 40.	T		
U	<ul> <li>489 Bundle 3, pages 1191-1209.</li> <li>490 Bundle 3, page 1191.</li> </ul>	U		

- 120 -

V

A		А
В	438. Also, it was stipulated that the Joint Advisors "shall provide the following financial advice and assistance", including, " any capital raising to be undertaken in	В
C	connection with the offering." <sup>491</sup>	C
D	The genesis of the involvement	D
E	439. The genesis of UBS's Engagement agreement with Xinte appears to have been about 7 August 2014. On that date, in an email circulated within UBS, the two aspects of	E
F	fundraising for Xinte were addressed together and the process of seeking approval from the Business Review Group was initiated, namely the pre-IPO investment project and the IPO itself. 492	F
G		G
Н	However, it is clear that by 22 September 2014 there was a formal distinction between the two parts of the fundraising. On that date, the approval of the Business Review	Н
I	Group was given in respect of the IPO project. 493 Mr. Choi and others were advised that it was necessary to submit a separate application in respect of the pre-IPO investment project. 494 It	I
J	appears that that was never done.	J
K	In an email, dated 25 February 2015, Mr. Choi responded to Mr. David Chin's	K
L	enquiry as to whether there was "any BRG submission" in respect of the pre-IPO project by saying:	L
M	"no BRG conducted as there is no role for UBS". 495	M
N	Mr. Choi/UBS's work in Xinte pre-IPO investment project	N
O	Nevertheless, on the other hand, it is clear that Mr. Choi and his colleagues at	O
P	UBS became and continued to be actively involved in the pre-IPO investment project. On Mr. Choi's instructions, potential investors had been contacted by UBS in early October 2014,	P
Q	presented with the 'teaser' and invited to enter into a Confidentiality Agreement. Eleven such potential investors were contacted. CMI was one of the potential investors contacted by UBS.	Q
R	That information was shared with their Joint Advisor, GF Capital. 496 Mr. Choi, himself sent and	R
S		S
T	<ul> <li>Bundle 3, page 1191, Clause 1.</li> <li>Bundle 33, pages 11215-11217.</li> <li>Bundle 6, page 2062 and Bundle 33, page 11218.</li> </ul>	T
U	<ul> <li><sup>494</sup> Bundle 33, page 11218.</li> <li><sup>495</sup> Bundle 6, page 2067.</li> <li><sup>496</sup> Bundle 2, pages 641 and 643.</li> </ul>	U

- 121 -

V

A		А
В	received information from GF Capital as to the progress of their joint endeavours in the pre- IPO investment project.	В
C	On 27 October 2014, Mr. Choi met Mr. Devon Fu, following which meeting on	C
D	28 October 2014 Mr. Devon Fu provided UBS by email with a Confidentiality Agreement between Xinte, GF Capital and UBS, signed by Mr. Cong Lin, for LR Asia Capital Management	D
E	Ltd., in respect of the "Transaction", namely a "potential pre-IPO investment" in Xinte Energy Co., Ltd. <sup>497</sup>	E
F		F
	On 9 January 2015 a conference of pre-IPO investors, including representatives	
G	of CMI and LR Capital, and representatives of the investment banks, including UBS and GF	G
Н	Capital, was held in Xinjiang. Mr. Choi was described in the related emails and attachments as being one of those representatives. 498	Н
I		I
	In the event, Xinte entered into a Share Subscription agreement, dated 13 April	
J	2015, with LR Capital Growth I Co Ltd and GF Energy Investments Limited to subscribe for about 73 million and 29 million Xinte shares respectively. Separately, on the same date, Xinte	J
K	entered into a share subscription agreement with CMI for the latter to subscribe for about 43	K
	million Xinte shares.	
L		L
M	446. The exchange of emails internally within UBS on 25 and 26 February 2015 evidence the fact that, although UBS and Mr. Choi had been involved in working on the pre-	M
N	IPO investment for Xinte, no formal agreement had been reached between UBS and Xinte to reflect those endeavours. In the result, that aspect of the project was described as "Abandoned"	N
o	in an email dated 26 February 2015. <sup>499</sup> Although, that was the formal position, it is clear from	o
	the emails sent by Mr. Choi that not only had work been performed on the pre-IPO investment	ŭ
P	project but also that was acknowledged by Xinte and was to be rewarded. That was to reflect	P
	what Mr. Choi described as "the help by us and GF IBD team in terms of overall coordination	
Q	and support". Reward was to be achieved by providing GF Capital and UBS with what Mr. Choi	Q
R	described as an "upraise" of IPO fees, namely "an additional 0.5% incentive fee to be paid	R
	upon deal completion." <sup>500</sup>	
S		S
_		
T	<sup>497</sup> Bundle 2, pages 652, 659-664.	T
U	<ul> <li>Bundle 2, pages 592-596, at page 595 paragraph 3 and Bundle 3, pages 969-972.</li> <li>Bundle 6, page 2065.</li> <li>Bundle 6, page 2067.</li> </ul>	U

- 122 -

V

		A
Xinte's IP	20	_
447.	The Prospectus for Xinte's IPO was issued on 17 December 2015 and closed on	В
22 Decem	aber 2015. Xinte was listed on the SEHK on 30 December 2015.	C
"Related	to"	D
448.	As is readily apparent, both Mr. Choi and UBS had an active role in both aspects fundraising, namely the pre-IPO investment project and the IPO itself. There is no	E
dispute th	at, in acting as Joint Sponsor in the IPO for Xinte, UBS and Mr. Choi were carrying	F
_	lated activity, namely advising on securities. Two questions arise: first, whether that a relation to the pre-IPO investment project was "an act or omission relating to the	G
	on" of that regulated activity; and secondly, whether the Codes of Conduct, made of the provisions of the Ordinance, are applicable to conduct in the pre-IPO investment	Н
project.		I
449.	Unsurprisingly, indeed as was to be expected, the pre-IPO investment was to the proposed IPO. That link was apparent from the outset and reflected in the	J
	greements that were reached between the parties. It is to be noted that in its reply to	K
the Comm	nission, dated 3 August 2018, UBS said: 501	
	"the pre-IPO investment took place after project kick-off and UBS mandate review of the IPO, and UBS undertook a coordination role and reached out to pre-IPO investors initially as a potential standalone engagement, but eventually as additional services in the IPO."	L M
		N
'Use of Pi	roceeds' of the pre-IPO investment	
(i) X	Xinte's Prospectus	0
450.	It is to be noted that in the 'Hearing Proof' of the Prospectus to be issued by	P
Xinte Ene	ergy, attached to the email sent by Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu, dated 29 November	0
2015, the	issue of pre-IPO Investments was addressed at some length. Having detailed the	Q
investmen	nts made by CMI, GF Energy and LR Capital Growth I and having noted that 8 May	R
2015 was	the "Payment Date of the Consideration", the use of the monies raised was addressed	
under the	heading "Use of Proceeds". 502 Of that, it was stated: 503	S
		T
502 Respond	2, pages 623-629 at page 628, paragraph A.) 3) c.) lent's Evidence; Bundle A, item 1190-attachment in an electronic format only. 90, page 106 of internal pagination.	U

- 123 -

A			A
В		"The proceeds of the pre-IPO investment have been fully used (i) towards our general working capital and capital expenditure for the construction and operation of solar and wind power stations; and (ii) for the improvement of our	В
C		Company's asset-liability structure (including the repayment of some of the shareholders' loans)."	C
D	(ii) Su	ggested Basic Terms: 6 November 2014	D
E	451.	The description of the use of the pre-IPO investment set out above resonates	E
	with the bri	ief description set out under the same heading, 'Use of Proceeds', in the attachment	
F	to an email	, dated 6 November 2014, sent to Mr. Devon Fu by the GF Group, which in turn he	F
	forwarded 1	to Mr. Choi. 504 The attachment was entitled:	
G		"Xinte Energy Co., Ltd. ["Xinte Energy"] Pre-IPO Financing Investment Plan Discussion Paper"	G
Н		Discussion ruper	Н
I	452.	Under the general rubric "Suggested Basic Terms", it was stated that it was	I
T		nat Xinte Energy place ordinary shares to a US dollar equivalent of RMB 1.5 billion.	т
J	Under the h	neading 'Use of Proceeds', it was stated:	J
K		"Use for supporting the capital expenditure and working capital of Xinte Energy, including:[To be determined]"	K
L		[2000 4000	L
M	453.	Under the heading 'Qualified Initial Public Offering [IPO]', it was stated that:	M
N		"Xinte Energy will offer and list new shares at the Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited or any other international securities exchange agreed by the investors, and the market capitalization after the IPO will be no less than HK\$10	N
0		billion [excluding new shares issued to the public] and the IPO proceeds will be no less than HK \$2.5 billion or any market capitalization agreed by the investors in writing."	0
P			P
	454.	Under the heading 'Mandatory Share Repurchase', it was stated that:	
Q		"When any of the following events occurs, the investors shall be entitled to	Q
R		require Xinte Energy to repurchase part or all of their shares of Xinte Energy: -Xinte Energy fails to complete the qualified IPO prior to 31 December 2016 The repurchase price will be paid in cash and be equivalent to the investment	R
S		amount plus a compound annual rate of returns at 10%. "	S
T			T
U	<sup>504</sup> Bundle 11	1, page 4000.	U

- 124 -

A			A	
	(iii) The	c CMI/Xinte Term Sheet: 3 March 2015		
В	455.	The signed CMI/Xinte Term Sheet for subscription for new Xinte shares ("this	В	
C	transaction")	), which Mr. Choi forwarded to Mr. Devon Fu by email on 3 March 2015 <sup>505</sup> ,	C	
	stipulated the	e 'Use of Proceeds' of the monies raised by Xinte Energy thereby as being: 506		
D E		"to bolster its capital expenditures and working capital, including covering the capital expenditure on building proprietary solar and wind power stations and improving its balance sheet [including repaying part of the loans from the	D E	
		shareholders]."		
F			F	
~	456.	452. Under the heading "Qualified Listing", it was stated: 507		
G		"All parties agree that after the completion of this transaction, all parties shall	G	
Н		use all reasonable endeavours to procure the listing of Xinte Energy on the HKEx with a market value of not less than HKD 12.5 billion [or a market value of any other amount agreed by all investors in writing] and the listing proceeds	Н	
I		will be no less than HKD2.5 billion. The listing that meets all the aforesaid conditions is called a "qualified listing"."	I	
J			J	
	457.	Under the heading "Mandatory Share Repurchase", provision was made for the		
K	repurchase o	of "for part of the shares of Xinte Energy" in multiple circumstances, including: 508	K	
L		"1.Xinte Energy fails to complete the qualified listing prior to 31 March 2017; 2. Xinte Energy uses the proceeds from this transaction in violation of the aforesaid purposes;"	L	
M			M	
N		e draft Share Subscription Agreements: Xinte/Xingjiang TEBA/TEBA and (i) GF ergy and LR Capital Growth I; (ii) CMI - 16 March 2015	N	
0	458.	The two draft Share Subscription Agreements between Xinte and GF Energy bital Growth I, on the one hand, and Xinte and CMI, on the other hand, which	o	
P	•	rwarded in an email, dated 16 March 2015, to Mr. Devon Fu, he having received	P	
•		chments to an email from Xinte, reflected all the material parts of the provisions	1	
Q		e in the Term Sheet under the headings: Use of Proceeds; Qualified Listing; and	Q	
D	Mandatory S	Mandatory Share Repurchase. The phrase "this transaction" had been replaced in the text by		
R	the phrase "t	this share subscription". 509	R	
S			s	
TD:	505 D 11 12			
T	<sup>506</sup> Bundle 12,	pages 4203-4232. pages 4214-4216.	T	
U	<ul> <li>507 Bundle 12,</li> <li>508 Bundle 12,</li> <li>509 Bundle 13,</li> </ul>		U	

- 125 -

A		A	
В	The Share Subscription Agreement: Xinte/Xingjiang TEBA/TEBA and GF Energy and LR Capital Growth I - 13 April 2015	В	
C	The Share Subscription Agreement executed between Xinte/Xingjiang TEBA/TEBA and GF Energy and LR Capital Growth I on 13 April 2015 once again reflected	C	
D	all the material parts of the provisions quoted above in the draft Share Subscription Agreement under the headings: Use of Proceeds; Qualified Listing; and Mandatory Share Repurchase.	D	
E		E	
F	Conclusion  460. I have no hesitation whatsoever in being satisfied that the conduct of Mr. Choi	F	
G	and UBS in respect of the pre-IPO investment in Xinte related to the carrying on of the regulated activity, namely advising Xinte on securities in respect of its IPO. The contemporaneous	G	
Н	documentation cited earlier speak eloquently to the fact that the funds raised in the pre-IPO	Н	
I	investment were to be used for the benefit of the company in advance of the IPO. Clearly, that was intimately connected with and related to the latter project.	I	
J	The applicability of the Codes of Conduct	J	
K	The second question that arises is whether the Codes of Conduct, made pursuant	K	
L	to the provisions of the Ordinance, are applicable to conduct in the pre-IPO investment project. In his submissions, Mr. Shieh contended that they are not applicable.	L	
M	In the judgment of the Court of Appeal in <i>Moody's</i> , <sup>510</sup> Lam VP, as Lam PJ was	M	
N	then, noted that it was contended on behalf of Moody's that the Code of Conduct published by the Commission, pursuant to section 169 (1) of the Ordinance "could only apply to the	N	
0	carrying on of the regulated activities. Hence, there could not be a breach of the Code in respect	O	
P	of non-regulated activities." That had been the Determination of the Securities and Futures Appeals Tribunal. 511		
Q	463. Of that submission, Lam VP said:	Q	
R	"This is not a ground in the Notice of Appeal. In any event, once we reject the narrow construction of s. 193 as to the scope of the business of credit rating,	R	
S	there is no merit in the argument."	S	
T	510 Moody's Investors Services Hong Kong Limited v Securities and Futures Commission [2017] 3 HKLRD 565; at page 577, paragraph 34-35.	T	
U	Moody's Investors Services Hong Kong Limited v Securities and Futures Commission SFAT No. 4 of 2014; Reasons for Determination, paragraphs 76 and 77.	U	

- 126 -

A	The issue was not addressed in the Court of Final Annual	A
В	The issue was not addressed in the Court of Final Appeal.	В
C	Although Lam VP's observations were clearly <i>obiter dicta</i> , they clearly resonate with a broad interpretation of section 193 of the Ordinance. There is considerable force in	C
D	Mr. Li's submission that, given that section 193(3) of the Ordinance expressly requires the Commission to have regard to Codes of Conduct, published under section 169 of the Ordinance,	D
E	before forming an opinion that an act is prejudicial to the interest of the investing public or the	E
F	public interest", it would make little sense to construe the provision as being limited only to regulating conduct constituting the carrying on of the regulated activity, and not to conduct related to it. <sup>512</sup>	F
G		G
Н	In the result, I am satisfied that, in determining whether Mr. Choi's conduct in the pre-IPO investment project was prejudicial to the interest of the investing public or the	Н
I	public interest, regard is to be had to whether it was in breach of the Codes of Conduct	I
	promulgated by the Commission.	
J		J
K	Irrationality: the prohibition imposed on Mr. Choi in the Decision Notice	K
	466. In support of the submission that it was irrational for the Commission to	_
L	determine in the Decision Notice to impose prohibitions on Mr. Choi, Mr. Shieh invited the Tribunal to note that at that time Mr. Choi was no longer a licensed person and had not been	L
M	licensed for several years. Further, in the written Representations made on his behalf by his	M
N	then solicitors Messrs Tang Lai & Leung, dated 16 April 2021, the Commission had been informed that Mr. Choi had no "intention of applying for such regulatory approval." Moreover,	N
o	a voluntary undertaking had been made on his behalf "not to apply for a licence, registration or other approval or consent for a period of up to three years from the date of any agreement to	0
P	this effect with the SFC, subject to the imposition of appropriate and necessary confidentiality	P
	provisions."513	
Q		Q
R	Mr. Shieh invited the Tribunal to note that the Commission did not even engage	R
K	with Mr. Choi as to the scope of the "confidentiality provisions". He submitted that, in those	K
S	circumstances, the decision to prohibit him from applying for the grant of a licence was made	S
	irrationality.	
T		T
U	The SFC's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 55.3. The Applicant's Written Opening Submissions, paragraphs 89-93.	U

- 127 -

A		A			
D	For his part, Mr. Li submitted that the disciplinary process served a very				
В	important purpose, which was not answered by a voluntary undertaking to withdraw from the	В			
C	process. Further, he submitted that the offer had been entered with the caveat that it be subject to "appropriate and necessary confidentiality provisions". Nothing had been advanced as to	C			
D	to "appropriate and necessary confidentiality provisions". Nothing had been advanced as to why Mr. Choi should be entitled to any confidentiality. Certainly, he had no such entitlement.				
E	469. Mr. Li submitted that the Commission was entitled to reject Mr. Choi's offer. There was nothing irrational in doing so. Having regard to the Commission's regulatory	E			
F	objectives, it was entitled to do so. The deterrent effect of the disciplinary prohibition was an	F			
G	appropriate consideration.	G			
Н	A consideration of the submissions	Н			
	470. I have no hesitation whatsoever in rejecting the submission that the Commission				
I	had acted irrationally in determining to proceed as it did, namely to reject the offer and proceed	I			
J	to make the prohibition orders as part of the orders made under the Decision Notice. I accept as correct, the response of the Commission in its Decision Notice to that suggestion, namely	J			
K	that the proposed prohibition "is a formal disciplinary sanction" imposed pursuant to the provisions of the Ordinance. As the Commission went on to note, "The threat of sanctions being				
L	imposed by the SFC also serves to deter non-compliance with regulatory requirements. This latter objective is achieved through publication of the SFC's disciplinary sanctions". <sup>514</sup>	L			
M		M			
N	Part 8 - A consideration of Mr. Choi's conduct in Xinte's pre-IPO investment	N			
0	471. In considering the submissions in respect of Mr. Choi's impugned conduct in respect of Xinte's pre-IPO investment project, I have considered the alleged personal and	0			
P	familial connections between Mr. Choi and the LR Capital Group separately and subsequently.	P			
Q	The provision of information and assistance to LR Capital	Q			
R	472. The nub of the Commission's allegation of misconduct against Mr. Choi in this respect was that this conduct showed that he had "provided assistance and information in	R			
S	relation to another pre-IPO investor's investment to LR Capital, a counterparty to your client,	S			
T	in Project Oasis."	Т			
		•			
U	514 0 7 11 07 1 06 07	U			

- 128 -

V

<sup>514</sup> Core Bundle; page 87, at paragraphs 26- 27

A			A		
	473.	Factually, the alleged misconduct stipulated and found by the Commission			
В	against Mr. (	Choi in respect of the pre-IPO investment project for Xinte is of relatively narrow	В		
C	compass:		C		
D	(i)	the exchange of emails between Mr. Devon Fu and Mr. Choi on 6 November 2014, in which Mr. Devon Fu forwarded an attachment he had received from	D		
E		GF Investments under the Subject heading: FW: discussion draft of key terms for TBEA pre-IPO investment; <sup>515</sup>	E		
F	(ii)	the email, dated 3 March 2015, which Mr. Choi sent to Mr. Devon Fu, to which	F		
G		was attached the Term Sheet of CM International's pre-IPO investment in Xinte; <sup>516</sup>	G		
H	(iii)	the email, dated 16 March 2015, <sup>517</sup> which Mr. Choi sent to Mr. Devon Fu, to which was attached the draft Subscription Agreements for CM International <sup>518</sup>	Н		
]		and LR Capital Growth. <sup>519</sup>	I		
	(iv)	The email, dated 14 December 2015, which Mr. Devon Fu sent to Mr. Choi <sup>520</sup> , to which was attached a response to the SEHK's enquiry as to the relationship	J		
Ž.		between LRC. Belt and Road and LR Capital Growth. <sup>521</sup>	K		
	474.	The nub of the Commission's allegation of misconduct against Mr. Choi in this	L		
I	1	respect was that this conduct showed that he had "provided assistance and information in relation to another pre-IPO investor's investment to LR Capital, a counterparty to your client,			
Ī	in Project Oa	asis."	N		
)	6 November	2014	o		
•	475. 6 November	On their own, the exchange of emails between Mr. Devon Fu and Mr. Choi on 2014 did nothing to establish the provision of assistance by Mr. Choi to LR Capital.	P		
)	Rather, it sug	ggested a request for assistance by Mr. Devon Fu of Mr. Choi. There is no evidence	Q		
	that any assi	stance was forthcoming on that occasion. On the other hand, the emails suggest a	-		
			R		
		pages 4000-4003.	S		
	<ul><li>517 Bundle 13,</li><li>518 Bundle 13,</li></ul>	516 Bundle 12, pages 4203-4232. 517 Bundle 13, page 4382. 518 Bundle 13, pages 4562-4652. 519 Bundle 13, pages 4384-4469.			
	<sup>520</sup> Bundle 31,	pages 10787-10788. pages 10783-10785.	U		

- 129 -

		A
	tionship between the two men in which Mr. Choi identified a common interest, "Any ings to warrant <i>our</i> attention." [Italics added.]	1
3 March a	and 16 March 2015	(
476.	In the emails, dated 3 March and 16 March 2015, Mr. Choi forwarded to	1
	n Fu material in respect of CMI, namely a signed pre-IPO Term Sheet and a draft	]
	oscription agreement. The former document had been provided to him in an email	I
from Wan	g Jiang of CMI and the latter document sent internally within UBS. On each occasion,	
in forward	ling the information to Mr. Devon Fu, the names of the original sender and recipients	I
were remo	oved. On 3 March 2015, Mr. Choi wrote simply, "FYI." On 16 March 2015, he invited	(
Mr. Fu to	"call my office."	
		H
477.	At the time that Mr. Choi provided Devon Fu with this information, CMI was	
_	g with Xinte the terms on which it might make a pre-IPO investment in Xinte. LR ere engaged in similar negotiations. On its face, the information was confidential to	I
•	Xinte. Without some explanation, it was confidential information that it would not be	J
	erests of CMI and Xinte to disclose to other negotiating parties.	
	resis of early and rames to dispress to other negotiating parties.	ŀ
CMI's inf	cormed consent	L
478.	In his evidence, Mr. Cong Lin sought to provide some explanation. In his	L
witness s	tatement he asserted that information exchanged in emails with Mr. Choi at that	N
time: <sup>522</sup>		
	66	N
	"were exchanged openly and with the consent and knowledge of all the parties involved, including Xinte Energy, GF Securities and CM International."	C
479.	Of the email sent on 3 March 2015, attaching the term sheet of CM	P
Internatio	nal's pre-IPO investment in Xinte Energy, he invited the Tribunal to note that	
reference	was made specifically to LR Capital's subsidiary, LR Capital China Growth I	(
Company	Limited, which was also described as subscribing for new shares to be issued by	F
Xinte Ene	ergy. Of that, he said that:	1
		S
	"pre-IPO investments in Xinte Energy were conducted openly vis-a-vis CM International and LRC".	
		T
		U
522 Bundle	35, pages 11849-11850, at paragraph 26.	U

- 130 -

		A
480.	As noted earlier, he asserted specifically, that the term sheet was sent with the	
"knowled	lge and consent of CM International." He had a telephone conversation with the	F
	nan, Mr. Dong Wenbaio, in which it was agreed that information concerning the would be shared between CMI and LR Capital. <sup>523</sup>	(
481.	In cross-examination, Mr. Cong Lin was taken to a chain of emails which	Γ
culminated	in Mr. Choi sending an email, at 12:19 am on 17 February 2015 <sup>524</sup> , to Mr. Devon	E
Fu, to which	h was attached two term sheets for the pre-IPO investment in Xinte, one in respect	
of CMI and	the other in respect of all other investors. Earlier, on 16 February 2015, the two	F
term sheets	had been provided to Mr. Choi as attachments to an email from King & Wood	_
Mallesons u	under the Subject heading: Term sheet update, with the text marked "Confidential	G
Communica	ation".	Н
482.	Mr. Cong Lin acknowledged that earlier emails evidenced the fact that a single	I
term sheet h	and been circulated between the parties, including LR Capital and CMI, up and until	•
13 February	2015. 525 However, in an email sent at 4:18 pm on 13 February 2015, Enoch Kang	J
of UBS aske	ed King & Wood Mallesons to prepare a separate term sheet for CMI: 526	
	"Samanata CM Hyahana investment into a conquete decomment. In the symmet	ŀ
"Separate CM Huaheng investment into a separate document. In the current document, keep the necessary referral to CM Huaheng (including investment amount) and explains that it will sign a separate document due to additional strategic cooperation considerations. DO NOT CIRCULATE this separate		
	document with CMI to the wide group."	N
Thereafter, parties.	separate term sheets were prepared and circulated separately to the respective	N
1		O
483.	Then, the following exchange ensued in cross-examination of Mr. Cong Lin: 527	P
	"Q. And, from this point onwards, the email chain no longer included CMI or LRC; you agree?	Ç
	A. Yes, it seems to me that's the case.	
	Q. It became internal to the sell-side; correct?	R
	A. I don't know the other recipient of this email.	
		S
	, pages 11849-11850, at paragraph 26.	7
<sup>524</sup> Bundle 12,		Т

- 131 -

A				A	
ъ		Q. But you ca	an see that it no longer included CMI and LRC; correct?		
В		A. Yes, I und	lerstand."	В	
C	484.	484. Having been taken to examples of emails in which the separate term sheets were			
D	then circular Mr. Cong Li	•	separately, the following exchange in cross-examination of	D	
E F		Q.	Mr. Cong, these and the subsequent emails in this chain concerned the two separate term sheets and the different terms in the separate term sheets; correct?	E	
Г		A.	Yes, it seems to be the case.	F	
$\mathbf{G}$		CHAIRMAN:	one term sheet involves CMI and the other term sheet?	G	
Н		MR. LI:	Involves everyone else but CMI and the everyone-else includes LRC.	Н	
т		CHAIRMAN:	Do you understand that to be the case, Mr. Cong?	<b>T</b>	
I		A.	Yes, I understand.	Ι	
J				J	
K	485. 2015, Mr. Co		Mr. Devon Fu sent by Mr. Choi had 12:19 am on 17 February on't really have a deep impression about this email." <sup>529</sup> Of the	K	
L			nave known, at that time that Mr. Choi had shared a CMI Term Cong Lin said, "Because there were many discussions regarding	L	
M			had participated in such discussions." <sup>530</sup> Of the suggestion that	M	
N			g was pursuant to CMI's consent", Mr. Cong Lin said: 531	N	
0			if this sharing of information was agreed by CMI but I do this project regarding Xinte Energy was introduced to LRC by	0	
P	486.		gestion, that he did not know whether the sharing of information	P	
0				Q	
Q	was with the consent of Xinte, Mr. Cong Lin said, "I don't think (I) know this matter at all and I don't remember." <sup>532</sup>				
R			at an arrania Ma Cara Lin	R	
S	487.	ivir. Snien did n	ot re-examine Mr. Cong Lin.	S	
T	528 Transcript, 529 Transcript,			T	
U	530 Transcript, 531 Transcript, 532 Transcript,	page 440 Q. page 441 A-F.		U	

- 132 -

 $\mathbf{V}$ 

A

В

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

D

488.

Although the cross-examination of Mr. Cong Lin was in respect of the draft CMI Term Sheet attached to Mr. Choi's email to Mr. Devon Fu on 17 February 2015, clearly the same point arose in respect of the term sheet attached to the email he sent on 3 March 2015. Moreover, significantly Mr. Cong Lin made it clear that he had no knowledge at all of what the

Obviously, the tenor of Mr. Cong Lin's evidence in cross-examination was at

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position was in respect of Xinte itself.

489. E odds with the general assertions made in his written statement, first that "...information and F emails exchanged with Mr. Choi at the time... were exchanged openly and with the consent and knowledge of all the parties involved, including Xinte Energy, GF Securities and CM  $\mathbf{G}$ International"533 and secondly, "the negotiations of CM International's and LRC's (through L.R. Capital China Growth I Company Limited) pre-IPO investments in Xinte Energy were Н conducted openly vis-a-vis CM International and LRC." Similarly, it was at odds with the specific, particular assertion that the CMI term sheet, attached to the email sent by Mr. Choi to I Mr. Devon Fu on 3 March 2015, was sent with the knowledge and consent of CMI. The fact J that CMI had attached the signed term sheet, in an email to Mr. Choi, dated 3 March 2015, simply resonated with the instructions given by King & Wood Mallesons to CMI in respect of K the draft term sheet in an email sent on 18 February 2015, namely, "...please have the term

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490. If there was an agreement that negotiations with Xinte Energy were conducted openly as far as CMI and LR Capital were concerned, why had CMI signed the Agreement with Xinte Energy containing the confidentiality clause, which required the parties to keep the terms and conditions of the agreement strictly confidential and which restricted disclosure to third parties? Moreover, it is to be noted that there was no reference in any of the emails in which confidential information in relation to CMI was forwarded to Mr. Devon Fu of that being done pursuant to any such agreement with LR Capital. On the contrary, the emails were stripped of information as to their provenance and contained bare, cryptic messages. Further, no evidence at all, such as contemporaneous emails, has been identified to support Mr. Cong Lin's bare assertion. In all the circumstances, I do not accept Mr. Cong Lin's bare assertion that the term

sheet signed and coordinate with UBS on delivery."534 The Chinese text of the draft term sheet

sent on 18 February 2015 is identical to the text in the signed document sent on 3 March 2015.

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sheet sent on 3 March 2015 was sent with the knowledge and consent of CMI.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>533</sup> Bundle 35, page 11849, paragraph 26.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>534</sup> Bundle 12, page 4167.

A		A
	Disclosure in the interests of LR Capital?	
В	491. Mr. Li submitted that Mr. Choi's repeated disclosure to Mr. Devon Fu of	В
C	information regarding CMI's pre-IPO investment in Xinte was clearly in the interests of LR Capital, given that it was also a pre-IPO investor. In negotiating with Xinte, it was in its'	C
D	interests to know the details and terms of CMI's pre-IPO investment. 535 Specifically, he	D
E	contended that "it could not possibly have been in Xinte's interest for details of its negotiation with one potential investor (CMI) to be shared with another (LRC)." Given that	E
F	the separate CMI term sheet had been provided to Mr. Choi on the basis that it was confidential and not to be disclosed to the other parties, Mr. Li's suggested that there was no explanation as	F
G	to why it fell to Mr. Choi, as opposed to Xinte or CMI, to provide it to LR Capital. <sup>537</sup>	G
Н	For his part, Mr. Shieh submitted that nothing had been identified by the SFC	Н
I	that suggested that LR Capital's pre-IPO investment in Xinte was on terms "that were in any way unfavourable towards Xinte". 538	I
J	493. In all the circumstances, I am satisfied that during the course of negotiations	J
K	between Xinte and LR Capital in respect of a pre-IPO investment by the latter in Xinte, it was manifestly not in the interests of either Xinte or CMI for the details and terms of CMI's pre-	K
L	IPO investment in Xinte to be disclosed by Mr. Choi to LR Capital. On the other hand, clearly	L
M	it was in the interests of LR Capital to be possessed of that information during its own negotiations with Xinte in respect of its pre-IPO investment in Xinte.	M
N	Ambit of the Engagement Letter - 19 March 2015	N
0	494. Mr. Shieh took issue with Mr. Li's submission, that the Engagement Letter agreement encompassed the work performed by Mr. Choi and UBS in the pre-IPO investment	0
P	project of Xinte. 539 Mr. Shieh invited the Tribunal to note that the pre-IPO investment in Xinte	P
Q	by CMI and LR Capital, through their respective Share Subscription agreements, was conducted through GF Securities and not UBS. For its' part, UBS treated the pre-IPO	Q
R	investment project as "abandoned". Since UBS was not formally engaged in respect of the pre-	R
S		S
T	<ul> <li>The SFC's Written Opening Submissions, paragraph 134.</li> <li>The SFC's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 105.</li> <li>The SFC's Written Closing Submissions, paragraph 137.4.</li> <li>The Applicant's Written Opening Submissions, paragraph 125.3.</li> </ul>	Т
U	The Applicant's Written Opening Submissions, paragraph 125.5.  The SFC's Written Opening Submissions, paragraph 30.	U

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A			A
В		nent project the Letter of Engagement agreement could not be construed as cover the pre-IPO investment project. <sup>540</sup>	В
C	495.	Although the Engagement Letter agreement, dated 19 March 2015, between	C
D	ŕ	e one hand, and GF Securities and UBS, on the other hand, specifically identified n of "financial advice and assistance" in respect of only the "global offering in	D
E	_	f shares of Xinte on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong", I am satisfied that the Clause 1 (b), that the role of the Joint Sponsors included "advising on any capital	E
F	raising to be	undertaken in connection with the offering", clearly encompassed the active work	F
G	•	by Mr. Choi and UBS in the pre-IPO investment project for Xinte over several inning in September 2014 and including the Xinjiang conference of investors.	G
Н	496.	Clearly, in performing the work done in respect of the pre-IPO investment	Н
I	project Mr. (	Choi was acting on behalf of UBS's client, Xinte.	I
J	Confidential	lity	J
K	497. GF Securitie	As far as Xinte's position was concerned, the Engagement Letter with UBS and es, dated 19 March 2015, made specific provision for confidentiality: <sup>541</sup>	K
L		"The terms of the confidentiality agreement between UBS AG, Hong Kong Branch, GF Capital (Hong Kong) Limited and the Company dated 24 August	L
M		2014 shall continue to apply (to) govern the confidentiality obligations of UBS and GF Capital (Hong Kong) Limited respectively."	M
N	However, as	noted earlier, the Tribunal has not received the agreement, dated 24 August 2014.	N
0	498.	Although Clause 6(b)(iii) of the Standard Terms and Conditions, in addressing	0
P		"Conflicts of Interest" permitted the Joint Advisors to provide services, engage in	P
Q	transactions	and act in relation to third parties, that was subject to the requirement that they: 542	Q
R		" in providing the services, implementing the transaction or acting for Third Party do not disclose such information which is and which continues to be confidential to the Company to any such Third Party."	R
S			S
T			T
U	<sup>541</sup> Bundle 3, p	ant's Written Opening Submissions, paragraph 20. page 1199 at clause 2(b). pages 1202 and 1203 at clause 6(b).	U

- 135 -

A			A
	499.	I am satisfied that the terms of CMI's pre-IPO investment in Xinte, including	
В	the signed to	erm sheet and the draft Share Subscription agreement, was confidential information	В
C	belonging to	o Xinte and that UBS was obliged to maintain confidentiality.	C
D	500. attached to	I am satisfied that Mr. Choi knew that the parties to the signed term sheet, the email he received on 3 March 2015, Xinte and CMI, agreed that the terms and	D
E		of the agreement were to be kept "strictly confidential". That much was stated in e term sheet signed on behalf of CMI. 543 That clause, simply replicated the clause	E
F	that was for	und in the two draft term sheets sent to Mr. Choi in the emails sent on 16 and 18	F
G	•	015, which he had forwarded to Mr. Devon Fu on 17 and 18 February 2015. Of particular importance was the fact that Xinte, UBS's client, as a party to the	G
Н	agreement,	expressly stated that it required the information to be kept confidential.	Н
I	501.	Similarly, I am satisfied that Mr. Choi knew that Xinte wished to keep I the transaction proposed and the terms of the share subscription agreement	I
J	between Xinte and CMI sent to him by email on 16 March 2015 which document he forwarded to Mr. Devon Fu. Again, that much was stated in terms in the draft agreement. <sup>544</sup>		
K			K
	Conflicts of	finterest	
L	502.	The SFC's Code of Conduct and the Corporate Finance Adviser Code of	L
M	Conduct ad	dress the issues that arise and the steps to be taken when a conflict of interests arises	M
	between a la	icensed or registered person or a Corporate Finance Adviser and his client.	
N			N
	General Pri	nciple 6 of the SFC Code of Conduct provides that:	
О		"A licensed or registered person should try to avoid conflicts of interest, and	О
P		when they cannot be avoided, should ensure that its clients are fairly treated."	P
Q	503.	Mr. Choi did nothing to avoid a conflict of interest. The requirement that a	Q
	licensed or	registered person should ensure that "clients are fairly treated" is the most basic,	
R	broad lowes	st common denominator requirement. The disclosure by Mr. Choi of the confidential	R
	information	n of Xinte of the pre-IPO investment terms negotiated with CMI to another separate	
S	pre-IPO inv	vestor, LR Capital, was not to treat UBS's client, Xinte, fairly.	S
T			T
U	543 Bundle 12 544 Bundle 13	2, pages 4228-4229. 5, page 4612.	U

- 136 -

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A			A
	504. In disclo	osing that information to LR Capital, a third party involved in its own	
В	negotiations with Xinto	e, in emails to Mr. Devon Fu, sent on 3 and 16 March 2015, Mr. Choi	В
C		breach of that obligation. Far from taking all reasonable steps to ensure client Xinte, as required by paragraph 10.1 of the SFC Code of Conduct,	C
D	Mr. Choi had taken no	such steps.	D
E	505. Similar	ly, Mr. Choi was in breach of those obligations in forwarding to	E
Б	Mr. Devon Fu, in email	ls dated 17 and 18 February 2015, attachments of the draft term sheet.	
F G		ne SEHK enquiry: relationship between LRC. Belt and Road Investment l China Growth I Company Limited	F G
	506. In an en	nail, sent at 10:22 am on 14 December 2015, 545 by Ms. Winnie Leung,	
Н	Executive Director of	UBS, to "IBD" AMTD, under the Subject heading: Oasis-Stock	Н
I	Exchange questions-Al	MTD please help reply asap, the recipient was informed that the SEHK	I
	had just called to ask a	about the relationship between the cornerstone investor LRC. Belt and	
J	Road Investment Limit	ted and LR Capital China Growth I Company Limited and asked why	J
		affiliated investor. Ms. Christine Kwok was one of the recipients of	
K		AMTD. Mr. Choi was one of multiple recipients at UBS of blind copies	K
L	of the email.		L
M	•	pm on 14 December 2015, 546 Mr. Devon Fu sent an email to Mr. Calvin length, amongst other things, it was asserted that there was a lack of any	M
N	relationship between th	nose companies or LR Capital Management Company (Cayman) Ltd.	N
o	The chian had no subje	et heading of accompanying text.	o
	508. At 4:58	pm on 14 December 2015, 547 IBD AMTD sent an email to Ms. Winnie	
P	Leung at UBS under the	ne same Subject heading as the earlier email from Ms. Winnie Leung,	P
Q	•	Kwok and Mr. Devon Fu. The email stated, "Further revised as follows s to be submitted to HKEx. Thanks!" With some changes, the text under	Q
R	the heading Question 1	replicated much of the text of Mr. Devon Fu's earlier email.	R
S			S
T			Т
U	<ul> <li>545 Bundle 31, page 10783.</li> <li>546 Bundle 31, page 10787.</li> <li>547 Bundle 31, page 10792.</li> </ul>		U

- 137 -

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A			A			
	509.	There is no evidence of any response in any form by Mr. Choi to receipt of				
В	Mr. Devo	Mr. Devon Fu's email.				
C	510.	Again, given that Mr. Choi was apparently merely an unresponsive recipient of	C			
D	an email f	from Mr. Devon Fu, it provides no direct evidence of Mr. Choi providing information nce to LR Capital. On the other hand, the fact that the text in Mr. Devon Fu's email to	D			
E		was replicated in large measure in AMTD's proposed answer to the SEHK about letails of the LR Capital Group is relevant to the question of Mr. Choi's relationship	E			
F		Devon Fu and LR Capital.	F			
G		A consideration of Mr. Choi's conduct in the sale of AMTD shares in Frontier	G			
Н	Frojeci	i rontier	Н			
I	511. respect of	In considering the submissions in respect of Mr. Choi's impugned conduct in the sale by the selling shareholders of their shares in AMTD, I have considered the	I			
J		dersonal and familial connections between Mr. Choi and the LR Capital Group of and subsequently.	J			
K			K			
	Mr. Choi'	's provision of confidential information to LR Capital				
L	512.	As is readily apparent from the description of the selection of emails exchanged	L			
M		Mr. Choi and Mr. Devon Fu set out earlier, Mr. Choi repeatedly provided information	M			
N		von Fu and LR Capital that, on its face, on the one hand was material and confidential crests of the sell-side shareholders and on the other hand of obvious potential interest	N			
	and use to	LR Capital in negotiating to buy their AMTD shares.				
O			O			
P	Inferences	S	P			
	513.	In choosing not to give evidence in these proceedings, Mr. Choi has not				
Q	provided	the Tribunal with his explanation for his conduct in Project Frontier. On the other	Q			
R	hand, evic	dence was advanced on his behalf by Mr. Kingsley Chan, Mr. Gao Yu and Mr. Howard	R			
	_	in respect of various aspects of his conduct in Project Frontier. Nevertheless, there				
S		rly areas in respect of which they were not in a position to nor did they give evidence	S			
T		riously relevant significant aspects of his conduct. Why did Mr. Choi forward to n Fu on 4 June 2015 the potential buyer's list setting out their respective interest?	T			
		s material which had been compiled in the work performed for the sell-side	1			
U		ers. Why did he forward other obviously confidential documents to Mr. Devon Fu?	U			

- 138 -

Why did he	draft text to be used in emails to be sent by LR Capital to (i) Freshfields; and (ii)
the selling sh	areholders, in which advantage was sought for LR Capital in the negotiations of
the terms wit	th UBS's clients the selling shareholders? In his role as a sell-side adviser, how
was that cond	luct justified or explained?
514.	In those circumstances, in the absence of evidence from Mr. Choi, in my
	is permissible for the Tribunal to draw inferences adverse to Mr. Choi more readily
and I do so.	
(i) 4 Ju	ne 2015 - information sent by email by Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu containing a
( /	iled description of the response to UBS of potential buyers of AMTD shares
515.	The provision, in an email sent to Mr. Devon Fu by Mr. Choi on 4 June 2015, of
a detailed des	scription of the interest or otherwise of no less than fifteen other potential buyers
of the AMTD	shares available for sale is an egregious example of that conduct. <sup>548</sup> The email to
Mr. Devon F	u had no Subject heading nor any message. It was unexplained, but it spoke for
itself:	
	"Banks –
	*mingsheng international: conflict due to quam deal - as discussed, no
	teaser was sent; *ccb/ccb asia: no interest;
	*chong hing bank - prioritized focus on nanyang bank acquisition;
	*bmo: no interest; *harbin bank: only interest in clean licences and team without business;
	Securities company –
	*Gf securities: no interest;  *everbright securities: conflict due to shk deal - as discussed, no teaser was sent;
	*qilu securities - due to shk experience, they need complete exclusivity before taking time to look further into it. Priority is to focus on qilu's a-
	share flotation before significant move;  *pacific securities: conflict due to another parallel deal;
	*huatai securities: only interest to buyout management team but not business;
	Investment company –
	*cmi: believe 1.5bn and above are not worthwhile price. Believe that sensible price range in the range of hkd1bn to 1.2bn and they want to take
	only 51 percent and no more than 60percent; *hanya: no interest;

- 139 -

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A		A
В	*haotian (412): interested but need to do a share plus cash deal with share portion of no less than 70percent;	В
C	Others:  *value partners: need 3 years profit guarantee or until the point of ipo time.	C
D	Won't pay expensive pricing; *taiping insurance: priority is nanyang deal"	D
E	Of the obvious importance to the sell-side shareholders of such information, it	E
	is to be remembered that in Mr. Kingsley Chan's first contact by email with Mr. Choi, dated	
F	12 March 2015, he invited Mr. Choi, if he was interested in the project, to provide: 549	F
G	" relevant materials eg likely buyers list with feedback based on your conversations with them."	G
Н	517 The initial list of ten "succeeded and not ential horses" identified by Mr. Chailin	Н
	The initial list of ten "suggested and potential buyers" identified by Mr. Choi in	
I	an email to Mr. Kingsley Chan, dated 13 March 2015 <sup>550</sup> was added to as time went by. The	I
т	developed list was the product of the work of both the selling shareholders, Mr. Choi and UBS.	
J	By an email sent to Mr. Choi on 31 March 2015, Mr. Kingsley Chan suggested no fewer than	J
K	thirteen new names to be added to the "potential investor list". <sup>551</sup> By an email sent to Mr. Kingsley Chan, dated 8 April 2015, Mr. Choi suggested adding seven names to the list of	
L	potential buyers. <sup>552</sup> In fact, only three of the names were new names not on previous lists. Then,	L
_	in an email circulated internally within UBS on 8 May 2015, Mr. Choi stipulated a "revised list"	
M	of a total of twenty-four entities. 553	M
N	518. Although LR Capital had made its 'Binding Offer' to acquire the selling	N
O	shareholders shares in AMTD in an email sent on 29 May 2015 to AMTD, Mr. Kingsley Chan, Mr. Gao Yu and Mr. Choi, clearly considerable negotiations remained to be conducted between	0
	•	
P	the parties. That much was made clear by the lengthy email, dated 2 June 2015, sent by	P
	Mr. Kingsley Chan to Mr. Choi under the Subject heading: Pj Frontier-Next Steps. 554 Mr. Choi	
Q	was informed:	Q
R	"The shareholders have reconvened, several points for you to follow-up."	R
S		S
	549 Bundle 6, page 2085.	
T	550 Bundle 6, page 2085. 551 Bundle 6, pages 2131-2134.	T
U	552 Bundle 6, page 2131. 553 Bundle 6, pages 2167 and 2173-2174. 554 Bundle 20, page 7061.	U

- 140 -

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In particula	ar, Mr. Choi was instructed:
	"we still need you to press LRC for an (sic) slight increase in their bid such that the sellers will be covered for UBS's advisory fee".
E M	
Further, M	r. Choi was directed:
	"-the shareholders still need UBS to help us continue gather any written proposals before the signing of a Term Sheet."
	proposals before the signing of a Term Sheet.
519.	I am satisfied that, even after the "Binding Offer", dated 29 May 2015, but whilst
negotiation	as were still continuing and before the signing of the Sale and Purchase Agreement
on 19 Jun	e 2015, detailed information as to the strength or otherwise of interest in other
potential b	uyers in the acquisition of the shares in AMTD contained in the email dated 4 June
2015 was	of considerable benefit to LR Capital. The interest of other buyers was a matter
adverted to	o specifically in an email, the text of which was provided by Mr. Choi, sent by
Mr. Howar	ed Cong Lin to Freshfields at 08:11 am on 6 June 2015, "we still aim to sign
tomorrow	morning at 10 am given the highly competitive nature of the deal and we know that
multiple by	uyers have been still pushing to get in as of yesterday."555 It is to be noted that the
term sheet	between AMTD, the selling shareholders and LR Capital was not executed until 8
June 2015.	<sup>556</sup> Conversely, divulging that information to LR Capital was not in the interests of
the sell-sid	e shareholders. There was no justification for Mr. Choi to divulge the information to
LR Capita	1. Certainly, none has been offered. In acting as he did, Mr. Choi acted in conflict
with the in	terests of UBS's clients, the selling shareholders.
520.	It is to be noted that the email sent by Mr. Howard Cong to Mr. Alan Tsang on
	15, under the Subject heading: Important Matters and Confidential, the text of which
	provided by Mr. Choi, <sup>557</sup> identified several matters which even at that date, were
-	as "potential deal breakers".
	The second secon
555 Bundle 21	
	nt's Evidence (May 2022); Section B-item 147. 4, page 8549.

- 141 -

		A
i	7 June 2015 - information obtained from Mr. Kingsley Chan of the sell-side's negotiation position on the Term Sheet sent by email by Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu and forwarded to Freshfields	В
521.	In the ongoing exchange of emails between Mr. Kingsley Chan and Mr. Choi	C
under the	e Subject heading: Draft Term Sheet, Mr. Choi sent Mr. Kingsley Chan an email at	D
12:26 an	n on 7 June 2015, in which Mr. Choi reported the results of his discussions with	D
Mr. How	ard Cong Lin of LR Capital. Of the issue of due diligence, Mr. Choi wrote: 558	E
	"Based on the conversations, my understanding is that they are looking to collect mainly key information below in order to fill in their internal board paper/investment committee requirements: (1) employee/management contracts;	F
	(2) financial statements/books and records; (3) material contracts and anything major in terms of business and legal aspects (4) anything material in terms of	G
	regulatory nature and compliance matters; (5) budgets and business plans; (6) key business line/focuses, management hierarchy/internal approvals/limits, and key operation flows"	Н
		I
522.	In an email, sent at 01:13 am on 7 June 2015, Mr. Choi provide an update,	
adding: <sup>5</sup>	59	J
	"On top: checked their views softly-they will need v and vi as part of internal IC requirement especially vi"	K
523.	In an email sent to Mr. Choi at 01:34 am Mr. Kingsley Chan set out the different	L
	ations taken into account by the selling shareholders and identified their negotiation	M
position:	560	
	"we'll help facilitate the gathering of (v) and (vi) - ideally after signing but if making their lives difficult then we can try before signing (just that let's all be	N
	mindful that it won't slow down the process, as nature of these items mean they need quite some time to digest, esp without advisors)	О
	Although we can always respond that we understand that IC has already approved, we want to be as cooperative as possible too (if otherwise, we should	P
	know.). Hope they appreciate as well	Q
	We trust you'll help manage this point delicately."	
524.	Having removed the name of the sender and those of all the recipients of	R
Mr. King	sley Chan's email, at 01:37 am Mr. Choi forwarded that email together with a lengthy	S
	21, page 7296.	T
	21, page 7295. 21, page 7295.	
Danaic	, ro- ··	U

- 142 -

A	561 - 4	A	
В	chain of emails to Mr. Devon Fu. 561 For his part, at 08:45 am on 7 June 2015 Mr. Devon Fu	В	
Ь	forwarded the email to Freshfields, adding the message: 562	D	
C	"FYI - pls off-record and keep confidential." [Italics added.]	C	
D	At 08:46 am, Mr. Devon Fu forwarded that email to Mr. Choi.	Б	
D		D	
E	In cross-examination, having been taken through those emails, in response to	E	
	the suggestion that he did not know that Mr. Choi was doing that, Mr. Kingsley Chan said, "Not		
F	the email specifically but I knew that he was, at that point, working tirelessly to bring the	F	
G	transaction together, bringing both sides together."563	G	
G		J	
Н	I am satisfied that the information that Mr. Choi forwarded to Mr. Devon Fu in	Н	
	the email set out above was clearly confidential to the sell-side shareholders. The caveat that		
I	Mr. Devon Fu entered in providing information to Freshfields that they were to keep it off record and confidential was readily understandable. It was confidential. There was no	Ι	
J	justification for Mr. Choi to divulge the information to Mr. Devon Fu. It was not in the interests	J	
	of the sell-site shareholders that the information be shared with the very buyer with whom they		
K	were then negotiating. Conversely, it was in the interests of LR Capital and their advisers		
L	Freshfields to know of the negotiation position taken by the sell-side shareholders.	L	
L		L	
M	(iii) 7 June 2015 - information as to the sell-side's negotiation position on the provision of a guarantee and the binding nature of the term sheet: email exchange between Mr. Kingsley Chan and Mr. Choi sent by email by Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu and	M	
N	forwarded to Freshfields	N	
O	In an email sent at 7:32 pm on 7 June 2015, Mr. Choi had informed Mr. Kingsley	O	
	Chan, Mr. Gao Yu and the management of AMTD of the result of negotiations with LR		
P	Capital: 564	P	
Q	"Kindly find below the feedbacks:	Q	
	*they are willing to issue a comfort letter to demonstrate irrevocable support		
R	from lrc to lrc financial holdings at all times to maintain its financial healthiness and stable conditions in order to fulfil its legal obligations or	R	
S	commitments under the TS and SPA. Also, they commit that LRC will at all times maintain controlling position of lrc financial holdings.	S	
T	561 Bundle 21, page 7295.	T	
	<sup>562</sup> Bundle 21, page 7307.		
U	<ul> <li>Transcript, pages 269 O-270 M.</li> <li>Bundle 22, page 7561.</li> </ul>	U	

- 143 -

A			A
В		*binding TS: they insisted to frame the key commercial terms at standstill/legally binded without further change in negotiation needed, namely, purchase price and valuation, percent of shareholding of sellers and Irc post	В
C		deal, ie, transaction structure, conditions to closing, management put option, board of directors/governance, confidentiality".	C
D	528.	At 8:43 pm, Mr. Kingsley Chan replied to Mr. Choi by email, copied to Mr. Gao	D
E	Yu, and vario	us persons at Linklaters and AMTD: 565	Б
E		"Suggest we shd still target to exchange signature pages this evening (please try	E
F		to inform BP too).  1) Guarantee - we trust Calvin's understanding of their ability/background, my view is not ideal but ok	F
G		2) Binding - because we don't have the SHA details/mgmt vs bis plan details/funds proof yet, we can agree on valn/structure etc, but that shall	G
Н		remain non-binding." [Italics added.]	Н
I	529.	At 9:44 pm, having deleted references to the previous senders and recipients and	I
J	without copy Fu at LR Cap	ing the email to anyone else, Mr. Choi forwarded the email messages to Mr. Devon vital. 566.	J
K			K
	530.	At 9:53 pm, Mr. Devon Fu forwarded Mr. Kingsley Chan's comments, which	
L	he had receiv	red in the email from Mr. Choi, in an email to Freshfields with the message: 567	L
M		"FYI, keep confidential." [Italics added.]	M
N	531.	At 9:56 pm Mr. Devon Fu forwarded the email he had sent to Freshfields to	N
0	Mr. Choi. <sup>568</sup>		O
P	532. shareholders.	Once again, it is clear that the information was confidential to the sell-side Once again, it is clear that it was not in their interests that the confidential	P
Q		should be divulged by Mr. Choi to LR Capital and their advisers, who were the buyers of their AMTD shares. Of course, it was in the interests of LR Capital to	Q
R	prospective t	rayers of their Amil D shares. Of course, it was in the interests of LR Capital to	R
S			S
T	565 Bundle 22, p 566 Bundle 22, p 567 Bundle 22, p	page 7561.	T
U	<sup>568</sup> Bundle 22, p	page 7564.	U

- 144 -

V

A		A
	have information about the negotiating position taken by the selling shareholders. There was	
В	no justification for Mr. Choi divulging that confidential information.	В
C	On this occasion, in response to the suggestion in cross-examination that	C
	Mr. Choi was forwarding confidential information from the Sell-side to the buyers,	
D	Mr. Kingsley Chan merely responded, "Yes, he has forwarded the emails." 569	D
E		E
F	(iv) 12 June 2015 - Mr. Choi's email to Mr. Devon Fu of MSPE's proposed amendment to a clause in the draft SPA forwarded by LR Capital to Freshfields	F
	In an email, sent at 8:06 pm on 12 June 2015 to Mr. Devon Fu, Mr. Choi	
G	disclosed the proposed amendment by MSPE of a clause in the draft SPA:570	G
Н	"mspe propose the wording to be amended to follow:	Н
	6.7 Any resolution put to the Board to approve:	
Ι	6.7.1 (i) the issue of any Sharesor (ii) the grant of any optionsor (iii) any other action which would result in a dilution of the shareholding of any	I
J	Shareholder;	J
K	6.7.2 the entry into of any related party transaction by the Company, must be decided by a simple majority of votes, which shall include at least 1 vote from the MSPE Director and 1 vote from the Management Investment Director. Subject to the foregoing, all other resolutions at meetings of the	K
L	directors of the Company must be decided by a simple majority of votes.	L
M	6.8 Any matter decided by the Board that requires Regulatory Approval of any Governmental Entity of competent jurisdiction, including under the BHC Act or any Applicable Law, shall be subject to such Regulatory	M
N	Approval."	N
o	All of the text of the email sent by Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu was incorporated	0
	in an email sent to Teresa Ko and Richard Johnson at Freshfields at 8:13 pm on 12 June 2015	
P	by Mr. Howard Cong Lin, under the Subject heading: <sup>571</sup>	P
Q	[Confidential] SPA/SHA.	Q
_	The letter concluded:	
R	"Please note we obtain such propose (sic) from a very confidential channel so	R
S	please keep it off-record. Our team Devon and Asher will call you to discuss. Thanks!"	S
T		Т
U	<ul> <li>Transcript, page 270.</li> <li>Bundle 23, page 7940.</li> <li>Bundle 23, page 8018.</li> </ul>	U

A			A
D		[Italics added.]	
В	526	When calculated that Ma Chairman I are worth to Call aids to lander	В
C	536.	When asked if it was clear that Mr. Choi would not want the Sell-side to know sharing this information with the buyers, Mr. Howard Cong Lin said that he was	C
		at was the case. He and Mr. Gao Yu knew that Mr. Choi helped both sides. He did	
D		ASPE cared about the matter. That, was a question that ought to be directed towards	D
10		not remember the email but, if he did remember correctly, it was Mr. Devon Fu	_
E		ed him to send it and to add the last line. <sup>572</sup> Mr. Howard Cong Lin denied that he	E
F		e information was confidential. <sup>573</sup>	F
G	537.	It is to be noted that, in an email sent in reply on 12 June 2015 to Mr. Howard	G
Н	Cong Lin, un	der the same Subject heading, Mr. Richard Johnson wrote: 574	Н
п		"Thanks Howard - we have received the same from Linklaters. I am trying to	п
I		speak to them to drill down on some of the issues that Teresa has already flagged to you on this."	I
J			J
	538.	In an email from Mr. Devon Fu to Mr. Choi, sent at 12:18 am on 14 June	
K		out any message and without copying it to anyone else, Mr. Devon Fu forwarded	K
L	the email cha	in to Mr. Choi.	т
L	539.	In my judgement, the information in Mr. Choi's email to Mr. Devon Fu at 8:13	L
M		the 2015 as to the amendment of the clause proposed by MSPE is in a quite different	M
	category from the information in the three other email chains that have been considered in this		
N	context. It was what it was stated to be, namely a proposal, not the articulation of a confidential		
o		osition or strategy. Of course, a proposal has to be proposed to the other side. As	0
O	such, it is of a	a different category from the information contained in the three other email chains.	U
P	Given that ol	bvious and significant difference it is not surprising, as Mr. Johnson confirmed,	P
	that Linklater	rs had already provided it to Freshfields by the time that they received Mr. Howard	
Q	Cong Lin's	email. Obviously, in doing so Linklaters made it clear that no issue of	Q
R	confidentialit	ty attached to the proposed amendment of the clause.	R
			K
S			S
T	572 Transcript, p		T
U	573 Transcript, p 574 Bundle 23, p 575 Bundle 23, p	page 8018.	U

Mr. Choi's	relationship with Mr. Devon Fu
540.	From the examination of the first three sets of email chains addressed above it apparent that a pattern emerges: first, an email was sent by Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon
•	ly, the text was incorporated in an email from LR Capital to Freshfields; thirdly the
sequence of	of emails culminated with an email from Mr. Devon Fu to Mr. Choi reporting what
had been d	one. That, begs the question of why Mr. Choi did what he did.
541.	At face value, Mr. Devon Fu was the assistant to Mr. Howard Cong Lin, LR
Capital's 1	Managing Partner. LR Capital was UBS's client. Perhaps, the real relationship
	fr. Choi and Mr. Devon Fu is better explained by having regard, as examples, to the other topics that passed between them in early June 2015.
542. heading sta	In an email from Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu, dated 9 June 2015, the Subject
neading su	
	"your attitude has some problem, as always."
There was	no text in the email.
543.	The Subject heading of an email sent by Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu on 10 June
2015 was:	"work list 1." In the text, Mr. Choi wrote: 577
	"Things to do today and you must maintain a checklist for each item <i>I assign</i>
	to you.
	<ol> <li>Quingtao bank nda and closely follow-up on next steps and obtain more info including investment story deck etc</li> </ol>
	2 Lrc website update: (a) advisory board is wrong; (b) news archive not yet update to reflect all the latest news in both Chinese AND English; (c) take away Raymond qu
	3. Geo swifts next steps re jonathan dd? You never follow-up and nail this down
	4. I asked u to have kitty to rewrite the thank you card without mentioning "today", status?
	5. Iphone ordering and bargaining: status?
	6. Catalo: I asked u to contact them to request for more info and nda?
	status?

- 147 -

A		A
В	<ul><li>7. I asked u to check if kevin is going tonight, feedback?</li><li>8. India Alibaba markup?</li></ul>	В
C	<ol> <li>Tomorrow and thursday flights scheduling and ticket no?"</li> <li>[Italics added.].</li> </ol>	C
D	Many questions arise from even that short glimpse of the relationship between	D
E	them. On what basis was Mr. Choi issuing a curt reprimand to Mr. Devon Fu about his attitude being a problem, "as always? Why was Mr. Choi assigning Mr. Devon Fu a "work list"? Why	E
F	was he instructing him to "closely follow-up for next steps and obtain more information" in respect of Qingdao bank? Why was Mr. Choi making observations about the accuracy of the	F
G	LRC website and instructing, "take away Raymond qu"?	G
Н	In cross-examination, when asked if some of the items, "are LRC work",	Н
I	Mr. Howard Cong Lin conceded the obvious, namely that item 2, "LRC website update" was a matter that related to LRC. In response to being asked whether item 1, "Qingdao bank nda"	I
J	was a reference to, "a deal of LRC", Mr. Howard Cong Lin said, "we do have a project regarding Qingdao bank." <sup>578</sup>	J
K	Togarding Qingduo bunk.	K
	I am satisfied that there is compelling force in Mr. Li's submission that Mr. Choi	
L	was on "exceedingly close terms with Fu who took directions from him at every turn and	L
M	essentially acted as his personal assistant (despite nominally being Choi's "client")." <sup>579</sup> That evidence and finding is relevant to a consideration of the significance of the voluminous	M
N	evidence that Mr. Choi drafted text in emails sent by Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu, which was used subsequently in emails sent by LR Capital to the selling shareholders, AMTD, UBS and	N
О	Freshfields.	o
P	Mr. Choi's conduct in drafting emails to be sent out by LR Capital	P
Q	As is readily apparent from the description of the emails exchanged between Mr. Choi and Mr. Devon Fu described earlier, Mr. Choi was involved in drafting text emailed	Q
R	to LR Capital which was included in documents and emails sent out by LR Capital to a	R
C	combination of the sell-side shareholders and UBS, even to himself! On many occasions, he	6
S	set out the terms sought by LR Capital from the selling shareholders.	S
T		T

 $\mathbf{U}$ 

Transcript, pages 328-330.
 The SFC's Written Closing Submission, paragraph 107.

U

A	
В	(i) 29 May 2015: Mr. Choi's draft of the text of an email for LR Capital to send the Binding Offer to AMTD/MSPE and UBS
C	548. The provenance of the email, dated 29 May 2015, sent by Mr. Howard Cong Lin to Mr. Alan Tsang, AMTD, Mr. Kingsley Chan and Mr. Gao Yu, MSPE, at 8:54 pm on 29 May
D	2015 <sup>580</sup> , to which was attached the Binding Offer letter, NDA and Proof of Funds letter, was a draft of an email from Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu at 8:05 pm on 29 May 2015. <sup>581</sup> Mr. Choi's
E	email was not copied to anyone, certainly not to anyone on Mr. Choi's "Deal team". The draft
	set out the recipients of the email, including Mr. Choi himself! Mr. Howard Cong Lin's email
F	was faithful to the draft in all respects. The email highlighted key terms of the offer and
G	identified attached related documents:
Н	"We also attached our fully executed nda with your side without any comments.
I	We have keen interest in the opportunity and have obtained our investment committee's approval to proceed with our proposed transaction by concluding all necessary transaction documentations with you all in good faith within 20
J	working days ("exclusive period"). To demonstrate our commitment to the transaction and our financial strengths and capability, we are ready to pay a usd1m deposit in exchange of the exclusive period, and included a fund proof
K	letter issued by our brokerage agent and fund custody in HK - GF Holdings (Hong Kong) Corporation Limited."
L	Earlier that afternoon, at 4:15 pm, Mr. Devon Fu had sent Mr. Choi an email
M	containing a draft of the Binding Offer letter. <sup>582</sup> Then, at 5:27 pm and 6:45 pm Mr. Devon Fu sent Mr. Choi two emails he had received from GF Securities, the first a draft of a template of
N	a Fund Proof letter <sup>583</sup> and, the second a Fund Proof letter provided by GF Securities. <sup>584</sup>
o	Following receipt of the draft Binding Offer letter attached to Mr. Devon Fu's
P	email of 4:15 pm, Mr. Choi sent an email to Mr. Donald Tang at 4:53 pm, attaching the draft Binding Offer letter under the Subject heading: 585
Q	Urgent and important - pls kindly read and offer comments.
R	
S	580 Bundle 20, page 6997. 581 Bundle 20, page 6996.
T	582 Bundle 20, pages 6971-6972. 583 Bundle 20, page 6993. 584 Bundle 20, page 6994.
TT	<sup>585</sup> Bundle 20, page 6975.

- 149 -

A		A		
	551. In an email, sent to Mr. Choi at 5:24 pm Mr. Donald Tang provided various			
В	comments arising from the draft of the Binding Offer letter. 586 Not surprisingly, given that	В		
C	Mr. Tang had been asked to comment on a <i>draft</i> of a Binding Offer letter, Mr. Tang's comments were premised on the basis that Mr. Choi was associated with those making the offer and that	C		
D	those receiving the offer were "the other side". Of course, the converse was true. The recipients of the offer, namely MSPE, was the client of UBS and Mr. Choi.	D		
E		E		
	552. In cross-examination, in answer to the suggestion that he had thought that the			
F	email, sent by Mr. Howard Cong Lin on 29 May 2015, to which was attached the Binding Offer	F		
~	had come from Mr. Howard Cong Lin, Mr. Kingsley Chan said that the email was from Howard			
G	Cong, "I didn't think too much about where it came from." When asked if he knew at the time	G		
Н	that it had been drafted by Mr. Choi, he said, "At that time, I did not know the email was drafted - who drafted the email." <sup>587</sup>	Н		
I		I		
	553. It is clear from the interchange in cross-examination, that Mr. Kingsley Chan			
J	did not know that Mr. Choi was actively involved in drafting the email sent out by Mr. Howard Cong Lin attaching the Binding Offer made to MSPE. That is hardly surprising, since MSPE	J		
K	was the client of UBS. On what possible basis could it have been imagined that he would be	K		
L	assisting LR Capital and in making the offer in that way?			
M	(ii) 5 June 2015: LRC offer - supplemental items	M		
1,1	554. The email that Mr. Howard Cong Lin sent at 06:55 am on 5 June 2015 <sup>588</sup> , to	141		
N	Mr. Alan Tsang, at AMTD, Mr. Kingsley Chan and Mr. Gao Yu, at MSPE and Mr. Choi, at UBS,	N		
	under the Subject heading: LRC offer - supplemental items, had its provenance in a draft			
0	provided by Mr. Choi in an email to Mr. Devon Fu at 06:51 am on 5 June 2015 <sup>589</sup> :	0		
P	"Dear company / shareholders -	P		
	Thank you again for your support and kind consideration of our proposal.			
Q	After an updated discussion with our Global Investment Committee, on behalf of LRC, I am happy to update you regarding the following:	Q		
R	*in the unfortunate event of disapproval from the HKSFC, considering the opportunity cost and time commitment during the process, we can agree to a	R		
S	commitment payment of 3.8 percent, with the amount to be deducted from a)	S		
T		Т		
	<ul> <li>Bundle 20, page 6990.</li> <li>Transcript, page 260 J-T.</li> </ul>	•		
U	588 Bundle 21, page 7151. 589 Bundle 21, page 7128.	U		

- 150 -

A		Α
В	the HKD 16m deposit we already paid; and b) 10percent of Transaction Payment net of deposit upon signing of definitive documentations	В
C	*we are comfortable and okay with an exclusivity period of 10 working days, starting upon the signing of a Term Sheet, and we would like to schedule a signing of the TS at Ladies Recreational Club (also "LRC" indeed) 10am on Sunday in person. Please confirm your evailability. We would like all parties	C
D	Sunday in person. Please confirm your availability. We would like all parties to work closely to target for June 15 signing, in order to start the HKSFC approval process asap".	D
E	[Italics added.]	E
F	555. Clearly, Mr. Choi drafted text setting out additional terms proposed by LR	F
	Capital of its "Binding Offer". He sent the text to LR Capital, who incorporated it in a letter	
G	sent by LR Capital to the very selling shareholders, MSPE, whom he and UBS represented. In	G
	fact, LR Capital's letter was also sent to Mr. Choi himself! Equally clearly, in acting as he did	
Н	Mr. Choi had a conflict of interest.	Н
I		I
	556. In an email sent at 7:02 am on 5 June 2015, <sup>590</sup> Mr. Kingsley Chan replied to	
J	Mr. Howard Cong Lin, copying the other parties in the email, acknowledging the prompt	J
	response. Then, at 11:15 pm on 5 June 2015, Mr. Kingsley Chan sent an email to Mr. Choi,	
K	attaching a "draft of the Term Sheet for LR Capital for review and comment." He added: 591	K
L	"Please feel free to forward this email to LR Capital and their counsel Freshfields."	L
M	557. In cross-examination, Mr. Kingsley Chan confirmed that that was the first time	M
<b>N</b> T	that he had authorised Mr. Choi to share the term sheet with LR Capital. He did not know that	
N	Mr. Choi had forwarded an earlier version of the term sheet to Mr. Devon Fu in an email sent	N
0		o
Ü	at 9:28 am on 29 May 2015. That version of the term sheet had been provided to Mr. Choi and	J
P	others on the sell-side, including Mr. Kingsley Chan, in an email sent at 7:29 pm on 28 May 2015 by Linklaters. <sup>592</sup>	P
Q		Q
R		R
S		S
T	590 Bundle 21, page 7150. 591 Bundle 21, page 7150.	T
U	<sup>592</sup> Bundle 20, page 6965.	U

- 151 -

		A
' /	SPA and SHA - Mr. Choi's draft of an email sent to Mr. Devon Fu for LR Capital to send to ATMD	I
558.	In an email, sent by Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu at 9:01 am on 16 June 2015,	
Mr. Choi	provided the text of a letter to be sent by Mr. Howard Cong to Mr. Alan Tsang (of	(
AMTD):		]
	"Dear Alan,	-
	Thank you for your partnership and support	
	Please find below the key items we discussed as well as specific clauses/areas of which our IC/head office have strong resistance and pose potential deal breakers.	-
	Appreciate your coordination with mspe and counsel sides and push forward."	•
	[Italics added.]	
559.	In the attached text, a total of twenty-one issues were addressed at length under	-
the separa	ate headings 'SPA' and 'SHA'. Whilst the text set out discussions and agreements that	
had been	reached in respect of many of the clauses in both the SPA and SHA it did identify	
clauses in	n the SPA in respect of which the LR Capital were "strongly opposed" or which they	
"disagree	e and strongly against". The text evidenced the assertion, in the draft text of the email	
to be sent	t to Mr. Tsang, of "potential deal breakers":	
	"11. Exclusivity and document provision (clause 7.2.2); buyers knowledge, clause 8.9 "agents": <i>our IC strongly opposed to this</i> as we have not hired agents or due diligence advisors persay (sic) so we do not officially keep count and	
	count every items whether or not we receive or outstanding due to the significant time constraint. If this provision is needed, we need to have a rigorous count of the request list against information we received which are not necessary based	
	on the timing. We insisted to delete this clause, as well as the inclusion of "agents" (was we don't know who they are and we have not engaged any	
	advisors for due diligence work)	
	15. Buyer's knowledge warranty schedule 4: we resist the addition of buyers' knowledge warranty in schedule 4. Extremely wide coverage and our IC simply deleted the whole in this alongside with item 7 and 11 are <i>potential deal breakers</i> ."	
	[Italics added.]	
560.	In an email sent by Mr. Howard Cong to Mr. Alan Tsang at 09:05 am on 16 June	
2015, un	der the Subject heading: Important Matters and Confidential, the text provided by	
-		
593 Bundle	24, pages 8459-8460.	
Dundie	21, pages 0137 0700.	

- 152 -

		Α
•	d verbatim, save for the addition of exclamation marks after the the letter "Thanks for your partnership and support!!" A copy of	В
	Tsang was forwarded to Mr. Choi by Mr. Howard Cong at 09:06 am	
on 16 June 2015. 595	Isang was forwarded to Mr. Chor by Mr. Howard Cong at 07.00 and	C
561. As noted ea	rlier, whilst the text drafted by Mr. Choi was largely concerned with	D
	en the parties, following discussions, nevertheless it did stipulate a	E
number of clauses with w	hich LR Capital disagreed and provided powerful reasons for that	
disagreement. Although the	e clients of Mr. Choi and UBS were the selling shareholders, clearly	F
that text was drafted from	the perspective of LR Capital. Clearly, in acting as he did Mr. Choi	~
had a conflict of interest.		G
Mr. Choi's conduct in draf Freshfields	fting text for LR Capital to be included in an email sent to	Н
562. Multiple em	nails sent by Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu evidence his provision of text	I
-	ails sent by LR Capital to Freshfields. Clearly, Mr. Choi intended the	J
	Freshfields were provided with a range of material:	-
		K
(i) instructions	, in particular in respect of negotiations with the selling shareholders;	
(ii) comments o	on documents; and	L
(iii) requests for	advice on various issues.	M
	instructions or comments to Freshfields, the object of which was to R Capital in its negotiations with the selling shareholders, the clients	N
of UBS, clearly Mr. Choi a	acted in a conflict of interest.	O
(i) 6 June 2015 - dra side	ft Term Sheet - instructions to Freshfields to negotiate with the sell-	P
563. In an emai	1 sent at 9:32 am on 6 June 2015 by Mr. Howard Cong Lin to	Q
Freshfields, under the Subj	ject heading: Draft Term Sheet, Mr. Cong Lin wrote, "Several initial	D
comments and views my en	nd". In doing so, he also gave instructions and sought specific advice	R
		S
		T
<ul><li><sup>594</sup> Bundle 24, pages 8461-8462</li><li><sup>595</sup> Bundle 24, page 8461.</li></ul>	2.	
Daniale 21, page 0701.		U

A			Α
	from Fresh	fields. 596 In all, the email addressed no fewer than sixteen separate topics, each	
В	identified by	y an asterisk. In particular, it was noted:	В
C		"*information rights during exclusive period: as indicated in our offer letter, we shall have the rights to request, collect and obtain complete information on the	C
D		company, even we don't call this a dd as our transaction price is fixed anyway, this is de facto a dd process we need to perform (again, we called it as "collection and review of information") and we have engaged pwc over a loan-staff	D
E		engagement to perform our work and we would like ff to visit company with us to perform "dd" review of legal liabilities and contingent exposures on top of	E
F		other typical legal review items starting monday/post we successfully sign the term sheet. Therefore, we must include in the termsheet such rights to give us abilities to perform such work and the target will open up any information to us.	F
G		Confidentially, we know that they have an online dataroom but they closed it down temporarily but we will need this plus physical visits to company during	G
Н		exclusive period. [Italics added.]	Н
I			I
	564.	The provenance of the text in Mr. Howard Cong Lin's email were two earlier	
J	emails sent	by Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu, respectively at 09:08 and 09:11 am on 6 June 2015. 597	J
K	565.	Attached to an email from Freshfields to AMTD, MSPE, Linklaters and	K
	Mr. Choi, s	ent at 9:07 pm on 6 June 2015, was a marked-up version of the term sheet. It	
L	incorporate	d the suggested changes to the provisions stipulating 'Access to Information', made	L
M	in Mr. How	ard Cong Lin's email sent at 9:32 am on 6 June 2015. <sup>598</sup>	M
N	566.	In an email sent to Mr. Choi, at 11:32 pm on 6 June 2015, Mr. Kingsley Chan	N
11	noted: 599		1
O		"a few points in FF's markup deviate substantially from our previous	0
P		communication - appreciate if you can please follow up with LRC, thanks."	P
	Mr. Kingsle	ey Chan went on to note:	-
Q	-	"3) LRC is effectively asking for due diligence (including access to on-line data	Q
R		room etc)".	R
S			S
<b></b>	596 Dundle 21	, pages 7192-7193.	
T	<sup>597</sup> Bundle 21	, page 7183.	T
U		, pages 7208-7262 at page 7213. , pages 7263-7264.	U

 $\mathbf{V}$ 

567.	For his part Mr. Cong Lin acknowledged that his email to Freshfields included
instructions	to them on how to negotiate with the sell-side shareholders. <sup>600</sup> Of the authorship
of the text, M	Mr. Cong Lin said:
	"I would give my comments on the legal issues and Devon and Calvin would take notes and prepare the meeting documents."
	ooth Devon Fu and Calvin Choi, the former to understand what he said in Chinese of them to translate his views into the English text. Further, he trusted that Calvin
	not reveal this information to the selling shareholders. <sup>601</sup>
568.	It is clear, that the text drafted by Mr. Choi and forwarded by Mr. Howard Cong
	elling shareholders sought to secure a more advantageous position for LR Capital heet. As was to be expected, those instructions were acted on by Freshfields, which
	nem sending an email to the selling shareholders attaching the amended term sheet. y Chan's response communicated in his email to Mr. Choi at 11:32 pm on 6 June
2015 speaks	s eloquently of his response to the adverse impact on the interests of the selling s. I am satisfied that in acting as he did, Mr. Choi acted directly contrary to MSPE's
interests.	s. I am satisfied that in acting as he did, wil. Choracted directly contrary to wish L s
, ,	une 2015 - Mr. Choi's text of comments, instructions to be given to and advice ght from Freshfields
569.	By three emails sent respectively at 07:20 am, 07:23 am and 07:25 am on 7 June
2015 <sup>602</sup> , Mr.	Choi sent Mr. Devon Fu what he described in the first email as "Comments below".
In addition t	to such comments, advice was sought and instructions given on specific topics in et. The comments were made beneath subjects headings, including:
•	Customary leakage on pre closing covenants;
•	Conditions to closing and shareholders' rights section;
•	Management Incentives; and
•	Binding effect.
570.	Of the issue of customary leakage and pre-closing covenants, it was stated:

- 155 -

V

"-they added "permitted" in front of leakage and add "and the buyer" will agree which deseat the purpose of the para. Pls advise your views and reinstate the purpose/power of the sentences  -feel very strange and uncomfortable that they push for the right to "declare and pay dividends to its shareholders in the period prior to closing", is it market typical that they take away the retained earning of company post spa signing and before closing?  -guarantee: they use the reason that the fund proof letter pertain to Irc Group but not our acquisition vehicle Ir financial holdings. We can offer fund proof letter of Ir financial holdings before closing but will not agree to have our topeo Ir capital group to provide a guarantee when we have paid an irrevocable deposit and then 10percent as an initial payment and also delivered a fund proof letter".  571. Of the issue of shareholders rights, it was stated:  "they kept referring to the existing shareholders agreement and the memorandum and articles of association, our IC feel strongly that we need to get a copy of the above does before signing the termsheetCan you pls reach out to linklaters and copy their principals to obtain the does asap."  572. Of the issue of a "Binding effect", it was stated:  "they changed it to "only as a basis for further discussion", not acceptable and we must put the commercial terms especially price and commercial terms standstill and legally binding"  [Italics added.]  573. Having removed the information that the text came in emails from Mr. Choi, Mr. Devon Fu forwarded to Freshfields the text provided to him by Mr. Choi. He did so by three emails, sent respectively at 07:24 am, 07:25 am and 07:26 am under the Subject heading, Fw: Re: Frontier - term sheet and management contract. 603 Clearly, the text of each email was forwarded to Freshfields immediately after the email had been received from Mr. Choi. At the beginning of the first email an introductory sentence was added," Thanks Teresa and Richard for the hard work. Some comm			
pay dividends to its shareholders in the period prior to closing", is it market typical that they take away the retained earning of company post spa signing and before closing?  -guarantee: they use the reason that the fund proof letter pertain to Irc Group but not our acquisition vehicle Ir financial holdings. We can offer fund proof letter of Ir financial holdings before closing but will not agree to have our topeo Ir capital group to provide a guarantee when we have paid an irrevocable deposit and then 10percent as an initial payment and also delivered a fund proof letter".  571. Of the issue of shareholders rights, it was stated:  "they kept referring to the existing shareholders agreement and the memorandum and articles of association, our IC feel strongly that we need to get a copy of the above does before signing the termsheetCan you pls reach out to linklaters and copy their principals to obtain the does asap."  572. Of the issue of a "Binding effect", it was stated:  "they changed it to "only as a basis for further discussion", not acceptable and we must put the commercial terms especially price and commercial terms standstill and legally binding"  [Italies added.]  573. Having removed the information that the text came in emails from Mr. Choi, Mr. Devon Fu forwarded to Freshfields the text provided to him by Mr. Choi. He did so by three emails, sent respectively at 07:24 am, 07:25 am and 07:26 am under the Subject heading, Fw: Re: Frontier - term sheet and management contract. 603 Clearly, the text of each email was forwarded to Freshfields immediately after the email had been received from Mr. Choi. At the beginning of the first email an introductory sentence was added," Thanks Teresa and Richard for the hard work. Some comments below." In the second and third emails, simple explanatory text was added, namely: "One more" and "Sorry another point".		which defeat the purpose of the para. Pls advise your views and reinstate the	
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575. Clearly, in acting as he did, Mr. Choi had a conflict of interest.	574.	Finally, at 07:29 am Mr. Devon Fu forwarded the email chain to Mr. Choi.	
	575.	Clearly, in acting as he did, Mr. Choi had a conflict of interest.	

- 156 -

<sup>603</sup> Bundle 21, page 7303.

A		
	576. In his evidence, Mr. Howard Cong Lin accepted that the emails to Freshfield	57
В	contained instructions to them, in particular as to what was not acceptable to the buyers	cc
	Mr. Cong Lin said, "I recall that we just worked overnight before that email was sent out."60	M
C	In response to the assertion that the sequence of emails between Mr. Choi and Mr. Devon Fu	In
D	Mr. Devon Fu and Freshfields and finally Mr. Devon Fu and Mr. Choi showed that "it was	M
	in fact, Calvin Choi making those comments and having them passed to Freshfields via Devon'	in
E	Mr. Cong Lin said: 605	M
F	"Definitely not. All instructions were issued by me and Freshfield can only tak instructions from Devon. Calvin may make some suggestions. But only on som minor issues."	
G		
Н	577. He went on to add: <sup>606</sup>	57
11	"The whole deal was done by me and CMI and some partners from China and	
I	really care about whether it was the comments of Calvin or Devon. I don't thin	
J	it was important.	
	578. It is to be noted that none of Mr. Choi's emails, in which he sent drafts of what	5′
K	were described as "comments below" and in which advice from Freshfields was sought, wa	W
L	there any reference at all to Mr. Choi having acted as a notetaker collating information and	th
L	instructions received in conferences, either in person or by telephone, with anyone. In such	in
M	circumstances, it was to have been expected that, on occasions, the note would see	ci
	confirmation as to the accuracy of what was presented as representing that process.	cc
N		
O	(iii) 7 June 2015 - Mr. Choi's draft text of comments and instructions to be given to an advice sought from Freshfields in negotiations on the management services contract	
P	579. In an email from Freshfields to Mr. Howard Cong and Mr. Devon Fu sent a	5
•	10:31 am on 7 June 2015, under the Subject heading: Frontier-management contract, as	10
Q	invitation was made to the recipients, "If you have any other comments on the service contract	in
	please let us know."607	pl
R		
S		
		_
T	<ul> <li>Transcript, page 368.</li> <li>Transcript, page 368.</li> <li>Transcript, pages 369-370.</li> </ul>	605
U	607 Bundle 21, pages 7333-7334.	
	"The whole deal was done by me and CMI and some partners from China and Gao Yu Calvin and Devon were on the operational level. That's why I didn' really care about whether it was the comments of Calvin or Devon. I don't thin it was important."  578. It is to be noted that none of Mr. Choi's emails, in which he sent drafts of what were described as "comments below" and in which advice from Freshfields was sought, was there any reference at all to Mr. Choi having acted as a notetaker collating information and instructions received in conferences, either in person or by telephone, with anyone. In succircumstances, it was to have been expected that, on occasions, the note would seel confirmation as to the accuracy of what was presented as representing that process.  (iii) 7 June 2015 - Mr. Choi's draft text of comments and instructions to be given to and advice sought from Freshfields in negotiations on the management services contract 10:31 am on 7 June 2015, under the Subject heading: Frontier-management contract, an invitation was made to the recipients, "If you have any other comments on the service contract please let us know."  604 Transcript, page 368.  605 Transcript, page 368.  606 Transcript, page 369-370.	57. W the image of the control of th

- 157 -

A	<b>-</b> 00	1.609	A
В	580.	Mr. Devon Fu forwarded that email at 10:33 am to Mr. Choi <sup>608</sup> , who responded	В
	to Freshfiel	hail at 11:04 am on 7 June 2015, which was in the form of a response by LR Capital lds <sup>609</sup>	Ь
C			C
D	Under the l	heading: 1. Re-assigning a senior manager (clause 3.1), the text included:	D
Ь		" we would like to sign a coo, can we do so?"	D
E	Under the l	heading: 2. Termination for breach of the SPA (clause 19.2), the text stated:	E
F		"Agree and pls put forth our case and get it for us".	F
G	Under the h	heading: 3. Termination on change of control (clause 19.5), the text stated:	G
		"Agree with your assessment and pls insist."	
Н		[Italics added.]	Н
I	581.	The text provided by Mr. Choi was incorporated in an email sent to Freshfields	I
J	by Mr. Dev	on Fu at 11:20 am on 7 June 2015. 610	J
Ū	502		v
K	582. Mr. Kingel	For his part, when taken to this exchange of emails in cross-examination, ey Chan agreed with the suggestion that he did not know that Mr. Choi had drafted,	K
	_	ails for LRC."611	
L			L
M	583.	Clearly, in acting as he did, Mr. Choi had a conflict of interest	M
N	' /	June 2015 - Mr. Choi's draft of text of an email in respect of the term sheet for LR apital to send to Freshfields	N
0	584.	By an email sent by Mr. Devon Fu to Freshfields at 11:38 am on 7 June 2015,	O
P	the former	provided "comments" on five items under the Subject heading: term sheet &	P
	managemen	nt contract. <sup>612</sup> The items addressed were:	
Q			Q
R		1. Purchase price;	R
K		<ol> <li>Exclusivity;</li> <li>Long-stop date;</li> </ol>	K
S		3. Long-stop date;	S
T	608 Bundle 21		T
	609 Bundle 21 610 Bundle 21	1, page 7351.	
U	611 Transcript 612 Bundle 21	t, page 265L- O. I, page 7343.	U

- 158 -

А			A
В		4. Access to information; and	В
D		5. Transaction documents.	Ь
C	585.	The provenance of the text in Mr. Devon Fu's email was an earlier email sent to	C
D	Mr. Devon	Fu by Mr. Choi at 11:34 am on 7 June 2015. 613 Of the issue of "Access to	ъ
D	informatio	n", it was stated:	D
E		"we shall include the list of key information items we flagged to the other side through ubs but not limiting to those".	E
F	Of the icen	ne of "Purchase price", it was stated:	F
	Of the issu	•	
G		"dividend - we are fine as you have indicated on the proposed wording as long as they do it in lines with regular and/or past actions and they ensure/procure that the company will have the necessary cash to maintain its	G
Н		ordinary course of business".	Н
I			I
	586.	Earlier, at 10:18 am on 7 June 2015, Freshfields had sent an email to Mr. Devon	
J	Fu under tl	he same Subject heading, stating: <sup>614</sup>	J
K		"I attach a mark-up of the term sheet, following our various discussions this morning. <i>Please let us have any comments</i> on the outstanding confirmations (highlighted yellow) as soon as you can." [Italics added.]	K
L			L
		Fu forwarded the attachment to Mr. Choi by an email sent at 10:33 am on 7 June	
M	2015.615		M
N	587.	In his evidence, Mr. Cong Lin said that the five items set out in the emails were	N
0	his ideas o	riginally, "they were the instructions issued by me in the phone conversation." 616	o
		to the suggestion that there was not enough time between receipt of the email from	
P		s at 10:18 am and transmission of the reply to Freshfields from Mr. Devon Fu at 11:38	P
0	am to have	e discussed the matter and formulated the written reply, Mr. Cong Lin said: 617	
Q			Q
R		"It is something that happened and, of course, I disagree because we were working frantically."	R
S			S
Т	614 Bundle 2 615 Bundle 2	1, page 7342. 1, page 7344. 1, page 7333.	Т
Tī	616 Transcrip 617 Transcrip	ot, page 372. ot, pages 374-375.	<b>T</b> 7

A		А
D	In answer to questions from the Chairman, Mr. Cong Lin explained that the	D
В	telephone conversations were between Mr. Devon Fu, Mr. Calvin Choi, staff from Freshfields	В
C	and the couple of his colleagues. For his part, he was at Hutchinson House, together with others from LR Capital. Sometimes Mr. Choi was there as well. On other occasions Mr. Choi,	C
D	participated by telephone. He did not remember this particular occasion. 618	D
E	Once again, it is to be noted that there was no reference in Mr. Choi's email sent at 11:34 am on 7 June 2015 to Mr. Devon Fu, to Mr. Choi having acted as a notetaker collating	E
F	information and instructions received in conferences, either in person or by telephone, with	F
•	anyone. There was nothing in the email that there suggested that Mr. Choi sought confirmation	1
G	that his note accurately reflected discussions, if there had been any.	G
Н	(v) 13 June 2015 - Mr. Choi's draft text of comments and instructions to Freshfields on the draft SPA	Н
I		I
J	590. In an email to Mr. Howard Cong Lin and Mr. Devon Fu sent at 4:59 pm on 13 June 2015, <sup>619</sup> under the Subject heading: Frontier - SPA mark-up, Freshfields wrote:	J
K	"As discussed with Devon, here are the key items for your focus in the SPA."	K
L	The text referred to multiple provisions and clauses in the agreement, made comments/suggestions and gave advice. Under the heading "Definition of 'Cash Amounts' and	L
M	'Cash Reference Date'", Freshfields stated:	M
N	"As a reminder, anything that falls within this definition will <u>increase</u> the price you pay on Closing."	N
0	591. Mr. Devon Fu forwarded the email to Mr. Choi in an email sent at 5:04 pm on	o
P	13 June 2015. 620 Then, at 6:15 pm Mr. Choi sent an email to Mr. Devon Fu addressing the points raised in the email sent by Freshfields providing a series of instructions to LR Capital's	P
Q	lawyers and began: <sup>621</sup>	Q
R	"Please find below our suggestions and feedback for your further actions".	R
S		S
Т	618 Transcript, pages 375-376. 619 Bundle 23, page 7976. 620 Bundle 23, page 7976.	T
U	621 Bundle 23, pages 7974-7976.	U

- 160 -

A			A
	592.	Beneath the headings used by Freshfields in their email, the text responded to	
В	the commen	nts and suggestions made by Freshfields under the heading 'Lrc'. In response to the	В
	suggestions	made under the heading: Definition of "Cash Amounts' and "Cash Reference Date",	
C	it was stated	d: <sup>622</sup> [Italics/Bold added.]	C
D		"Lrc: We agree that this is a transaction that we will pay a price @ a valuation free of cash and debt, in this case, no debt for company but we shall carefully	D
E		define the "cash". In our views, only cash that belong to the company and those that can be freely deployed by the company without obligations and duties to others can be counted as "cash"In addition, the company shall not borrow post	E
F		definitive agreements signing till closing point such that more cash are recorded in the book to pay dividend or leaving the cash behind to increase the purchase prices (which go to the sellers). Other than this definition/clause and related, we	F
G		shall have conditions and protections to prevent company from doing borrowings or engage in indebtedness from the date we sign till closing or	G
Н		otherwise commit any new contingencies or off balance types of commitment".	Н
I	593.	In response to the suggestions made under the heading "Clause 5.1.1 (pre-	I
	Closing cov	venants)" it was stated: 623	
J		"Lrc: we agree with your suggestion, pls go back to the other side. In particular,	J
K		we would like to ensure there won't be any financing or leverages by company before closing. In addition, all new hires at management level positions shall be pre-vetted and pre-agreed with lrc".	K
L			L
	594.	The draft text concluded: 624	
M		"Those are our feedbooks exernal. Pla corofully feeter the above into	M
N		"These are our feedbacks overall. Pls carefully factor the above into consideration on top of other inputs and suggestions by your team and teresa. We should go back to the sellers and linklaters asap and preferably before 9 pm today or earlier. As mentioned, we aim to sign on monday and pls inform the	N
0		other side to get them prepared towards the same direction". [Italics added.]	0
P	595.	In an email to Freshfields from Mr. Howard Cong sent at 6:32 pm on 13 June	P
•	2015, all of	the text provided by Mr. Choi was incorporated. <sup>625</sup>	1
Q			Q
R			R
S			S
T	622 Bundle 23		Т
	623 Bundle 23 624 Bundle 23	, page 7976.	•
U	625 Bundle 23	, page 7980.	U

- 161 -

A			Α
	596.	In an email to Mr. Choi sent at 6:33 pm on 13 June 2015, Mr. Devon Fu	
В	forwarded	the email sent one minute earlier to Freshfields in the name of Mr. Howard Cong	В
•	Lin. <sup>626</sup>		~
C			C
D	597.	In response to the suggestion that the email to Freshfields contained instructions	D
		elds in relation to the share purchase agreement, Mr. Howard Cong Lin said, "Yes it	
E	seems to b	e." He acknowledged that within 5 minutes of receipt of the email from Freshfields,	E
	Mr. Devon	Fu had forwarded it to Mr. Choi, who had responded with his long email an hour or	
F	so later. 627		F
G	598.	Clearly, in acting as he did, Mr. Choi had a conflict of interest.	G
Н	, ,	June 2015 - Mr. Choi's draft of text comments, instructions to and advice sought om Freshfields in respect of the SHA	Н
I	$J^{*}$		I
	599.	In an email sent at 10:32 am on 14 June 2015 by Asher at LR Capital to	
J	Freshfields	s under the Subject heading: Frontier-SPA & SHA, Freshfields, was presented with:	J
K			K
		"our comments and views on SHA".	
L			L
	600.	The provenance of the text set out thereafter was an email sent by Mr. Choi to	
M	Mr. Devon	Fu earlier at 10:26 am on 14 June 2015. 629 Those comments were set out as	M
N	responses	by 'Lrc', to comments that had been made and instructions sought by Freshfields in	N
11		ent to Mr. Howard Cong and Mr. Devon Fu at 4:39 pm on 13 June 2015 under a series	11
o	of heading	s: <sup>630</sup>	o
		(i) ROFO;	
P		(ii) Tag-along;	P
		(iii) Drag-along;	
Q		(iv) Exit (in particular an IPO);	Q
		<ul><li>(v) Put-option; and</li><li>(vi) Dividend policy.</li></ul>	
R		(vi) Dividend poney.	R
C			C
S	626 D 11 2	2 7000	S
T	627 Transcrip		Т
		4, pages 8209-8210. 4, pages 8201-8202.	•
U		4, pages 8202-8203.	U

- 162 -

Freshfield	s wrote: <sup>631</sup>	
	"we wanted to flag some specific items on the share transfer provisions in the SHA which you will need to review closely and advise on your instructions."	
601.	In an email, sent at 7:09 pm on 13 June 2015 by Mr. Devon Fu to Mr. Choi, the	
email rece	ived by him from Freshfields was forwarded, together with the comment, "The email	
he mention	ned." <sup>632</sup>	
602.	Mr. Choi responded in an email, sent at 10:26 am on 14 June 2015 to Mr. Devon	
Fu, with a	detailed draft of a letter from, "Jennifer and Asher" to Freshfields addressing: "our	
comments	and views on SHA". 633	
603.	Under the heading "Tag-along" it stated: <sup>634</sup>	
	"Lrc: we need to be very careful on this point. We have following concerns and	
	plans of which we need your guidance and advice to carefully structure this	
	clause in a way not to pose any conflict or restriction to our intention:	
	*our acquisition vehicle, Irc financial holding might have other shareholders to join (we DO not want to reveal them now to the sellers and we want to have our	
	liberty and flexibility to do so. In any case, Irc will control the board and be the	
	de facto controlling party in terms of governance at the lrc financial holding and amtd level) [Italics added.]	
	*therefore, let's say if we have china minsheng investment to participate as a	
	34.9 percent shareholder in Irc financial holding level, this tag-along right should	
	not be triggered. Equally, we do not want to result in a conversation by focusing too much on our concerns (we should not spell out the real and underlying	
	concern of ours) to let them be defensive or arouse other concerns [Italics	
	added.]	
	*we shall give them tag-along only when we sell shares resulting in a change in	
	control as defined by a change of our control at the board level. We shall not be forced to have them tag-along and give them such right when we are not selling	
	to effect a change in control at the board level."	
	[Italics added.]	
604.	Clearly, in acting as he did, Mr. Choi had a conflict of interest.	
	4, page 8202.	
	4, page 8202. 4, page 8201.	
	4, page 8209.	

- 163 -

		A
(vii) 1	6 June 2015 - Mr. Choi's text comments on the SHA	
605.	In an email, sent by Mr. Choi to Mr. Howard Cong and Mr. Devon Fu at 3:43	В
am on 16	June 2015, Mr. Choi provided detailed comments on the provisions of the draft	C
Shareholde	ers Agreement under sixteen different headings. 635 In some instances, the distinction	
between th	ne rights of LR Capital and others was highlighted. For example:	D
	"5. Encumbrances - encumbrances over Shares permitted for LRC's borrowing (without any party's consent). Management Investors' borrowings (subject to LRC's and Company's approval) and MSPE's borrowings (subject to notification to LRC and Company.)	E F
	6. Upstream transfer restrictions - apply only to MSPE and Management Investors, but not LRC."	G
606.	In an email to Freshfields, sent at 09:27 am on 16 June 2015, under the Subject	Н
heading: U	Update call on SHA, Mr. Devon Fu incorporated the text of Mr. Choi's earlier email	
verbatim b	eneath the statement, "FYI below some SHA items for our discussion". 636	I
The vole of	f Mr. Choi in drafting text for LR Capital which was incorporated in emails sent by	J
LR Capital		K
607.	In his witness statement, Mr. Howard Cong Lin addressed the undisputed role	
of Mr. Cho	oi in drafting text for LR Capital, which was sent by them in multiple emails over a	L
period of	many weeks to others, including AMTD, MSPE and Freshfields. Mr. Cong Lin	3.7
asserted: 637	7	M
	"Mr. Choi was merely LRC's coverage banker at the time, and his purported	N
	"involvement" in the business of the LRC was in his capacity as our coverage banker providing general and administrative support. Insofar as the emails identified by the Commission are concerned, the contents of each of those emails	o
	represented the product of detailed discussions between Mr. Fu, myself and Mr. Choi (as LRC's coverage banker). At no point in time did Mr. Choi draft	P
	any emails on behalf of LRC without discussions with Mr. Fu or I."	Q
608.	As noted earlier, in fact Mr. Choi was not LR Capital's coverage banker for UBS	·
	ly 2015. So, the undoubted, sustained assistance Mr. Choi provided to LR Capital in	R
	ext to be included in LR Capital's emails was not performed in that role. In Mr. Cong's	
_	nce, as noted earlier, he described the role of Mr. Choi and Mr. Devon Fu as including	S
		Т
635 Rundle 2	4, pages 8450-8451.	1
636 Bundle 24	4, pages 8467-8468. 5, pages 11845-11846, paragraph 14.	U

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taking notes of his legal comments on documents and translating them into English. He believed in Devon Fu's abilities in the Chinese language. He trusted both of them to translate his instructions accurately into English. Of instructions to Freshfields, he said, "All instructions were issued by me."

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609. As has been noted earlier, there is nothing in any of the emails to and from Mr. Choi that lends any support for Mr. Cong Lin's description of Mr. Choi as occupying a mere notetaker/translator role in drafting emails that reflected Mr. Howard Cong Lin's directions. No reference was made in any of the multiple emails to any discussions having been held between them. No caveat or concern was ever issued by Mr. Choi as to the accuracy of the draft email, in particular as representing faithfully Mr. Howard Cong Lin's instructions. No challenge to the accuracy of the draft was ever issued by Mr. Howard Cong Lin.

 $\mathbf{G}$ 

F

H

610. There is substance in Mr. Li's submission that, on occasions, the emails evidenced a "stream of consciousness" style from Mr. Choi. That sits ill with the suggestion that they were the result of directions given by Mr. Howard Cong Lin in conversations with Mr. Choi in the role of notetaker and translator. Further, usually those emails were sent out verbatim very shortly after receipt. For example, Mr. Choi sent three emails to Mr. Devon Fu at 07:20 am, 07:23 am and 07:25 am on 7 June 2015, which emails Mr. Devon Fu forwarded in sequence to Freshfields at 07:24 am, 07:25 am and 07:26. In forwarding the second and third emails, Mr. Devon Fu simply added, "One more" and ""Sorry, another point".

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611. Frequently, there was a relatively short period of time between the receipt by Mr. Choi of some of the emails forwarded to him by Mr. Devon Fu and his response, with the email containing the text which was then sent out by LR Capital. In those circumstances, that factor rendered it more improbable that there were conversations between the three of them in which directions were given by Mr. Howard Cong Lin, notes taken and a translated reply prepared and sent by Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu. For example, a markup of the term sheet was attached to the email sent by Freshfields to Mr. Devon Fu at 10:18 am on 7 June 2015. Mr. Devon Fu replied in an email sent to Freshfields at 10:26 am, "Many thanks Richard. Will quick review and revert". 638 The markup of the term sheet was forwarded to Mr. Choi by Mr. Devon Fu in an email sent at 10:33 am. The document contained 6 pages of closely typed text, the marked-up version of which contained significant amendments. Yet, Mr. Choi provided text for the reply to Freshfields in an email sent to Mr. Devon Fu at 11:34 am, the text

U

<sup>638</sup> Bundle 21, pages 7343-7344.

A		A
В	of which Mr. Devon Fu sent to Freshfields in an email at 11:38 am, merely adding a greeting at the beginning and the final sentence, "Please revert our revised mark-up to the other side	В
	once incorporating the comments above. Many thanks!"	
C	one interpolating the comments are to retain and the	C
D	I do not accept Mr. Howard Cong Lin's evidence in this respect. I do not accept that Mr. Choi acted merely as a notetaker/translator. No doubt, there were discussions on	D
E	occasions between Mr. Choi, Mr. Devon Fu and Mr. Howard Cong Lin. But, I am satisfied that, overall, the emails make it clear that Mr. Choi provided significant assistance in drafting text	E
F	to be used in communicating with the selling shareholders and AMTD and in providing	F
G	comments and giving instructions to and seeking advice from Freshfields. In doing so, he frequently advanced and articulated the interests of LR Capital, not those of the selling	G
Н	shareholders. Clearly, in acting as he did, Mr. Choi had a conflict of interest	Н
I	Engagement letter	I
	As noted earlier, the Engagement Letter, dated 10 September 2015 between UBS	
J	and AMTD provided that the Effective Date was 26 May 2015.	J
K	Mr. Choi's conduct pre-29 May 2015 in providing material to LR Capital	K
L	614. The impugned conduct alleged against Mr. Choi of providing confidential	L
M	material to LR Capital in conflict of his interest to the selling shareholders pre-29 May 2015 is of narrow compass, namely the provision by Mr. Choi in emails sent to Mr. Devon Fu of:	M
N	• the NDA between AMTD, on 20 April 2015;	N
O	<ul> <li>the "briefing material" for the preparation of a teaser, on 13 May 2015;</li> <li>the AMTD Group 2012 - 2014 audit reports and a chart of the AMTD corporate</li> </ul>	o
P	structure, on 19 May 2015; and  • the "teaser", on 20 May 2015.	P
0	the teaser, on 20 way 2013.	0
Q	The evidence of Mr. Gao Yu and Mr. Kingsley Chan	Q
R	Mr. Gao Yu gave evidence that the material was provided with their general	R
S	consent. Mr. Gao Yu said that Mr. Choi had informed them of the interest of LR Capital to	S
~	acquire AMTD. 639 Mr. Kingsley Chan said that, "the Selling Shareholders were informed" of	3
T	that interest in or around mid-April 2015. 640 Both of them said that they considered that	T
U	639 Bundle 35, page 11834, paragraph 12. 640 Bundle 35, page 11825, paragraph 6.	U

- 166 -

A		A
В	information in the context of the fact that an earlier, albeit unspecified date, LR Capital had made an unsolicited verbal offer on the basis of a valuation of HK\$ 1.4 billion.	В
C	616. Mr. Gao Yu said that led them to ask Mr. Choi "to pursue active dialogue with	C
D	616. Mr. Gao Yu said that led them to ask Mr. Choi "to pursue active dialogue with the LRC in order to achieve a swift and favourable deal". For his part, Mr. Kingsley Chan said that the selling shareholders had been informed that the interest in the acquisition of AMTD	D
E	came from, "LR Capital (through a consortium to be formed with China Minsheng Investment Group)". He said that, in light of the reiteration of its interest, the selling shareholders asked	E
F	Mr. Choi, "to proactively engage in dialogue with them and meeting between the	F
G	management teams was subsequently <i>set up</i> on 20 April 2015." He asserted that, " a meeting with LRC <i>took place</i> on 20 April 2015." <sup>641</sup> [Italics added.]	G
Н	There is nothing that was contemporaneously documented that supports that	Н
I	evidence. As noted above, the first item of that material was provided on 20 April 2015. At that date, there existed three iterations of the list of potential purchasers of AMTD shares, namely	I
J	lists dated 13 and 31 March 2015 and 8 April 2015 respectively. However, none of those lists	J
K	contained the name of LR Capital. LR Capital's name first featured on the list circulated internally within UBS on 8 May 2015. LR Capital's name was an addition made by Mr. Choi	K
L	in an email sent at 4:09 pm, in what he described as the 'revised list'. It was an addition to the list circulated by Mr. Kevin Jia at 4:00 pm, as the 'buyer's list', which contained the names of	L
M	four Banks, ten Securities Companies, five Investment Companies; and four 'Others'. Mr. Choi's revised list contained the addition of not only LR Capital, under Others, but also Harbin	M
N	Bank, under Banks, and the removal of the name of Everbright Securities.	N
O	In an email, dated 18 April 2015, sent to Mr. Choi by Mr. Kingsley Chan it was stated, <sup>642</sup>	0
P		P
Q	"we understand your view and confidence regarding <i>CMI's interest</i> ". [Italics added.]	Q
R	Mr. Gao Yu asserted that he understood that was a mistaken reference by Mr. Kingsley Chan,	R
11	who meant to refer to LR Capital. 643 Mr. Kingsley Chan gave no evidence on the issue of any	K
S		S
T		T
U	<ul> <li>Bundle 35, page 11826, paragraph 8.</li> <li>Bundle 16, page 5394.</li> <li>Bundle 35, page 11835, paragraph 13(2).</li> </ul>	U

- 167 -

A		A
В	mistake. There is no evidence that supports Mr. Gao Yu's assertion. In fact, the weight of the evidence is strongly against that assertion.	В
C	Mr. Kingsley Chan's bare assertion in his witness statement that "a meeting	(
D	with LRC took place on 20 April 2015" is also unsupported. In emails exchanged between Mr. Choi and Mr. Kingsley Chan on 20 April 2015, reference was made to a prospective meeting	I
E	to be held between Mr. Kingsley Chan, CMI and the management of AMTD on 21 April	ŀ
F	2015. <sup>644</sup> There was no reference to LR Capital's participation in that meeting or, for that matter, to a meeting with LR Capital on 20 April 2015. That email supports the assertion that a meeting	F
G	was "setup" on 20 April 2015, but not one with LR Capital. Rather, it was one with CMI.	(
Н	620. In an email to Mr. Kingsley Chan, sent at 10:15 am on 20 April 2015, copied to Mr. Alan Tsang and Mr. Gao Yu, having asserted that, "cmi is very interested in this deal", Mr.	F
I	Choi invited the recipients to confirm attending two meetings with CMI on the afternoon of 21 April 2015:	I
J	• first at 2 pm with Mr. Alan Tsang and Mr. Kingsley Chan; and	J
K	• secondly, between 3 pm to 5 pm, with AMTD core management.	ŀ
L	Following email confirmations that Mr. Alan Tsang could attend both meetings	I
M	and Mr. Kingsley Chan's confirmation that he could attend the first meeting and stay until 3:30 pm, emails were exchanged between Mr. Alan Tsang, Mr. Kingsley Chan and Mr. Choi as to	N
N	the need to obtain NDAs before the meetings. Mr. Alan Tsang raised the issue in an email to the others, "Do we have NDA signed? And I presume it's only general discussion only without	ľ
0	financials". Although Mr. Choi responded, "They would like to sign nda now so that financials can be discussed", nevertheless agreement was reached, at Mr. Kingsley Chan's suggestion to	(
P	Mr. Choi, that it would be sufficient to obtain an NDA between UBS and AMTD and that it	F
Q	was not necessary at that stage to obtain an NDA between UBS and CMI. <sup>645</sup> Again, there was no reference to LR Capital's participation or the need to obtain an NDA from them.	(
R	622. In cross-examination, having been taken through some of the email exchanges	I
S	in relation to the arrangements for the meeting Mr. Kingsley Chan acknowledged that the	S
	planned meeting was one with CMI, "We were told it was with CMI professionals." <sup>646</sup> Earlier	
T	644 Bundle 16, page 5418	7
U	<ul> <li>Bundle 16, page 5418.</li> <li>Bundle 16, pages 5417-5418.</li> <li>Transcript, page 277 B-E.</li> </ul>	Ţ

A		A
В	in cross-examination, he said that, "in April or so there were meetings between the management team of Frontier and one of the potential buyer" Having confirmed that was a	В
C	meeting with CMI, he agreed with the suggestion that at that meeting he had heard that they could be working with LRC. <sup>647</sup>	C
D	623. Of the separate treatment of CMI by UBS, it is to be noted that in the email sent	D
E	by Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu on 4 June 2015, in which the interests or otherwise of many of	E
L	the entities listed on the 'revised list' dated 8 May 2015 were detailed, the response of CMI was	E
F	described separately and distinctly:	F
G H	"cmi: believe 1.5bn and above are not worthwhile price. Believe that sensible price range in the range of hkd1bn to 1.2bn and they want to take only 51percent and no more than 60percent."	G H
I	20 April 2015: AMTD's NDA with UBS	I
	The NDA between UBS and AMTD was attached to an email sent by AMTD to	
J	Mr. Choi at 6:17 pm on 20 April 2015 with the message: Enclosed is the AMTD Group NDA	J
K	for UBS's signing." Having removed the names of the sender and multiple recipients, the email	K
K	was forwarded by Mr. Choi to Mr. Devon Fu by at 7:38 pm., without any message. 648	K
L		L
	The NDA, entitled "Confidentiality Agreement", was an anodyne document that	
M	made provision for agreements in respect of confidentiality of information between the	M
N	"Disclosing Party", stipulated to be AMTD Group Company Limited and an unidentified "Receiving Party". It was stated blandly that the parties, "propose to enter into discussions	N
o	regarding potential business cooperation". The colourless phrase, "business cooperation",	0
	resonated with the suggestion of Mr. Alan Tsang in the email exchange as a means of securing confidentiality. 649 No further elucidation of the proposed discussions or the potential business	
P	was provided. The confidentiality provisions were themselves generic and bland and provided	P
Q	no clue of the nature of the proposed business cooperation. It was unsigned and undated as to	Q
	the date and month, but asserted that the relevant year was 2010!	
R		R
S	I am satisfied that no element of confidentiality attached to the document. On	S
G	the other hand, the fact that Mr. Choi had forwarded the document to Mr. Devon Fu, soon after	3
T		T
U	647 Transcript, pages 272 U-273D. 648 Bundle 16, page 5417. 649 Bundle 16, page 5418.	U

A	having an arived it from AMTD with out one are and in the singulations in which he did	A
В	having received it from AMTD, without any message and in the circumstances in which he did so is relevant to a consideration of his relationship with Mr. Devon Fu and LR Capital.	В
C	The 'briefing material' - 13 May 2015	C
D	627. Of course, by the time that Mr. Choi provided Mr. Devon Fu with the 'briefing material', in an email sent to him on 13 May 2015 <sup>650</sup> , the name of LR Capital had been added	D
E	to the "revised list" of buyers on 8 May 2015. In attaching the briefing material to an email, he sent to Mr. Choi on 13 May 2015, Mr. Kingsley Chan stated specifically that the material could	E
F	be used as the "base for teaser" <sup>651</sup> . Clearly, it was intended that the teaser be sent to potential	F
G	buyers and that it contain a succinct distillation of the relevant information in the briefing material. Whilst, perhaps, it would have been unusual to provide the briefing material to a	G
Н	potential buyer, clearly it would have been the usual and normal practice to provide that information to such a buyer in a succinct, distilled form in the 'teaser.'	Н
I		I
J	AMTDs 2012-2014 audited reports and corporate structure chart - 19 May 2015; and the teaser - 20 May 2015	J
K	628. The provision of the 2012-2014 audited reports of the AMTD Group of companies, and the Chart of the Group corporate structure in emails sent by Mr. Choi to Mr.	K
L	Devon Fu, on 19 May 2015 652, by itself was consistent with the provision of relevant	L
M	confidential information to a potential buyer of AMTD shares. The irregularity was that Mr. Choi had not secured an NDA from LR Capital prior to the provision of that material. However,	M
N	a signed NDA from LR Capital was secured by UBS on 22 May 2015.	N
O	The provision of the 'teaser' on 20 May 2015 to a potential buyer was a normal practice and to be expected. 653	0
P		P
	Mr. Gao Yu acknowledged in cross-examination that "in most circumstances",	
Q	this information should be disclosed only after a non-disclosure agreement was in place, but he	Q
R	went on to assert that "as long as the NDA was finally or eventually signed, they are subject to those NDA." As noted earlier, Mr. Gao Yu was mistaken in asserting that a non-disclosure	R
S		S
Т	650 Bundle 17, page 5862. 651 Bundle 17, page 5862. 652 Bundle 19, pages 6172-6839; and Bundle 20, page 6840.	Т
U	653 Bundle 20, page 6893. 654 Transcript, page 297P-U.	U

- 170 -

V

A		A
	agreement with LR Capital was executed on 20 April 2015. <sup>655</sup> The signed NDA was provided	
В	in an email sent to Mr. Choi by Mr. Howard Cong Lin at 3:23 pm on 22 May 2015, which he	В
C	had signed on behalf of LR Capital Management Company (Cayman) Limited. 656	
C		C
D	631. The fact that Mr. Choi provided the 2012-2014 audited reports of the AMTD Group, a chart of its group structure to Mr. Devon Fu before taking any steps towards securing	D
E	an NDA is relevant to a consideration of his relationship with Mr. Devon Fu and LR Capital. It	E
	begged the question of why LR Capital received such special treatment?	
F		F
	Also relevant to that consideration, is the fact that, notwithstanding that he had	
G	provided the 'teaser' to Mr. Devon Fu at 9:27 pm on 20 May 2015,657 Mr. Choi went through	(
Н	the charade of apparently purporting to do so for the first time in an email to Mr. Howard Cong, copied to Mr. Devon Fu, at 8:08 am on 21 May 2015, informing him of an "acquisition	Н
I	opportunity for your consideration" and advising him that "we will circulate a NDA should you express an interest in the opportunity." 658	I
J		J
	633. Mr. Choi had already provided Mr. Devon Fu with a copy of a version of an	
K	NDA in an email he had sent to him at 10:31 pm on 20 May 2015, only minutes after he had	k
	received a copy of the document from Linklaters. 659 That NDA described MSPE as being one	
L	of the two parties. In an email to Mr. Devon Fu sent at 8:44 am on 22 May 2015, Mr. Choi	L
M	attached a copy of another version of the NDA, in which the other party was described as the	N
141	'target company'. 660	17
N		N
	Next, in an email sent to Mr. Choi at 12:01 pm on 22 May 2015 Mr. Devon Fu	
O	provided a draft of the text of the letter to be sent by Mr. Howard Cong Lin to Mr. Choi, in	C
	which the former said that LR Capital was: <sup>661</sup>	
P	" avita interest in this amounts it was I want I like to Callana and a said the	P
0	"quite interest in this opportunity and would like to follow up closely with the company and the team to close the transaction smoothly".	_
Q	- ·	Ç
R		R
	655 Th	
S	655 Transcript, page 297H-N. 656 Bundle 20, pages 6916-6922	S
Т	<ul> <li>Bundle 20, page 6869.</li> <li>Bundle 20, page 6893.</li> </ul>	п
	659 Bundle 20, page 6880. 660 Bundle 20, page 6912.	Т
TI	661 Bundle 20, page 6913.	T

- 171 -

635. In an email to Mr. Choi, copied to Mr. Devon Fu, sent at 3:23 pm and 22 May 2015 Mr. Howard Cong Lin adopted the draft text provided by Mr. Devon Fu. Attached to the email was what was described as "our executed the NDA from our side", 662 The AMTD Group Company was stipulated to be the other party to the agreement.  Mr. Choi's role in Project Frontier: that of an intermediary only?  636. As noted carlier, Mr. Shich submitted that Mr. Choi's role in Project Frontier was:  • prior to 29 May 2015 - engagement in "exploratory matching work"; and • from 29 May 2015 that of an intermediary only.  UBS was not the sell-side adviser of the selling shareholders. Mr. Shich relied on the evidence of Mr. Kingsley Chan and Mr. Gao Yu in support of his submissions.  A consideration of the submissions  The Engagement Letter between the AMTD Group and UBS, dated 10 September 2015, provided under the heading, Role of UBS, that UBS:  "act as your exclusive financial adviser in connection with the potential Transaction (as defined below) with potential purchasers for up to 1 year since 26 May, 2015."  The "Transaction" was the sale or other disposition of all or a controlling stake of AMTD Group.  639. Amongst the requirements made of UBS was that they provide financial advice and assistance including: 683  "(a) In consultation with you, developing, updating and reviewing a list of potential purchasers and contacting potential purchasers (" Potential Investor List");  8  To suppose 6916.			A
email was what was described as "our executed the NDA from our side". 662 The AMTD Group Company was stipulated to be the other party to the agreement.  Mr. Choi's role in Project Frontier: that of an intermediary only?  636. As noted earlier, Mr. Shieh submitted that Mr. Choi's role in Project Frontier was:  • prior to 29 May 2015 - engagement in "exploratory matching work"; and • from 29 May 2015 that of an intermediary only.  UBS was not the sell-side adviser of the selling shareholders. Mr. Shieh relied on the evidence of Mr. Kingsley Chan and Mr. Gao Yu in support of his submissions.  I A consideration of the submissions  637. With respect, I have no hesitation in rejecting that submission. There is compelling evidence to the contrary.  638. The Engagement Letter between the AMTD Group and UBS, dated 10 L September 2015, provided under the heading, Role of UBS, that UBS:  "act as your exclusive financial adviser in connection with the potential Transaction (as defined below) with potential purchasers for up to I year since 26 May, 2015."  The "Transaction" was the sale or other disposition of all or a controlling stake of AMTD Group.  639. Amongst the requirements made of UBS was that they provide financial advice and assistance including. 663  "(a) In consultation with you, developing, updating and reviewing a list of potential purchasers and contacting potential purchasers ("Potential Investor List");	(	In an email to Mr. Choi, copied to Mr. Devon Fu, sent at 3:23 pm and 22 May	
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"(a) In consultation with you, developing, updating and reviewing a list of potential purchasers and contacting potential purchasers (" Potential Investor List");  S  T			Q
potential purchasers and contacting potential purchasers (" Potential Investor List");  S  T	•	and assistance including:	
662 Dundla 20, maga 6016			R
662 Days dla 20, maga 6016			S
662 Dundle 20, page 6016			
662 Bundle 20, page 6916.			T
	(	662 Bundle 20, page 6916.	Tī

- 172 -

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A		Α
В	(b) Together with your other professional advisers, assisting in the negotiation of the terms of the Transaction for and on your behalf'.	В
C	As Mr. Li submitted, that is exactly what UBS and Mr. Choi did for the selling	C
D	shareholders. As noted earlier, Mr. Choi worked with Mr. Kingsley Chan in developing, updating and reviewing a list of buyers, as evidenced by the lists exchanged between them in	D
E	emails on 13 and 31 March 2015, and 8 April 2015. The lists of buyers identified in emails exchanged within UBS with Mr. Choi on 8 May 2015 evidenced ongoing work of that kind.	E
F	641. Although, it is to be noted that the 'Effective Date' provided for in the	F
G	Engagement Letter, dated 10 September 2015, was stipulated to be 26 May 2015, it is to be noted that the requirements of UBS to act as the exclusive financial adviser in the Transaction	G
Н	and to provide the services described above remained the same in the various drafts that were	Н
I	exchanged between the parties from the draft attached to the email to Mr. Choi from Mr. Kingsley Chan, dated 31 March 2015. 664 That was the role of UBS throughout.	I
J	642. That Mr. Choi and UBS had contacted potential purchasers to determine their	J
K	interest in the sale of the shares of AMTD was evidenced by the email, dated 4 June 2015, that Mr. Choi sent to Mr. Devon Fu. <sup>665</sup>	K
L		L
M	Clearly, Mr. Choi was fulfilling UBS's obligations to act as a financial advisor.  That conduct was not merely that of "exploratory matching work".	M
N	644. It is clear that, after the receipt by AMTD and the selling shareholders of the	N
0	'Binding Offer' made by LR Capital by email on 29 May 2015, Mr. Choi and UBS were involved, as the Engagement Letter provided, with the "negotiation of the terms of the	0
P	Transaction". That was required of Mr. Choi in the lengthy, detailed instructions he was given by Mr. Kingsley Chan in an email sent on 2 June 2015. 666 As noted earlier, Mr. Choi was	P
Q	directed to "press LRC" to increase their offer Bid. In his witness statement, dated 29 June	Q
R	2022, Mr. Gao Yu acknowledged that Mr. Choi had been instructed, "to convince LRC to accept our additional requests." Further, he was instructed to continue to gather "any written	R
S		S
T	664 Bundle 15, pages 5136-5163.	Т
U	<ul> <li>Bundle 20, page 7110.</li> <li>Bundle 20, page 7061.</li> <li>Bundle 35, pages 11837-11838, paragraph 20.</li> </ul>	U

- 173 -

A	proposal before the signing of a Term sheet." The term sheet was not executed until 8 June	A
В	2015.	В
C	I accept the validity of Mr. Li's submission, that as financial adviser, UBS were	C
D	obliged, if asked to do so, to resume their duties to identify and contact potential purchasers. In that context, it is to be noted, that an email drafted by Mr. Choi and sent by Mr. Howard Cong	D
E	Lin to Mr. Alan Tsang on 17 June 2015 asserted that there were terms in the negotiations between the parties that represented "potential deal breakers". 668	E
F		F
G	646. I accept as true, the acknowledgement made by Mr. Kingsley Chan in cross-examination that, even after the Binding Offer made by LR Capital on 29 May 2015,	G
Н	nevertheless it was the job of UBS and Mr. Choi, as sell side adviser, to be on the lookout for other potential buyers and that would be their job until, as Mr. Kingsley Chan put it in answering	Н
I	that suggestion in the affirmative, "signing and closing". 669 I reject the explanation that he gave, for resiling from that simple, perfectly clear exchange of questions and answers, in his evidence	I
J	in re-examination.	J
K	In making these findings, I have taken into account the reference by Mr. Choi in	K
L	an email, dated 22 June 2015, <sup>670</sup> he sent to the Heads of CCS within UBS providing an update on the progress of the sale of AMTD for the selling shareholders, to the term 'intermediary' and	L
M	the explanation provided. There, he said that MSPE had "introduced LR Capital to an exclusive process, and dropped the sell side process". He asserted, "our work has never	M
N	formally started and we are still negotiating on the details of the EL". In that context, he said,	N
0	"Fortunately I know LR Capital well to ask for the buyer side of support to request the sell-side	0
O	to provide some sort of coordination and support along the deal by an intermediary, and I secured also support from blackpine of which I serve as the PCB, MSPE finally agreed to offer	0
P	us a "1% matching fee" and keep our name as "sell-side adviser".	P
Q	648. Given that, as at 22 June 2015 there was no Engagement Letter between the	Q
R	parties, Mr. Choi was correct in saying that work had not started, "formally". But, work had	R
	started. In fact, it had been underway from the first communication on 12 March 2015, when	
S	Mr. Kingsley Chan had asked Mr. Choi to provide a buyers list and their reactions and, on 13	S
T	March 2015, had been provided with a buyers list. It continued throughout. Mr. Choi and UBS	Т
U	<ul> <li>Bundle 24, page 8505.</li> <li>Transcript, page 235B-G.</li> <li>Bundle 25, page 8633.</li> </ul>	U

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A	1. 11
В	had been working on the project of the sale of the sell-side's shares for eleven weeks at the time of the Binding Offer on 29 May 2015.
C	649. It is to be noted that there is nothing in the voluminous contemporaneous emails
D	passing between the parties that directly supports those assertions by Mr. Choi. The evidence of Mr. Kingsley Chan and Mr. Gao Yu contradicts the assertion that MSPE had introduced LR
E	Capital to an exclusive process. It was their evidence that Mr. Choi introduced LR Capital as a potential buyer of the shares. Far from dropping the "sell side process", even after the Binding
F	Offer on 29 May 2015, in his email of 2 June 2015 Mr. Kingsley Chan had directed Mr. Choi
G	to continue "to gather any written proposal before the signing of a Term Sheet."
Н	650. It was the term sheet that provided for exclusivity for LR Capital. It provided that, in consideration of their payment of HK \$16 million (the "Exclusivity Fee"), for an
I	"Exclusivity Period", from the execution of the term sheet on 8 June 2015 up and until 19 June 2015. During that period, it was agreed that the sell-side would not "directly or indirectly
J	solicit, initiate, encourage or participate in any discussions or negotiations" or respond to such
K	activities, with or by "any other party concerning or enter into any agreement in relation to or consummate any sale or transfer of any of the Shares" held by the relevant sell side
L	shareholders. That is what led to the suspension of the sell side process.
M	Also, I am mindful of Mr. Kingsley Chan's evidence that Mr. Choi's explanation in his email, dated 22 June 2015, was consistent with his understanding, "of what the selling
N	shareholders expected of UBS in its role as an intermediary after LRC's offer was received."  Mr. Kingsley Chan was correct to observe that the phrases used in respect of 'Fees' in earlier
0	drafts of the Engagement Letter, namely "success fee" and/or "incentive fee" were removed in
P	the Engagement Letter, dated 10 September 2015. In their place the term "matching fee" was inserted.

However, it is to be noted that there is no reference in the Engagement Letter, dated 10 September 2015 of the role of UBS as an intermediary. Rather, and consistently with all earlier drafts, the 'Role of UBS' was described as being the exclusive financial adviser. That was the provision found in the executed version of the Engagement Letter which, with some justification, Mr. Li described as having been, "heavily negotiated".

671 Respondent's Evidence (May 2022); Section B-item 147, internal pagination 5.

- 175 -

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A			A
	Implied a	authority or consent	
В	653.	With respect there is no merit in Mr. Shieh's submission that UBS had impliedly	В
C		ed Mr. Choi to act in a conflict of interest with AMTD and the selling shareholders, at he had been designated as the coverage banker of LR Capital. The submission is	C
D		a false premise. At the material time, Mr. Choi was not designated as a coverage y UBS of any of the LR Capital Group Companies.	D
E			E
F	Part 10	- Mr. Choi's familial and personal connections with LR Capital	F
G	A conside	eration of the submissions	G
	16 Augus	st 2016 - UBS meeting note	
Н	654.	The note of a meeting held between officers of UBS and representatives of LR	Н
I	_	on 12 August 2016, was compiled by Mr. Austin Mok and contained in an email d within UBS subsequently that day. 672 Although Mr. Shieh complains that it is hearsay	I
J	_	cts to reliance on it, with respect whilst it is documentary hearsay it is clearly a t compiled in the ordinary course of banking business and would be admissible as such	J
K	in civil a	and criminal proceedings, subject to compliance with the requisite provisions. No	K
L		has been identified as undermining its' reliability. There is no good reason why the should not rely on it.	L
M			M
	Mr. Choi	s's beneficial interest in the shares of LR Capital	
N	655.	The note identified those attending on behalf of the client, LR Capital, as being	N
0		, Mr. Marcellus Wong and Mr. Raymond Yung. Of the nature of LR Capital, the note at the client confirmed that:	0
P		"1. LRC is a family office set up for the existing 16 shareholders who are <i>all close family, friends and partners</i> .	P
Q		3.The 3 of them represent the core investment and shareholder group of LRC" [Italics added.]	Q
R	656	Then as noted equien the note stated that "Demay Chai Viviale Vai halding	R
S	656. shares on	Then, as noted earlier, the note stated that, "Danny Choi Kwok Kei holding a behalf of Calvin Choi (son)".	S
T			т
1			T
U	672 Bundle	8, pages 2811-2812.	П

- 176 -

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657.	Mr. Danny Choi had subscribed for LR Capital shares in a Subscription
Agreemen	nt dated 29 December 2015. <sup>673</sup> As a result, post the Share Subscription, through MNP
•	ntion (HK) Limited, of which he was the sole shareholder and sole director <sup>674</sup> , Mr. noi became owner of 28.86% of the shares of LR Capital. <sup>675</sup> However, there was no
evidence	of when, if it was on a date prior to 16 August 2016, Mr. Choi obtained a beneficial
interest in	the shares held in his father's name. It follows, that there is no evidence that Mr.
Choi had	a beneficial interest in those shares at any material time relevant to a consideration of
a conflict	of interest. With respect, I am satisfied that there is merit in Mr. Shieh's submission
on that po	int.
Mr. Dann	y Choi's holding of LR Capital shares
658. Danny Cl	Of the question of the date on which shares in LR Capital were issued to Mr. noi in consequence of the Subscription Agreement, dated 29 December 2015, it is to
•	hat the agreement did not stipulate a particular date for the issue of shares. Rather it
-	that it was to occur, "as soon as practicable, but in no event later than five (5)  Days after all closing conditions specified in Article 5 and Article 6" have been
	e satisfied or other agreement reached. <sup>676</sup> Provision was made that at Closing, LR hall deliver to the Investor, "duly executed share certificate or share certificates", <sup>677</sup>
on the Invi	vestor making the requisite payment by wire transfer evidenced by irrevocable wire ns. 678
659. when tha	Evidence as to the circumstances of the issue of shares to Mr. Danny Choi and t occurred is to be found in UBS's "Client Profile and Acceptance Checklist",
	by Mr. Austin Mok, 6 April 2016, in respect of Mr. Danny Choi Kwok Kei. There,
the follow	ving description was given of the circumstances in which the latter had become a
sharehold	er in LR Capital: <sup>679</sup>
	"Client was invited by his son, Mr. Calvin Choi Chi Kin, Senior President Assistant of CMI Group, CEO of CMI Group (HK) and Chairman of AMTD, to become the largest single 28.86% shareholder of LR Capital Management
	Company(Cayman) Limited in 1 Jan 2016."
673 Bundle	1, pages 411-436.
<ul><li>674 Bundle</li><li>675 Bundle</li><li>676 Bundle</li></ul>	1, pages 404-410. 1, page 436. 1, page 417, Article 2(a).
678 Bundle	1, page 418, Article 2(b). 1, page 418, Article 2 (c). 2, pages 521-528.

- 177 -

660.	No evidence has been drawn to the attention of the Tribunal or submissions
made in	any way contradicts the statement that the shares were issued on 1 January 2016.
661.	In the result, I am satisfied that there is no evidence that Mr. Danny Choi had
acquired	his interest in LR Capital shares at any time material to a consideration of a conflict
of interes	<mark>st in Mr. Choi.</mark>
Mu Doug	and Chai's halding of I.D. Canital shapes
	ard Choi's holding of LR Capital shares
662.	Although Mr. Bernard Choi subscribed for shares in the Subscription Agreemen
dated 29	December 2015, there is no evidence of when those shares were issued.
663.	In the result, I am satisfied that there is no evidence that Mr. Bernard Choi had
acquired	his interest in LR Capital shares at any time material to a consideration of a conflict
of interes	<mark>st in Mr. Choi.</mark>
Ms. Amy	Wong's holding of LR Capital shares
664.	There is no dispute that, on the incorporation of LR Capital Management
Company	y (Cayman) Ltd in the Cayman Islands on 5 December 2014, Ms. Amy Wong, through
a wholly	-owned company, Enjoy Fun Investments Limited, became its sole shareholder. Also
she was	one of its four directors. The other directors of LR Capital were Mr. Cong Lin, Mr
Marcellu	s Wong Yui Keung and Mr. Fu Yangpeng. The last-named person is Mr. Devor
Fu. 681 Er	njoy Fun Investments Limited was incorporated in the British Virgin Islands on 4
Decembe	er 2014. Ms. Amy Wong was its sole shareholder and sole director. <sup>682</sup>
665.	Similarly, there is no dispute that the shareholding of LR Capital Management
Company	y (Cayman) Limited was accurately described in an organisational chart sent in ar
email wi	thin UBS and copied to Mr. Austin Mok on 27 March 2015. There, a total of sever
sharehold	ders were described. Six of the shareholders held their shares through their respective
wholly-o	wned company. One shareholder held his shareholding directly. Ms. Amy Wong's
sharehold	ding in LR Capital, through Enjoy Fun Investments Limited, was described as 35%
680 Rundle	1, page 349.
681 Bundle	1, page 349. 30, page 10428. 1, page 350.
Dullule	1, pa50 550.

- 178 -

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A	that of Mr. Cong. Lin. through Creek Salact Investments Limited 20.40/, and that of Mr.	A
В	that of Mr. Cong Lin, through Great Select Investments Limited, 20.4%, and that of Mr. Marcellus Wong, through Hope Key Investments Limited, 5.4%. 683	В
C	6 April 2016 - UBS Client Profile and Acceptance Checklist	C
D	666. The UBS Client Profile and Acceptance Checklist of UBS, compiled by Mr. Austin Mok, 6 April 2016, in respect of Mr. Danny Choi Kwok Kei referred to earlier went on	D
E	to provide brief details of the Choi family and the history of LR Capital:	E
F	"Eldest son, Mr. Bernard Chi Sing Choi now works at a private equity firm called DE Shaw as partner.	F
G	Younger son Mr. Calvin Chi kin Calvin (sic) now works as Senior President Assistant, CMI Group, CEO of CMI Group (HK) and Chairman of AMTD Group."	G
Н		Н
I	Of the original shareholding of the company and subsequent developments, it was noted:	I
J	"Note that the original setup of the company, was initially 100% held by Mr. Calvin Choi's brother-in-law (sic) Ms Wong Yuen Ping PID 000277843, and	J
K	subsequently the company added new shareholders as investments of the company grew. Currently Ms Wong Yuen Ping still holds 9% of this management company and another 6% is held by her <i>husband</i> , Mr. Bernard Choi	K
L	Chi Sing (also son of Mr. Choi Kwok Kei the majority shareholder of this management company and older brother of Mr. Calvin Choi)." [Italics added.]	L
M	Ms. Amy Wong Yuen Ping's 9% shareholding in LR Capital was held through	M
N	Avier (HK) Investment Holdings Limited, as described in the Schedule listing the resulting	N
o	shareholding following the Share Subscription, dated 29 December 2015. <sup>684</sup> Avier was a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands on 30 October 2014, of which Ms. Amy	0
P	Wong Yuen Ping was the beneficial owner. <sup>685</sup> Following an application to Mr. Austin Mok, dated 5 December 2014, an account was opened for Avier with UBS. <sup>686</sup>	P
Q	29 December 2014 - UBS Client Profile and Acceptance Checklist	Q
R	669. Of the issue, taken by Mr. Shieh as to the closeness of the relationship between	R
S	Ms. Amy Wong Yuen Ping and Mr. Bernard Choi Chi Sing, it is to be noted that the status of	S
T	683 Bundle 8, pages 2782-2783. 684 Bundle 1, page 436.	T
U	685 Bundle 1, page 284. 686 Bundle 1, pages 240-283.	U

- 179 -

	m with Ms. Amy Wong Yuen Ping and Mr. Bernard Choi Chi Sing on 23 December
2014, as a	result of which accounts were opened with UBS for:
•	Enjoy Fun Investments Limited;
•	LR Capital Management Company (Cayman) Limited; and
•	LR Capital China Growth I Company Limited.
670.	Mr. Austin Mok noted: <sup>687</sup>
	"BO, Ms Wong already has an existing corporate account with us and would
	like to open 3 more SG book corporate accounts.
	Ms Wong is the BO and AS of all these accounts. Ms Wong's fiancé, Mr. Bernard Choi is also the AS of LR Capital Management Company (Cayman)
	Limited." [Italics added.]
671.	I am satisfied that, from its incorporation in the Cayman Islands on 5 December
2014 and	at all material times thereafter, Ms. Amy Wong Yuen Ping had a material interest in
LR Capita	l Management Company (Cayman) Limited. At the outset, through Enjoy Fun, she
owned all	the shares of LR Capital and was one of the four directors. At some date prior to 27
March 20	15, six other shareholders were brought into the company and her shareholding
reduced to	35% of the company's shares. Nevertheless, she remained the largest shareholder.
Then, as	a result of the Share Subscription agreement, dated 29 December 2015, her
<mark>shareholdi</mark>	ng, now held through Avier, was reduced to 9% of the company's shares,
	hoi's relationship with Ms. Amy Wong give rise to an actual or potential conflict of Mr. Choi in acting on behalf of Xinte and/or AMTD and MSPE?
interest in	
	Having regard to Mr. Choi's dealings with LR Capital on behalf of the clients
672.	Having regard to Mr. Choi's dealings with LR Capital on behalf of the clients a particular Xinte in Project Oasis and the selling shareholders, including MSPE, in
672. of UBS, ir	
672. of UBS, ir Project Fro	a particular Xinte in Project Oasis and the selling shareholders, including MSPE, in
672. of UBS, ir Project Fro	a particular Xinte in Project Oasis and the selling shareholders, including MSPE, in ontier, two questions arise. First, did any actual or potential conflict of interest arise
672. of UBS, ir Project Froin Mr. Cho	a particular Xinte in Project Oasis and the selling shareholders, including MSPE, in ontier, two questions arise. First, did any actual or potential conflict of interest arise of? Secondly, did Mr. Choi know of the factual foundation that gave rise to the conflict?

- 180 -

A A provides that where the person has "...a material interest in a transaction with or for a client or В В a relationship which gives rise to an actual or potential conflict of interest in relation to the transaction" the person should not advise or deal in the transaction, "unless it has disclosed that  $\mathbf{C}$ C material interest or conflict of the client and has taken all reasonable steps to ensure fair treatment of the client." As noted earlier, Paragraph 4 and Paragraph 4.1 of the CFA Code of D D Conduct makes broadly similar provisions.  $\mathbf{E}$ Ē 674. Did the fact that Ms. Amy Wong Yuen Ping owned all of or, later, a very F substantial shareholding in LR Capital give rise to a conflict of interest in Mr. Choi? First, what F was Mr. Choi's relationship with Ms. Amy Wong Yuen Ping? She was not a blood relative, nor  $\mathbf{G}$  $\mathbf{G}$ a relative by marriage. A central issue was her relationship with Mr. Bernard Choi, Mr. Choi's brother. Ultimately, it was conceded on Mr. Choi's behalf by his then solicitors that he knew Н Н them to be cohabiting at the material time. Issue was taken on whether he knew them to be fiancées, namely engaged to be married. Mr. Shieh submitted that the closeness of their I relationship was not known to Mr. Choi. J J 675. As noted earlier, Mr. Austin Mok met Ms. Amy Wong Yuen Ping and Mr. K K Bernard Choi on 23 December 2014 in the course of dealing with applications to open bank accounts with UBS for three companies, including LR Capital. In compiling bank records of L L that meeting he noted several times that Mr. Bernard Choi was Ms. Amy Wong's fiancé. No doubt, there was a commercial relevance for UBS to understand their relationship, given that M M Mr. Bernard Choi was also described as an account signatory on the LR Capital account with N UBS. The fact that they met Mr. Austin Mok together to process the various applications speaks N to one aspect of the relationship, whilst the fact that they informed their banker of their status  $\mathbf{o}$  $\mathbf{o}$ as a fiancée of each other speaks to another. P P 676. It is to be remembered that, in an email to Mr. Choi dated 26 September 2014, Mr. Austin Mok described having met Mr. Bernard Choi and Ms. Amy Wong and, having Q Q indicated that he would help them, thanked Mr. Choi "for the referral" adding that, "I met Amy through u before actually". 688 Shortly afterwards, Mr. Mok made arrangements for, Mr. Bernard R R Choi, Ms. Amy Wong and Mr. Choi to attend a medical appointment together for the purpose  $\mathbf{S}$ of obtaining an insurance policy. <sup>689</sup> An indication of the degree of familiarity that Mr. Austin  $\mathbf{S}$ Mok judged to exist between the three of them, is evidenced by his request in his email to Mr. T T

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<sup>688</sup> Bundle 11, page 3862.

689 Bundle 11, pages 3863-3865.

A		A
	Bernard Choi and Ms. Amy Wong, that they pass on the details of the medical appointment to	
В	Mr. Choi.	В
C	LR Capital: a family office set up for the existing 16 shareholders who are all close family, friends and partners	C
D	The description given to Mr. Austin Mok at the meeting of Mr. Choi and other	D
E	shareholders of LR Capital on 12 August 2016, of the relationship of the 16 shareholders is	E
F	highly relevant to the issues under consideration. Through their respective wholly-owned companies Ms. Amy Wong Yuen Ping and Mr. Bernard Choi were two of those 16 shareholders.	F
G	Clearly, the reference to "16 shareholders" was a reference to the number of shareholders stipulated on the list of shareholders after the Share Subscription agreement, dated 29	G
Н	December 2015, became effective. As noted earlier, LR Capital was described as being, "a family office set up for the existing 16 shareholders who are <i>all close family, friends and</i>	Н
I	partners." [Italics added.]	I
J	As far as the "set up" of LR Capital was concerned, Ms. Amy Wong played a	J
K	pivotal part. Initially, through Enjoy Fun, she held 100% of the shares. She was a fellow director of LR Capital, together with Mr. Howard Cong Lin and Mr. Devon Fu. Although her	K
L	shareholding diminished, as noted above, she remained a significant shareholder throughout the material period.	L
M		M
	In my judgement, the relationship Mr. Choi had with Ms. Amy Wong Yuen Ping,	
N	in the context of her relationship with his brother Mr. Bernard Choi, depending on the nature	N
0	and circumstance of the transaction, gave rise in Mr. Choi to an actual or potential conflict of	0
O	interest which, if it could not be avoided, required that it be ensured that UBS's clients be fairly	0
P	treated. I have no hesitation whatsoever in being satisfied that Mr. Choi knew of the factual foundation, including the fact they were fiancées, which gave rise to that actual or potential	P
Q	conflict of interest.	Q
R	Project Frontier	R
S	680. In Project Frontier, AMTD and the selling shareholders were UBS's clients. The prospective transaction was the sale of the selling shareholders' shares. The leading prospective	S
T	buyer LR Capital, was also a client of UBS, through its wealth management accounts with UBS.  Ms. Amy Wong was a significant shareholder of LR Capital. Importantly, Mr. Choi enjoyed the	T
U	, and a significant shareholder of Lite supram. Importantly, till. Short enjoyed the	U

- 182 -

ralational	hip with her described earlier. Clearly, it gave rise to an actual or potential conflict o
	which required disclosure to UBS and AMTD and the selling shareholders
681.	It is to be remembered that, having added the name of LR Capital to the revised
	stential buyers of the selling shareholders shares in AMTD on 8 May 2015, Mr. Cho
_	received multiple emails with various parties, including the selling shareholders, in
	e sought to advance the sale of those shares to LR Capital.
682.	Clearly, Mr. Choi did nothing "to avoid the actual or potential conflict of interes
in relatio	on to the transaction" conducted on behalf of UBS's clients, the selling shareholders
in the sal	e of their shares to LR Capital in Project Frontier. He did not disclose the conflict to
UBS and	the selling shareholders and take all reasonable steps to ensure their fair treatment.
<mark>am satisf</mark>	fied that in those circumstances Mr. Choi acted in breach of General Principle 6 and
<mark>paragrap</mark>	h 10.1 of the SFC Code of Conduct and paragraph 4.1 of the CFA Code of Conduct.
683.	Of course, in doing nothing, Mr. Choi did not comply with UBS's own
guideline	es and policies which required disclosure within UBS, so that the matter could b
escalated	and considered within UBS. In my judgement, those policies and guidelines of UB
are to be	e viewed as an articulation of a body of reasonable steps necessary "to ensure fai
treatmen	t of the client." It is the latter requirement that is important. Clause 4 of UBS'
Employn	nent Policy provided that conflicts of interests were not only limited to famil
relations	hips but also applied to "other personal relationships." Clause 4.1 required notificatio
within U	JBS of any such potential or actual conflict arising from, amongst other things
personal	relationship with a client. 690
684.	I accept Mr. Li's submission that the relevance and importance of th
informat	ion to the sell-side shareholders about the familial connection of Mr. Choi with LI
Capital v	vas illustrated eloquently in the evidence of <mark>Mr. Kingsley Chan<sup>691</sup>. He testified that h</mark>
did not k	know that in December 2014 Ms. Amy Wong Ping Yuen was the sole owner of the
shares of	LR Capital and that in late March 2015, when MSPE had engaged with Mr. Cho
about the	e sale of AMTD shares, she was the owner of 35% of LR Capital's shares. He did no
know tha	at she was the fiancée and cohabitee of Mr. Bernard Choi, Mr. Choi's brother. H
accepted	that, if that information had been known, the reason that it would have been necessary
590 Bundle	33, page 11305.
	ript, pages 253 J-256 S.

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to bring the r	natter to the attention of other shareholders and colleagues was that the information
	Choi had family connections with the "front-running bidder for AMTD." <sup>692</sup> I
was necessar any propose	by to ensure that the other shareholders either accepted the situation or agreed upor d solution. Within MSPE, it was necessary to raise and discuss the matter to hat to do. That process would be documented.
Project Oasi	S
685.	I am satisfied that Ms. Amy Wong's interest in the shares of LR Capital, and its
transaction, §	with Mr. Choi's brother Bernard, depending on the nature and circumstance of the gave rise to a potential or actual conflict of interest in Mr. Choi that he was required UBS and its client, Xinte.
686.	LR Capital Growth I Company Limited was a client of UBS, through the
account it l	neld with UBS's Wealth Management. Moreover, it was the wholly-owned LR Capital, another client of UBS. It was a potential and actual pre-IPO investor
in Xinte, UB	
687.	I am satisfied that Mr. Choi had a duty to avoid that conflict of interest and, if it avoided to ensure that Xinte was treated fairly. In doing so, he was required to
disclose his a	actual or potential conflict of interest to UBS and Xinte. He did not do so.
688.	Mr. Choi was required under the policies and guidelines of UBS to disclose that
practical guid	actual conflict of interest to UBS. He did not do so. Those policies provided a deline to ensuring compliance with the Codes. In consequence, UBS was deprived
	rtunity of escalating and considering the circumstances and determining the course of action to take. 693
689.	He did nothing to try to avoid that conflict of interest to ensure that UBS's clien
was fairly tre	eated. I am satisfied that in those circumstances Mr. Choi acted in breach of General
Principle 6 as	nd paragraph 10.1 of the SFC Code of Conduct and paragraph 4.1 of the CFA Code
of Conduct.	

- 184 -

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A		A
В	Ms. Christine Kwok	В
D	There is no dispute that in November 2015, Ms. Christine Kwok was appointed	Б
C	to the Chief Operating Officer of AMTD. The sale of the selling shareholders shares in AMTD	C
	to LR Capital had been completed in October 2015. It is those circumstances that gives rise to	
D	the question of any potential or actual conflict in Mr. Choi in respect of the selling shareholders.	D
E	Of the relationship between Mr. Choi and Ms. Christine Kwok it appears that,	E
	having been married in 2001, they had separated and a divorce petition had been filed in 2012.	
F	There was no further evidence as to a divorce. Emails drawn to the attention of the Tribunal	F
G	evidenced a cooperative, cordial personal relationship between them and then, in November	G
	2015, occasional contact in a business context arising out of the fact of the appointment of Ms.	
Н	Christine Kwok as COO of AMTD.	Н
I	692. In my judgement, there is force in Mr. Shieh's submission that Mr. Li has not	I
	identified or given any explanation as to how Ms. Christine Kwok's position in AMTD	
J	interfered with Mr. Choi's discharge of his duties. More particularly, the Commission has not	J
K	articulated how it gave rise to a potential or actual conflict in Mr. Choi.	K
	Madam Mei Ching Chan	
L	693. There is no dispute that the LRC. Belt and Road was a cornerstone investor in	L
M	the Xinte IPO. The Prospectus stated that, following completion of the IPO, LRC. Belt and	M
	Road would hold 8.79% of the shares of Xinte, and that Strategic Global Investment	
N	Corporation Ltd held 99% of the equity interest in LRC. Belt and Road. Chan Mei Ching and	N
0	Chan Min Chi respectively held 47% and 51% of the shares of Strategic Global Investment	0
O	Corporation Limited. Furthermore, there is no dispute that Madam Chan Mei Ching is Mr.	U
P	Choi's mother. Finally, LR Capital Growth I was a pre-IPO investor in Xinte and prior to the	P
	IPO held 8.33% of the shares of Xinte.	
Q		Q
R	In contrast to LR Capital and LR Capital Growth I Co., LRC. Belt and Road was	R
	not a client of UBS, nor did UBS play any role in LRC. Belt and Road's cornerstone investment	
S	in Xinte.	S
Т	695. The question that arises is whether those facts gave rise to an actual or potential	Т
1	conflict of interest in Mr. Choi.	1
U		U

- 185 -

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696.	Clearly, if he did not know already, Mr. Choi's attention was drawn to the fac
that his moth	ner, Madam Chan Mei Ching was involved in making an investment in Xinte by
the email ser	nt to him by Mr. Devon Fu at 3:55 pm on 14 December 2015. It was in the form of
a draft reply	in response to an enquiry made of AMTD by the SEHK about the relationship
between LR(	<mark>C. Belt and Road and LR Capital Growth I Company Ltd.</mark> Earlier that day, reference
was made to	the enquiry in an email sent by ATMD to multiple parties, including Mr. Choi, a
10:22 am on	14 January 2015.
697.	The draft reply asserted that LRC. Belt and Road Investment Limited, " is
completely	unrelated to LR Capital China Growth I Company Limitedor it's 100%
controlling s	hareholder LR Capital Management Company (Cayman) Ltd in terms of both
ownership st	cructure or management composition."
698.	The draft reply went on to note that LRC. Belt and Road was owned by Strategic
Global Inve	stment Corporation Limited, which company was owned by 3 high net worth
individuals,	including Madam Chan Mei Ching. That statement was repeated in the draft reply
699.	As Mr. Shieh noted in his submissions, it is not known if the draft reply was sen
to the SEHK	L. It is to be noted that in an email to Ms. Christine Kwok, sent at 7:30 pm on 14
December 20	015, Ms. Tang of Simpson Thatcher & Bartlett LLP, acting on behalf of the join
sponsors, re	quested confirmation in respect of AMTD, LRC. Belt and Road as to their
independenc	e and that they were not connected or acting in concert with each other, and that
LRC. Belt at	nd Road was not connected or acting in concert with LR Capital China Growth
Company (C	Sayman) Limited. 694
700	
700.	In an email in reply, sent at 7:51 pm on 14 December 2014, in which Mr. Cho
was copied,	Ms. Christine Kwok gave that undertaking on the part of AMTD.
701.	The publication of the Prospectus lay ahead. It was published on 17 December
•	O closed on 22 December 2015 and Xinte was listed on the SEHK on 30 December
2015. <sup>695</sup>	
<sup>694</sup> Bundle 31,	 page 10789

- 186 -

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702.	Mr. Shieh's submission that the securing of LRC. Belt and Road, by GF
	, as a cornerstone investor was in the interests of Xinte has not been challenged by
Mr. Li.	
703.	The fact that Mr. Choi's mother was a significant shareholder of a company
which ow	ned 99% of the shares of LRC. Belt and Road, which was a significant cornerstone
investor in	the Xinte IPO was a matter relevant to Mr. Choi's duties. That arose from their close
familial re	elationship. GF Capital, not UBS, acted on behalf of LRC. Belt and Road in making
that invest	tment in Xinte. Together with GF Capital (Hong Kong) Limited, UBS were the Joint
Sponsors	of Xinte's IPO. But, only UBS satisfied the independence criteria applicable to
sponsors i	in the Listing Rules. 696
704.	There is no dispute that Mr. Choi did not inform either UBS or UBS's client,
	the information that I am satisfied that he now had, namely that, indirectly, his mother,
	fei Ching Chan, was an investor in Xinte's IPO.
Triudaili ivi	
705.	I am satisfied that those circumstances gave rise to a potential conflict of interest
in relation	to the transaction, namely Xinte's IPO, in Mr. Choi. Pursuant to paragraph 10.1 of
the SFC C	Code of Conduct, he was required to disclose the circumstances to UBS and its client,
Xinte and	to take all reasonable steps to ensure fair treatment of Xinte. He failed to do so.
706.	In consequence, not having received disclosure from Mr. Choi, UBS could not
	and consider the matter within UBS and determine what, if any, action was required.
	t, it would have been necessary to disclose the information to Xinte and for
	tion to be given to whether it was necessary to make relevant disclosure in the
Prospectu	-
- 105pootu	<del>-</del> -
Part 11 ·	- Disciplinary action
707.	There is no dispute that the primary purpose of the sanctions available to the
Tribunal i	s to protect the integrity of the market. The purpose of a prohibition or banning order
is, as Tang	g ACJHC, as Tang NPJ was then, accepted in his judgment in Tsien Pak Cheong David
v Securitie	es and Futures Commission, "not to impose a penalty or punishment on the person
concerned	l, but to be preventative in that it removes a perceived threat to the public interest and
606 -	202

- 187 -

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<sup>696</sup> Prospectus, page 303.

to public con	fidence in the securities and futures industry by removing that person from
participation	therein." 697 He went on to add that the, "function of the SFC includes the
protection of i	investors, the maintenance of the integrity of financial services in Hong Kong, as
well as the rep	putation of persons who were involved in the financial industries."
708.	In the Reasons for Determination of this Tribunal in Sun Xiao v Securities and
Futures Comn	nission the Chairman, Hartmann NPJ, said: <sup>698</sup>
	"while what is fair and appropriate in each individual case must always be the
	touchstone as to the imposition of sanctions for regulatory misconduct, in determining appropriate sanctions for such misconduct, a fundamental principle
	to be taken into account is the need to uphold the reputation of the finance and
	securities industry."
709.	Obviously, as in all cases, it is necessary to take into account the circumstance
	conduct was committed and the factors of mitigation.
The Applicant	t's submissions
710.	In his submissions, quoting from the determination of this Tribunal, of which
Stone J was	Chairman, in Wong Ting Choi, Joe v Securities and Futures Commission. 69
Mr. Shieh enu	imerated factors to which he invited the Tribunal to have regard:
1.	the impact of the conduct in question upon market integrity;
2.	the degree of losses caused to clients;
3.	the duration and frequency of the conduct;
4.	whether such conduct was widespread within the industry;
5.	whether there has been a breach of fiduciary duty;
6.	the manner of reporting the conduct by the applicant, the degree of
	cooperation with the SFC;
7.	the applicant's previous disciplinary record;
8.	experience and position; and
	SFC's disciplinary action in similar cases
9.	1 2

- 188 -

A			A
В	711. entitled "Dis	In enumerating those factors, Stone J said that he had regard to a SFC pamphlet ciplinary Proceedings at a Glance", published in 2004. Similar pamphlets were	В
C	1	the SFC in 2005, 2011 and 2017. The factors enumerated by Stone J and other set out under the heading, "Criteria for determining whether to take disciplinary	C
D		he level of sanctions." As Stone J noted, the list was described as being non-	D
E	710		E
F	712. iterations of	Absent from the list enumerated by Stone J, but present in all the various the pamphlet, was the factor of the nature of the conduct (e.g., whether it is	F
G	intentional, supervisors).	reckless or negligent; whether prior advice was sought from advisors or	G
Н	Mitigating fa	actors	Н
I	713.	In his submissions, Mr. Shieh invited the Tribunal to accept the following as	I
J	factors of mi	tigation:	J
K	(i)	there was no allegation of dishonesty against Mr. Choi, at most it could be said	V
K		that he was negligent but only as to the possibility that his conduct would give rise to any actual or potential conflict of interest;	K
L	(ii)	there was no financial loss to UBS or its clients;	L
M	(iii)	there was no financial gain to Mr. Choi;	M
N	(iv)	at most Mr. Choi had committed a technical breach, and that he had negligently	N
0		failed to identify that his conduct gave rise to a potential conflict of interest;	0
P	(v)	the conflict of interest occurred over a relatively short period of time of less than one year in both projects;	P
	(vi)	any contended potential harm to UBS was theoretical, given that the SFC did	Г
Q	` /	not consider that UBS's conduct warranted disciplinary action;	Q
R	(vii)	the contention that Mr. Choi had not cooperated with the SFC's investigations	R
S		was wrong, he had endeavoured to answer the SFC's questions in writing on the day after his interview with the SFC; also, he had volunteered to undertake to	S
T		the SFC not to apply for the grant of a licence, registration or other approval or	T
U		consent for a period of up to 3 years;	U
			_

- 189 -

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A			A
В	(viii)	he had no intention of applying for such regulatory approval in or outside Hong Kong;	В
C	(ix)	there was no victim of Mr. Choi's conduct; UBS was not a victim of that conduct, given that it had allowed Mr. Choi to be unknowingly in a position of conflict;	C
D		further it had allowed him to work in the pre-IPO work for Xinte without there	D
E		being an engagement letter and to have completed his work in Project Frontier before an engagement letter was signed between the parties	E
F	(x)	the impact of Mr. Choi's conduct on market integrity and the public interest was minimal;	F
G	(xi)	there was no evidence that the conduct was widespread in the industry;	G
Н	(xii)	after the events Mr. Choi had developed his career, his business and the	Н
I		securities and futures industry generally. Of his other contributions, Mr. Choi:  (1) had committed substantial time and effort to the development of Hong	I
J		Kong's capital markets in particular financial technology; (2) had cultivated talent and groomed future leaders in Hong Kong; (3) had supported charities;	J
K		and (4) was the recipient of awards and honorary titles in recognition of those contributions;	K
L	(xiii)	Mr. Choi had a clean disciplinary record;	L
M	(xiv)	there had been delay of 5 ½ years in bringing the proceedings against Mr. Choi	M
N		after he had been first informed of the allegations, in consequence of which he is suffered substantial anxiety and stress;	N
0	(xv)	publicity generated by these proceedings had blighted Mr. Choi's personal and	O
P		professional reputation. That was to be regarded as a form of sanction which he had already suffered.	P
Q			Q
R	714.	In the result, Mr. Shieh submitted that a prohibition of 24 months was manifestly disproportionate. Having regard to the various Statements of Disciplinary Action	R
		and the Determinations of the Tribunal itself, to which he drew the Tribunal's	
S	attention, he	submitted that, in circumstances where no dishonesty was alleged, the appropriate	S
T	period of prol	hibition at most ought to be in the region of 9 to 12 months.	T
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- 190 -

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	A
The Commission's submissions	
715. In inviting the Tribunal to uphold the sanctions imposed by the Commission, Mr.	В
Li submitted that Mr. Choi's misconduct had been committed over a substantial period of time, during which he occupied a senior position within UBS as a managing director and whilst he	C
fulfilled the role of Project Sponsor and team leader in both projects. His involvement was	D
extensive. The projects were substantial: the pre-IPO investment of LR Capital Growth I Company Limited in Xinte involved HK\$500 million; and the sale of the selling shareholder's	E
shares in AMTD involved HK\$1.14 billion.	F
716. Mr. Li accepted that there was no evidence of any direct personal gain on Mr. Choi's part. On the other hand, he suggested that the "surrounding circumstances" gave rise to	G
"grave suspicions as to Choi's motives for behaving as he did". Of those circumstances, he referred to: the ownership of shares of LR Capital of Ms. Amy Wong and Mr. Danny Choi; Mr.	Н
Choi's relationship with Mr. Devon Fu; and that ultimately Mr. Choi became the chairman of	I
AMTD.	J
717. Mr. Choi's conduct occasioned serious potential harm to UBS and put it at regulatory and reputational risk. Although the Commission had not taken disciplinary action	K
against UBS, that did not mean that UBS was not put at regulatory risk. UBS had been the subject of a lengthy investigation by the SFC, in which it was required to respond to numerous	L
Notices of the Commission and, no doubt, required to expend substantial time and resources.	M
718. Mr. Li took issue with the submission that there had been unjustified delay in	N
commencing the disciplinary proceedings against Mr. Choi. Having been informed of the matter by UBS's letter, dated 17 April 2017 <sup>700</sup> , the Commission had initiated investigations,	0
issued multiple Notices and had sought to interview Mr. Choi on 8 December 2017. The Commission had been presented with the Davis Polk Report on 3 August 2018. Given the	P
volume of documentary material, in particular emails, it was not surprising that it took a considerable time before proceedings were initiated against Mr. Choi, by the issue of the NPDA	Q
on 16 December 2020.	R
719. Issue was taken that Mr. Choi had been cooperative with the SFC. Mr. Choi had	S
refused to cooperate throughout.	T
700 Bundle 1, page 204.	U
Duticite 1, page 207.	

- 191 -

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В	720. Further, although it was accepted that no allegation was made expressly of dishonesty, Mr. Choi's conduct was no technical breach. Rather, his assistance to LR Capital,	В
C	in particular the forwarding of confidential information to Mr. Devon Fu, and his non-disclosure of his interest to UBS were deliberate decisions. Acting to favour one party over another was	C
D	an obvious risk of prejudice.	D
E	721. Issue was taken with the submission that UBS bore responsibility for allowing Mr. Choi unknowingly to be put into a position of conflict. That was a startling submission.	E
F	Given Mr. Choi's failure to disclose his actual or potential conflicts of interest to UBS, it was	F
G	not possible for UBS to consider the matter or put in place any measures to avoid and mitigate the conflict.	G
Н	722. Of the numerous decisions of the Commission and Determinations of this	Н
I	Tribunal to which reference was made, Mr. Li reminded the Tribunal that all such cases were determined on their own facts. Further, that all the cases relied on by Mr. Shieh involved	I
J	undisclosed personal securities trading by licensed individuals on public security markets. Such	J
K	conduct was more readily detected compared to the conduct of Mr. Choi in a consideration of the submissions.	K
L	A consideration of the submissions	L
M	723. There is no dispute that Mr. Choi has, as it was described, "a clean disciplinary record". Similarly, it is accepted that no financial loss was caused to UBS or its clients and that	M
N	there was no financial gain to Mr. Choi.	N
o	724. Mr. Li did not take issue with Mr. Shieh's submission that the impact of Mr.	o
P	Choi's conduct upon market integrity or the public interest was minimal nor that there was no evidence that the misconduct of which he was culpable was widespread in the industry.	P
Q	Similarly, no issue was taken with the submissions in respect of Mr. Choi's conduct subsequent to the events the subject of these proceedings.	Q
R	to the events the subject of these proceedings.	R
S	The fact that Mr. Choi was culpable of the misconduct, which the Tribunal has	S
~	found proved, whilst occupying a senior position in UBS is a factor of aggravation of his culpability. His seniority and the reputation it carried ought to have acted as a barrier to the	
Т	temptation to act in the duplicitous manner in which he did, in particular passing on obviously	T
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- 192 -

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confidential information to Mr. Devon Fu and, in Project Frontier, also actively assisting LR Capital in advancing its interests contrary to those of UBS's client, the selling shareholders.

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726. Although Mr. Choi was involved in the pre-IPO investment in Xinte from August 2014 to April 2015, it is clear that the nub of his misconduct occurred in a shorter period of a few weeks from mid-February to mid-March 2015. Similarly, although Mr. Choi was involved in respect of the sale of the selling shareholders' shares in AMTD from March 2015 until September/October 2015, it is clear that the nub of his misconduct again occurred in a shorter period of several weeks in May and June 2015. Nevertheless, taken together, the

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misconduct encompassed multiple, separate and distinct acts.

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727. I do not accept that in acting in a conflict of interest on the occasions he has been found to have so acted, that he did so in a 'technical breach' only. As noted earlier, I am aware that Mr. Li acknowledged that the Commission has not alleged dishonesty against Mr. Choi. However, it is clear, as Mr. Li has submitted, that on numerous occasions acting in a conflict of interest he deliberately determined to pass on confidential information against the interests of the clients of UBS. That was not negligence. He intended to do that. Similarly, he repeatedly assisted LR Capital in drafting documents the object of which was to secure advantage for them in negotiations with the selling shareholders. In doing so, he acted in a conflict of interest. Again, that was deliberate. It was intentional. There is no evidence that Mr. Choi sought prior advice from "advisors or supervisors", of whom there were many within

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UBS.

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728. I am satisfied that there was a risk of potential harm to UBS in consequence of Mr. Choi's conduct. One level of that risk was the institution of disciplinary proceedings against UBS by the Commission. That did not happen. However, another level of risk was that an intensive investigation was launched into UBS to determine whether it bore any culpability. That did happen. In a Notice, dated 20 July 2017, the Commission informed UBS that it was "a person under investigation" and that, in consequence, it must provide the Commission with "records or documents and written answers". UBS was informed that there was "reason to inquire" whether it and/or any persons connected with it "...is or was guilty of misconduct and/or is not fit and proper person" for the purposes of section 194 of the Ordinance. 701 There followed numerous other such Notices. As Mr. Li submitted, it is readily apparent that, as a

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U <sup>701</sup> Bundle 2, pages 529-539.

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time and	resources.
729.	I do not accept that Mr. Choi cooperated with the Commission's investigation
At the in	nterview conducted of him by the SFC on 7 December 2017 he refused to answer
question	s. He was obliged to answer. The information supplied in the letter by his then solicitor
on 8 Dec	ember 2017 addressed only some of the matters that had been raised with him in the
oral inte	rview the previous day. More to the point, in refusing to answer questions at the ora
interviev	whe had succeeded in avoiding the rigours of an oral interrogation.
730.	I am satisfied that there was no unjustified delay by the Commission i
commen	cing proceedings against Mr. Choi by service on him of the NPDA on 16 December
2020. Fo	ollowing the report of the matter by UBS to the Commission on 11 April 2017, it is
clear tha	t the Commission actively pursued obtaining relevant information from multipl
sources.	That much is readily apparent from the 34 lever-arch files of documents served on th
Tribunal	by the Commission as the Hearing Bundle. It comprises over 11,800 pages. The
electroni	c version of the Respondent's Bundles of Evidence, filed in May 2022, also include
attachme	ents to emails, which were not made part of the Hearing Bundle, and were not include
in the ha	rd copy of the Respondent's Bundles of evidence filed in May 2022. The Commissio
said that	was done "to save paper". It comprises 28,806 pages of documents. Clearly, obtaining
the docu	mentation and then arranging it in a form that was intelligible was a formidable tas
for the C	Commission. It is to be noted that in the written Representations made by Mr. Choi'
then soli	citors on his behalf to the Commission, dated 16 April 2021, reference was made t
the "she	er volume of documents available": 33,000 documents in Project Oasis; and 23,00
documer	nts in Project Frontier. <sup>702</sup>
731.	No doubt, Mr. Choi has suffered an element of anxiety and stress, as a result of
the proce	eedings hanging over his head for many years after he was informed of the allegations
Howeve	r, that is an inevitable consequence of the complications of such litigation. In addition
there is	force in Mr. Li submission, in effect, that not having engaged or cooperated with th
Commis	sion it ill behoves Mr. Choi to pray that in aid of his mitigation. There is no evidence
hefore th	ne Tribunal of publicity adverse to Mr. Choi generated by the investigations into hi

- 194 -

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>702</sup> Core Bundle, page 72, at paragraph 21.

A A conduct. In any event, if there was such publicity, and it contributed to his stress and anxiety, В В that is simply a consequence of investigations and litigation in a free society and open justice.  $\mathbf{C}$  $\mathbf{C}$ 732. For the reasons I gave earlier, in addressing the submissions that it was irrational of the Commission to issue an order of prohibition against Mr. Choi, I do not accept that D D submission that the voluntary undertaking articulated on behalf of Mr. Choi in his then solicitor's letter, dated 16 April 2021, "...not to apply for a new licence, registration or other E E approval or consent for a period of up to 3 years" would have achieved the same practical effect, F F albeit for a longer period, as the prohibition imposed by the Commission. I accepted as correct, the response of the Commission in its Decision Notice to that suggestion: a formal disciplinary  $\mathbf{G}$  $\mathbf{G}$ sanction serves to deter non-compliance with regulatory requirements. H H It is to be noted that in addressing the issue of the level of sanctions to be 733. imposed following disciplinary action in the pamphlet, Disciplinary Proceedings at a Glance, I reference was made to other relevant factors including, "SFC's action in previous similar cases (note: usually similar cases would be treated consistently...)" Of course, that is a simple J J articulation of a fundamental principle applicable to many activities and certainly applicable to K K these proceedings. However, it is trite that all cases occur in their individual circumstances. Whilst there are similarities with other cases, there are always dissimilarities. L  $\mathbf{L}$ 734. With respect to counsel, in considering the appropriate orders to make by way M M of disciplinary action, I have not been assisted by being referred to the multiple Statements of Disciplinary Action promulgated by the Commission nor to several Determinations of this N  $\mathbf{N}$ Tribunal. Many of those decisions involved trading in undisclosed securities accounts by  $\mathbf{o}$  $\mathbf{o}$ employees of securities firm. Profits were made. Trading was concealed. Sometimes false statements and representations were made by the miscreant employee in aid of the concealment. P P Sometimes the conduct was determined to be dishonest, or on other occasions deliberate and dishonest. Different lengths of prohibitions from re-entering the industry were ordered. Q Q 735. The factual circumstances of those cases are wholly different from those R R obtaining in the case of Mr. Choi.  $\mathbf{S}$ S

- 195 -

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Conclusion	
736.	In all the circumstances, I am satisfied that the Commission's determination that
-	prohibition for 2 years from the activities articulated in its Decision Notice is
entirely app	ropriate.
Part 12 - 0	Orders
737.	For the reasons set out above, I reject the submissions made on behalf of Mi
Choi that th	e following acts of the Commission were <i>ultra vires</i> its statutory powers, namely
that:	
(i)	the Investigation commenced by the Commission, pursuant to section 194(1)(a and (b) of the Ordinance;
(ii)	the Notice, dated 17 October 2017, issued pursuant to section 183(1) of the Ordinance, requiring Mr. Choi to attend an interview;
(iii)	the NPDA, issued pursuant to sections 194 and 196 of the Ordinance, dated 16 December 2020; and
(iv)	the Decision Notice, issued pursuant to sections 194 and 196 of the Ordinance dated 14 January 2022.
738. Mr. Choi.	In those circumstances, I decline to grant the related relief sought on behalf o
739.	Having conducted a review <i>de novo</i> I have made various determinations, set ou
in detail ear	lier, in respect of Mr. Choi's conduct in both Project Oasis and Project Frontier. In
summary, I	found that Mr. Choi conducted himself on different occasions in breach of some o
all of Genera	al Principle 6 and paragraph 10.1 of the SFC Code of Conduct and paragraph 4 and
4.1 of the C	FA Code of Conduct.
Sanctions	
740.	In light of the determinations made earlier, and having had regard to the
	of the parties, I re-affirm the order that the Commission made in the Decision
Notice by w	ay of sanctions, pursuant to sections 194 and 196 of the Ordinance, namely that Mr

- 196 -

_	nibited for two years from doing all or any of the following in relation to any
regulated act	ivities:
(a)	applying to be licensed or registered;
(b)	applying to be approved under section 126(1) of the Ordinance, as a responsible officer of a licensed corporation;
(c)	applying to be given consent to act as an executive officer of a registered institution under section 71C of the Banking Ordinance; and
(d)	seeking through a registered institution to have his name entered in the register
	maintained by the Monetary Authority under section 20 of the Banking Ordinance as that of a person engaged by the registered institution in respect of
	a regulated activity.
Costs	
741.	There is no reason why costs should not follow the event. Pursuant to section
223(1)(b) of	the Ordinance, I order that Mr. Choi is to pay the costs of the Commission, with a
certificate for	r three counsel, to be taxed if not agreed. 703
Notice to reg	rister the orders in the Court of First Instance
742.	Pursuant to section 226 of the Ordinance, I direct that notice be given to the
Court of Firs	et Instance to register the Tribunal's orders.
<sup>703</sup> Transcript,	page 490 N-Q; page 475 Q-S. In addressing the issue of costs, Mr. Shieh informed the Tribunal Commission was successful in the proceedings, he would not oppose the application by Mr. Li for

- 197 -

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D		D
E	Muchael College Tristing	E
F	Mr. Michael Lunn, GBS	F
G	(Chairman)	G
Н		Н
I	Mr. Paul Shieh, SC and Mr. José Maurellet, SC, leading Mr. James Man, Mr. Keith Chan and Mr. Cedric Yeung, instructed by Jingtian & Gongcheng LLP, for the Applicant	I
J	Mr. Laurence Li, SC, leading Mr. John Leung and Mr. Jonathan Fung, instructed by the SFC, for the Respondent	J
K	for the Respondent	K
L		L
M		M
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0		0
P		P
Q		Q
R		R
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## IN THE SECURITIES AND FUTURES APPEALS TRIBUNAL

IN THE SECO		—
	Securities and Futures (	F a Decision made by the Commission under sections e Securities and Futures
	AND IN THE MATTI Securities and Futures C	ER OF section 217 of the Ordinance, Cap. 571
BETWEEN		
	CHOI CHI KIN, CALVIN	Applicant
	and	
SECURI	TIES AND FUTURES COMMISSION	N Respondent
Tribunal: Mr. Micha	el Lunn, GBS, Chairman	
Date of realing. 27 5	eptemoer 2023	
	RULING	
	and TIES AND FUTURES COMMISSION el Lunn, GBS, Chairman eptember 2023	••

1. In a letter to the Tribunal, dated 25 April 2023, Mr. Choi's solicitors, Jingtian & Gongcheng, invited the Tribunal to place no weight on a Confidentiality Agreement between Xinte Energy Co., Ltd ("Xinte"), UBS AG ("UBS") and GF Capital (Hong Kong) ("GF Capital") dated 24 August 2014, which had been provided to the Tribunal by Xinte in a letter dated 14 April 2023. Complaint was made that Mr. Choi's

A	legal advisers did not have the opportunity to review the Confidentiality Agreement before	A	
В	it was produced by Xinte.	В	
C	2. It was contended that the Confidentiality Agreement "forms no part of	C	
D	the SFC's case, whether in the Notice of Proposed Disciplinary Action, or the Decision Notice, or indeed in the SFC's submissions." It was stated that if the Tribunal was inclined	D	
E	"to place any weight, reference or reliance" on the Confidentiality Agreement, it was requested that Mr. Choi be afforded "a reasonable opportunity to address the Tribunal	Е	
F	on any suggested line of relevance or reliance, including by making written and/or oral submissions and/or submitting further evidence to the Tribunal in respect of the	F	
G		G	
Н	Background	Н	
I	3. The Confidentiality Agreement had been provided by Xinte in its letter,	I	
J	dated 14 April 2023, in response to the Notice of the Tribunal, dated 6 April 2023, pursuant to section 219(1)(b) of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Cap. 571.	J	
K		K	
	4. Following the conclusion of the oral hearings on 16 December 2022, it		
L	became apparent to the Tribunal that the Confidentiality Agreement, dated 24 August 2014,	L	
M	to which reference was made specifically in the Engagement Letter, dated 19 March 2015, between Xinte Energy, UBS and GF Capital, which was included in the Hearing Bundles,	M	
N	was not included. By a letter to the parties, dated 2 March 2023, the Tribunal invited the parties to indicate where, in the material served on the Tribunal, the document could be	N	
0		o	
P	5. Throughout, the Tribunal provided copies to the Commission and Jingtian	P	
Q	& Gongcheng, of all the correspondence, service of Notices and the replies of the recipients the Tribunal received.		
R	6. By a letter to the Tribunal, dated 3 March 2023, the Commission indicated	R	
S	that the Confidentiality Agreement was not in the material provided to the Tribunal nor in the possession of the Commission. The Commission offered to approach UBS to obtain a	S	
T	copy of the document. By a letter to the Tribunal, dated 3 March 2023, Jingtian &	T	
U	Gongcheng, informed the Tribunal that the document was not in the Applicant's posession	U	

- 2 -

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A	and acknowledged having received the letters sent between the Commission and the	A
В	Tribunal that day.	В
C	Notices pursuant to section 219 (b) of the Ordinance	C
D	(i) UBS	D
E	7. In a letter to the Commission, dated 3 March 2023, the Tribunal thanked the	E
F	Commission for its offer of assistance and asked that a Notice to UBS to produce the document, pursuant to section 219 (b) of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the	F
G	"Ordinance"), be drafted for the Chairman's signature. The Tribunal issued a Notice signed by the Chairman, dated 7 March 2023 directed to UBS to produce the document and	G
Н	invited the Commission to serve the Notice on UBS. In a letter to the Tribunal, dated 31	Н
I	March 2023, UBS AG informed the Tribunal that it was unable to locate a copy of the document.	I
J	(ii) GF Capital and Xinte	J
K	8. In a letter to the Commission, dated 4 April 2023, the Tribunal asked for the	K
L	assistance of the Commission to draft Notices to produce the document directed at each of GF Capital (Hong Kong) Limited and Xinte Energy Co., Ltd. The Tribunal issued Notices	L
M	to each of those parties signed by the Chairman, dated 6 April 2023, directing each of them to produce the document and invited the Commission to serve the Notice on them.	M
N	to produce the document and invited the Commission to serve the rvotice on them.	N
0	9. In a letter to the Tribunal, dated 14 April 2023, Xinte produced to the Tribunal a copy of the Confidentiality Agreement, dated 24 August 2014, pointing out that	o
P	it had been entered into by Xinte's controlling shareholder, TEBA Co., Ltd. The agreement was in Chinese characters. By an email, dated 19 April 2023, GF Capital (Hong Kong)	P
Q	Limited informed the Tribunal that they were unable to locate a copy of the Confidentiality  Agreement.	Q
R		R
S	10. In a letter, dated 18 April 2023 the Tribunal provided the parties with a copy of the Confidentiality Agreement and invited the Commission to provide an English	S
T	translation of the document.	Т
II		II

- 3 -

A	11.	In a letter from the Commission, dated 26 April 2023, an English translation	A
В		entiality Agreement was provided to the Tribunal.	В
C	Directions		C
D	12.	In response to the request made in the letter of Jingtian & Gongcheng, dated	D
E	•	s, that Mr. Choi be afforded a reasonable opportunity to address the Tribunal, and 27 April 2023, the Tribunal replied:	E
F			F
G		"Subject to any submissions to the contrary by the respondent, the Chairman is minded to accede to that request and invites you to consult the respondent to arrive at an estimate of the likely time required for an oral hearing and to provide that estimate to the Tribunal, together with any suggested timetable	G
Н		for the provision of written submissions and further evidence."	Н
I	13.	By a letter to the Tribunal, dated 28 April 2023, the Commission set out its	I
J	position:		J
K		"We have no objection to the Request in that the Applicant be given a reasonable opportunity to address the Tribunal regarding any suggested line of relevance or reliance. If the Applicant applies to adduce further evidence,	K
L		the Respondent will address any such application when made."	L
M	14.	No response having been received by the Tribunal to its letter to Jingtian &	M
N	Gongcheng, o	dated 25 April 2023, by a letter, dated 9 June 2023, the Tribunal issued	N
	Directions to	the Applicant, namely that:	
0			0
P		" if the applicant wishes to make any further submissions to the Tribunal on that issue the applicant is to file such submissions with the Tribunal on or before 5 pm on 15 June 2023."	P
Q			Q
R	The Applican	t's submissions	R
S	Relevance		S
T	15. submitted that	In written Supplemental Submissions, dated 15 June 2023, Mr. Shieh the Confidentiality Agreement "is wholly irrelevant to the determination	Т
U	of this Applic	cation, because it forms no part of the SFC's charges against Mr. Choi, and	U

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A A the SFC does not and cannot now rely on it in an opposition to the Application." Mr. Shieh pointed out that the Confidentiality Agreement was not in the evidence adduced by the В В Commission in the review and formed no part of the Commission's case in the NPDA, C  $\mathbf{C}$ Decision Notice or submissions made by the Commission to the Tribunal. D D Jurisdiction E E In addition to that primary submission, Mr. Shieh submitted that the 16. Tribunal did not have jurisdiction to rely on the Confidentiality Agreement. To do so, F F would be to "commence a new general enquiry." The Tribunal did not have the power, "...to broaden the matters into which it is obliged to enquire". That was impermissible.  $\mathbf{G}$  $\mathbf{G}$ Н Prejudice Н 17. Mr. Shieh submitted that reliance on the Confidentiality Agreement at this I I stage would cause prejudice to Mr. Choi. He was entitled to have been informed of the J J charges and the allegations against him in good time, so that he could take advice and consider what evidence to call. K K 18. Notwithstanding the fact that no application had been made to the Tribunal L L for leave to file any evidence, attached to the Supplemental Submissions was a witness statement of Madam Guo Junxiang, dated 13 June 2023. For his part, Mr. Shieh informed M M the Tribunal that, if the Tribunal was "inclined to place any weight, reference or reliance" N on the Confidentiality Agreement, Mr. Choi "...seeks leave to file and to rely on the N attached witness statement of Guo Junxiang in respect of the Confidentiality Agreement". 0  $\mathbf{o}$ The Commission's submissions P P 19. In written Supplemental Submissions, dated 26 June 2023, Mr. Li opposed Q Q the application to adduce the witness statement of Madam Guo "...in the strongest terms". He described it as being, "...nothing but a thinly disguised, belated and desperate ploy to R R reopen wholesale his case on Project Oasis."  $\mathbf{S}$ S T T Moody's Investors Service Hong Kong Limited v Securities and Futures Commission - SFAT 4/2014 U U (31 March 2016) at paragraphs 121 and 154.

- 5 -

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A	20.	Of the Commission's position on the Confidentiality Agreement, Mr. Li	A	
В		said that it was straightforward:		
C		"The SFC has not previously relied on it, does not need to rely on it, and also does not propose to rely on it either."	C	
D			D	
E	21. Commissio	Perhaps, fearful that there might be a doubt as to the position taken by the on, described as straightforward and articulated above, throughout the written	E	
F	Supplemen	ntal Submissions Mr. Li felt it necessary to re-assert the position taken by the	F	
G		Commission as to the Confidentiality Agreement, namely that: (i) it does not rely on it; <sup>2</sup> (ii) it does not need to rely on it <sup>3</sup> ; (iii) it does not propose to rely on it. <sup>4</sup>		
Н	22.	Separately, Mr. Li said of the Confidentiality Agreement that the	Н	
I		Commission, "does not invite the Tribunal to rely on it either." He went on to submit, "the Tribunal does not need to rely on the Confidentiality Agreement to find against		
J	Choi."		J	
K	Releva	nce	K	
L	23.	Of the relevance of the Confidentiality Agreement, Mr. Li said that the on, "does not accept Choi's submissions that the Confidentiality Agreement	L	
M		er "irrelevant" to the matters which the Tribunal has to decide." Given that it had	M	
N		been, " expressly incorporated into the Engagement Letter between UBS and Xinte, the confidentiality obligations it imposed on UBS would be pertinent to the relationship		
0	between U	BS and Xinte."	0	
P	Jurisdi	ction	P	
Q	24. regard to	Mr. Li invited the Tribunal to reject Mr. Shieh's submission that having the Confidentiality Agreement was outwith the Tribunal's remit to consider	Q	
R	evidence th	hat was not referred to in the NPDA and Decision Notice. That was too narrow	R	
	approach.	In an hearing de novo the Tribunal had power to receive fresh evidence. The		
S	Tribunal v	would not be embarking on a "new general enquiry", if it was to consider the	S	
T	The Com	mission's Supplemental Submissions: paragraph 4; paragraph 15; paragraph 21; and paragraph 44.	T	
U	<sup>3</sup> The Com	mission's Supplemental Submissions: paragraph 7, paragraph 20. mission's Supplemental Submissions: paragraph 20: paragraph 30.	U	

A	Confidentiality Agreement in its determination. The issue of the conflict between Mr.	A
В	Choi's role as Xinte's advisor and his assistance to LR Capital was always the	В
	Commission's case. The Confidentiality Agreement was merely another piece of evidence	
C	relevant to that issue.	C
D	Prejudice	D
E	25. Mr. Li submitted that there was no merit in the complaint that Mr. Choi	E
F	would suffer prejudice if reliance was placed on the Confidentiality Agreement. The	F
	confidential nature of the term sheet and the draft SPA was never disputed. The existence	
G	of the Confidentiality Agreement was in evidence. The only new development was that the	G
Н	provision of the document established the terms of the Confidentiality Agreement.	Н
11	The Tribunal's own initiative	11
I	The Tribunai S Own initiative	I
	26. Mr. Li submitted that it lay within the Tribunal's jurisdiction and remit on	
J	its own initiative to "consider, refer to, and/or rely on the existence and contents of the	J
TZ	Confidential Agreement in its determination." If the Tribunal did so, that would not afford	V
K	a basis for Mr. Choi to adduce Madam Guo Junxiang's witness statement into evidence.	K
L	Only one part of the witness statement dealt with the uncontroversial fact that the parties	L
	had executed the Confidentiality Agreement of 24 August 2014. The rest of the statement	
M	was, "in reality an application to adduce fresh post-hearing evidence which has nothing	M
	to do with the contents of the Confidentiality Agreement."	
N		N
0	The Applicant's Reply Submissions	o
_	27. In the Applicant's Reply Submissions, dated 28 June 2023, it was submitted	_
P	that, given that the Commission did not rely on the Confidentiality Agreement, "the	P
Q	review jurisdiction of the Tribunal does not permit it to place weight" on that document.	Q
*		· ·
R	A consideration of the submissions	R
S	28. As is readily apparent from the nature of the objections made on behalf Mr.	S
TT.	Choi to the Tribunal placing "any weight, reference or reliance" on the Confidentiality	<b></b>
T	Agreement, and having regard to the chronology of events set out earlier, it is clear that	Т
U		U

V

 $\mathbf{V}$ 

A	objection could have been taken to the process initiated by the Tribunal at the outset on	A
В	3 March 2023. That was not done.	В
C	29. I am satisfied that the Confidentiality Agreement is relevant to the	C
D	Tribunal's considerations. It is clearly intimately linked to the Engagement Letter, dated 19 March 2015. The fact that the Confidentiality Agreement was not amongst the material	D
E	sought and obtained in the responses by UBS to the multiple Notices served on UBS appears to have been overlooked by the Commission. The Engagement Letter, dated 19	E
F	March 2015, was provided to the Commission by UBS in a response, dated 3 August 2018. <sup>5</sup>	F
G	That, was in response to a specific request for that document in a Notice, dated 24 July 2018. The obvious relevance of the Confidentiality Agreement to the confidentiality clause	G
Н	in the Engagement Letter was readily apparent. Of course, UBS was a party to both the Confidentiality Agreement and the Engagement Letter.	Н
I		I
J	30. I am satisfied that the Tribunal has jurisdiction to receive and consider the document and that the Tribunal has power to do so, and to do so on its own initiative.	J
K	Nevertheless, having regard to the strident objections made in the	K
L	submissions on behalf of Mr. Choi, together with the repeated statements made in submissions on behalf of the Commission that the Commission has not relied on and does	L
M	not propose to rely on the Confidentiality Agreement, in conjunction with the Commission's specific submission that it does not invite the Tribunal to rely on the	M
N	Confidentiality Agreement, in my judgement it would not be appropriate for the Tribunal to "receive and consider" the Confidentiality Agreement, as provided by sections 219(1)(a)	N
0	of the Ordinance. For the avoidance of any doubt, given that the Tribunal has been provided	o
P	with a copy of the Confidentiality Agreement by Xinte, the Tribunal will not give any weight to or place any reliance on that document at all.	P
Q	32. In light of that determination, the contingent application to adduce the	Q
R	witness statement of Madam Guo Junxiang falls away.	R
S		S
Т		Т
<b>T</b> T	<sup>5</sup> Bundle 2, page 626 at A. 1) and Bundle 3; pages 1191-1209, at page 1199 clause 2 (b).	**

U

U

A	Costs	A
В		В
	33. Given that no application has been made in fact on behalf of Mr. Choi to	•
C D	adduce the witness statement, there is no merit in Mr. Li's submission that the Tribunal should "dismiss Choi's application to adduce Guo WS with costs."	C D
	34. Having regard to the fact that the submissions of the parties resulted from	
E	the initiative of the Tribunal itself, in my judgement it is appropriate to make no order as	E
F	to costs.	F
G		G
Н		Н
1	1.18	,
	Minhael Runn	
J	Mr. Michael Lunn, GBS	J
K	(Chairman)	K
L	Mr. Paul Shieh, SC and Mr. José Maurellet, SC, leading Mr. James Man, Mr. Keith Chan and Mr. Cedric Yeung, instructed by Jingtian & Gongcheng LLP,	L
M	for the Applicant	N
N	Mr. Laurence Li, SC, leading Mr. John Leung and Mr. Jonathan Fung, instructed by the SFC, for the Respondent.	N
0		C
P		P
Q		Ç
R		R
S		S
Т		Т